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62.47

# ADAMS'

## TESTED SEEDS

QUALITY

SERVICE

1882-1927

INDEXED

EARLY WONDER  
BEET



EARLY  
MAYFLOWER  
CORN

GOLDEN  
BANTAM  
CORN

### T. LEE ADAMS SEED CO.

417 WALNUT ST. KANSAS CITY, MO.

D. W. Shaeffer

# Special Notice

We make a specialty of supplying Market and Home Gardeners with the best strains of seeds that can be produced. We handle absolutely nothing that we do not believe to be the best obtainable. We do not claim to compete in prices with irresponsible parties, whose sole effort is to secure the lowest priced seeds, regardless of quality; such seeds are not cheap, but dear at any price. The first cost of seeds is insignificant, compared with time and labor that must be expended upon a growing crop. Quality is our first consideration, and the prices we offer are as low as first-class seeds can be sold for. It is our endeavor to maintain the prices quoted in this Catalogue throughout the season, but they are subject to change without notice.

## Our "Buyer Be Pleased" Policy

Our policy is actuated by the personal interest we have in the results you get from our goods. Ordering seeds, fertilizer, or anything else purely on what the other fellow says is taking some risk, since it is impossible to know the results. There must be a connecting link of confidence. Therein lies our personal interest in your success. There are many conditions over which the buyer or seller has no control, but we want you to know that it is our aim and desire to please every customer. The satisfied patron is the best advertisement. This is the personal element in our definite policy—your guarantee for fair dealing.

## How to Order and Remit—Read Carefully

Use the order sheet in Catalogue if possible. Write your name, post-office, shipping point or nearest express office, your county and State.

**PREPAID ORDERS:**—We prepay postage on all vegetable and flower seeds, in packets, ounces, quarter pounds, half pounds and pounds, at prices quoted herein, to any point in the UNITED STATES, when CASH accompanies the order. This does not include these same articles as quoted in FIVE or TEN POUND lots. For such orders consult Parcel Post Rates below.

We do not prepay postage on Beans, Corn and Peas only at prices quoted in catalog. Neither do we prepay postage on Farm Seeds, Onion Sets, Potatoes, Bulbs, Fertilizers, etc. If wanted by Parcel Post, add postage. See postal rates below.

The postage rate to CANADA, SOUTH AMERICA and the WEST INDIES is 12 cents per pound.

**BULK ORDERS OF SMALL SEEDS:**—WE WILL PAY the FREIGHT or EXPRESS CHARGES, our option, to your nearest Railroad Station to any point in the UNITED STATES on all orders amounting to TEN DOLLARS or more, provided the order is for SMALL SEEDS only, when cash accompanies order. This does not include PEAS, BEANS, CORN, POTATOES, ONION SETS, CLOVER SEED, GRASS SEED, VETCH, RAPE, IMPLEMENTS, FERTILIZERS, INSECTICIDES, BULBS, COW PEAS or GRAIN of any kind which are shipped at purchaser's expense. If there is only a slight difference between freight and express charges, we will send by EXPRESS. Remittances should be made by POSTAL MONEY ORDER, EXPRESS MONEY ORDER, CERTIFIED CHECK, or by REGISTERED LETTER.

**C. O. D. ORDERS:**—If goods are to be sent C. O. D. or SIGHT DRAFT BILL OF LADING ATTACHED, 25 per cent. of the amount must accompany the order.

Parties buying large quantities will be quoted special prices on application. Ask for Market Gardeners wholesale price list.

All prices are Net, and are made subject to market changes and prior sale.

## Parcel Post Rate

**WEIGHT LIMIT:**—The weight limit in first, second and third zones is 70 lbs., in all other zones 50 lbs. Shipments of 20 lbs. or over are cheaper if sent by Express beyond the third zone.

### DOMESTIC PARCEL POST RATES WITHIN U. S. FROM KANSAS CITY, MO.

	First Pound or Fraction	Each Additional Pound or Fraction
First Zone, within 50 miles of Kansas City.....	7c	1c
Second Zone, within 50-150 miles of Kansas City.....	7c	1c
Third Zone, within 150-300 miles of Kansas City.....	7c	2c
Fourth Zone, within 300-600 miles of Kansas City.....	9c	4c
Fifth Zone, within 600-1000 miles of Kansas City.....	10c	6c
Sixth Zone, within 1000-1400 miles of Kansas City.....	11c	8c
Seventh Zone, within 1400-1800 miles of Kansas City.....	13c	10c
Eighth Zone, all over 1800 miles of Kansas City.....	14c	12c

If in doubt obtain your zone rate from your Postmaster. Express and freight rates are cheaper in large quantities. We make no charge for delivery to depot or express office. Bags are charged at cost.

# T. LEE ADAMS SEED COMPANY

Local and Long Distance Telephone Victor 8404

417 Walnut Street

Kansas City, Missouri



# T. Lee Adams Seed Company

**Write Your Name and Address Plainly On Each Order**

Ship How { Mail ☐  
Express ☐ We give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any Seeds, Bulbs or  
Freight ☐ Plants we send out, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crop.

**WE DELIVER FREE** to any Post Office or Express Office in the United States all Flower and Vegetable Seeds and Bulbs at prices quoted in this catalogue, except as otherwise stated. (See inside front cover page.)

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## ORDER SHEET—T. LEE ADAMS SEED COMPANY

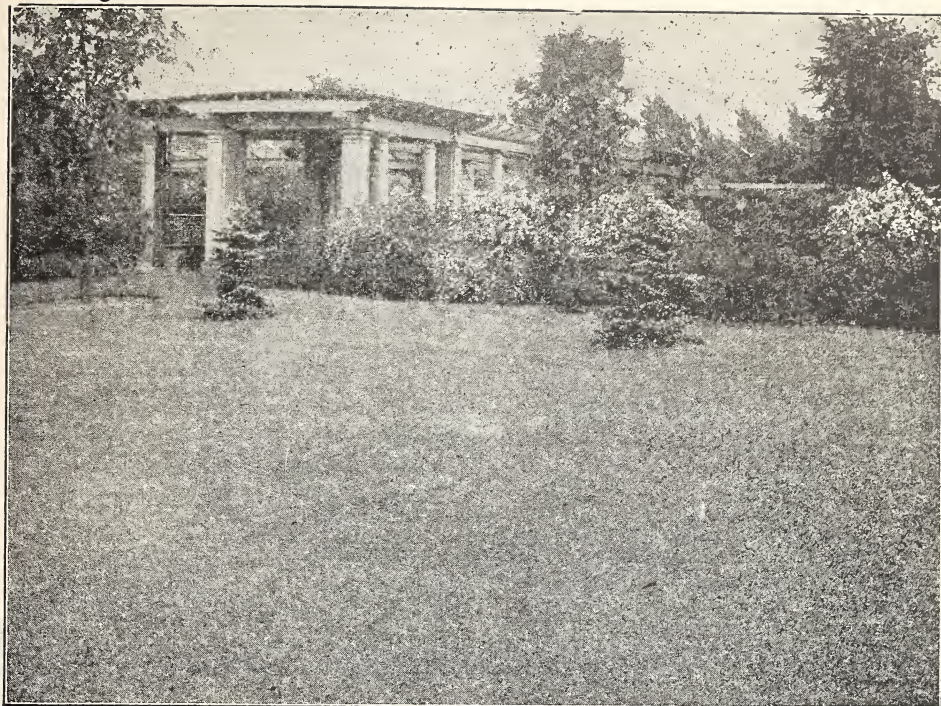
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GIVE BELOW NAMES OF FRIENDS YOU THINK MIGHT BE INTERESTED IN HAVING  
OUR CATALOGUE, AND WE WILL SEND THEM A COPY.

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ADDITIONAL ORDER SHEETS FURNISHED ON APPLICATION





## LAWN GRASS SEEDS

Prices on Grass Seeds subject to change. The pound prices do not include postage; 100 pound prices are by freight or express, at purchaser's expense.

The essentials for a fine lawn are: First, a rich, well drained soil; second, careful preparation of the ground, making it as fine and smooth and mellow as possible; third, a wise selection of seeds; fourth, sowing at such a time as to give the young plants a chance to become well established before being subjected to very dry or cold weather or to the direct rays of the hot summer sun. However much care is bestowed on the soil and seed, no lawn will be beautiful without frequent mowing and rolling. Too much care cannot be bestowed upon the selection of grasses, as some varieties are the most luxuriant in spring, others in summer, others again in autumn and a combination of the proper sorts is required for a perfect, carpet-like lawn. It may be planted early in spring or fall and should be sown at the rate of sixty to one hundred pounds per acre. If sown in the spring, sow as early as possible, making the surface very fine and smooth, then raking it over and sowing the seed just before a rain which, if the surface has just been raked, will cover the seed sufficiently. For fall seeding sow before the autumn rains and early enough to enable the young grass to become well established before very cold weather, when a light dressing of sheep manure should be given.

**QUANTITIES TO USE**—1 lb. for 300 square feet; 10 lbs. for 3,000 square feet; 20 lbs. for one-fourth acre; 40 lbs. for one-half acre; 75 lbs. for one acre. If intended to sow an old lawn about one-half of the above quantities are sufficient for the spaces given.

**SPECIAL MIXTURES**—We are at all times prepared to make up special mixtures of grasses for golf courses, ball grounds, polo grounds, parks, etc. We will be glad to figure with committees and give what information regarding the sowing of any plot of ground under prevailing conditions.

**KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS** (*Poa-pratensis*) **Fancy Clean**—Kentucky Blue Grass is the most nutritious, hardy and valuable of all northern grasses. Sown with White Clover it forms a splendid lawn; for this purpose use not less than fifty-four pounds of Blue Grass and six pounds of White Clover per acre. If sown by itself for meadow or pasture use about twenty-eight pounds per acre. 1 lb., 40c; 3 lbs., \$1.10; for larger lots inquire for prices.

### Adams' "Evergreen" Lawn Grass

This special mixture produces beautiful and permanent lawns. It is made from our own formula and composed of grasses which are adapted for the purpose of producing turf which retains its rich green color and velvety appearance

throughout the entire summer and fall. In making up this brand we are careful to use seed that has been thoroughly re-cleaned. 1 lb., 60c; 3 lbs., \$1.75.

### Shady Place Grass

Usually it is quite difficult to obtain a satisfactory growth of grass under trees and in shady places. For sowing in such places we recommend the use of this special mixture. It will quickly produce an abundant and even growth of beautiful green grass. The grasses used in making this special mixture are only those that are well adapted for growing in shade, and as it blends well with our regular Lawn Grass Mixtures, it may be used on those portions of the lawn which are shaded by trees, buildings, etc., thus covering the whole area with a rich green sward. 1 lb., 45c; 3 lbs. for \$1.25.

### White Dutch Clover Seed

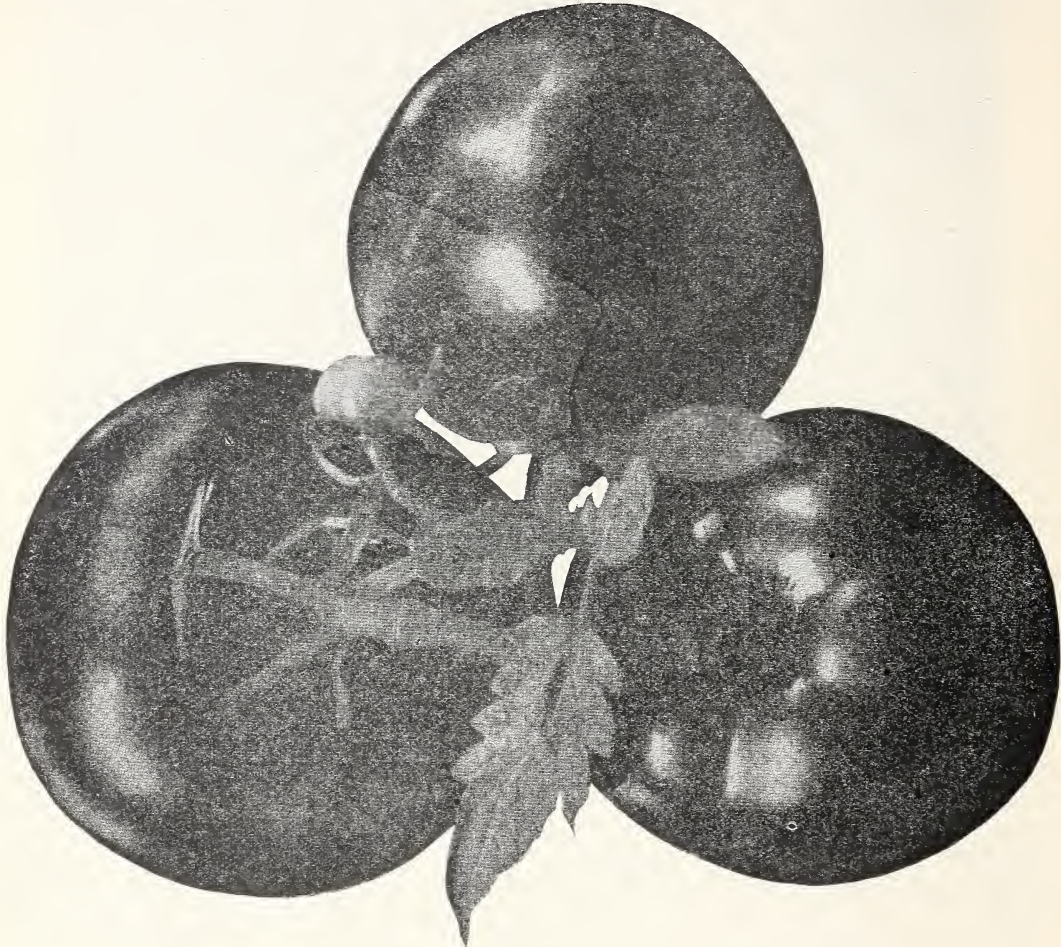
Excellent for use on lawns; forms a close herbage and remains green throughout the season. We furnish the choicest grade of seed. 1 lb. 50c.

**LAWN AND GARDEN — FERTILIZERS** — See pages 57 and 58 for quantity and use.

**MOLES**—If you are troubled with these pests we will gladly send a positive recipe for their riddance.



# ADAMS' SEED SPECIALTIES FOR 1927



ADAMS' PURPLE KING

## A NEW TOMATO

**"PURPLE KING"**—A new Tomato developed particularly for the Southern and California trucker. It is a purple tomato. We have given it a thorough trial and find it is truly the king of purple varieties. It is only a trifle later than Bonny Best. The vines are wonderfully vigorous and withstand the blight well. The fruits are of good size, smooth, free from cracks, with little depression at the stem. It is of a deep purple-pink color and ripens well about the stem. The round or globe-shaped fruits are excellent for packing and the firm skin and solid meat hold up under shipping. Market gardeners should not miss this. In our trials it appeared the most attractive of the purple sorts for home garden use. Pkt., 25c; oz., 90c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$3.00.

## ADAMS' EXCELSIOR TOMATO

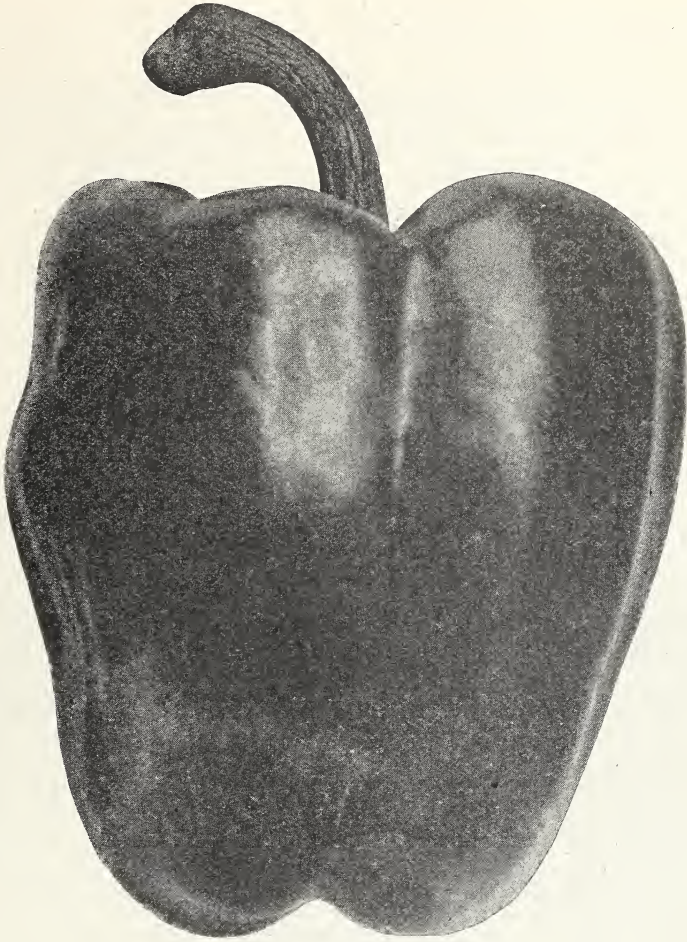
This new extra early, scarlet fruited variety, which we offered two years ago for the first time, is the result of several years of careful breeding. We consider it is the most desirable variety of its class.

The fruits are large for so early a variety, round or slightly flattened, of deep scarlet color, smooth, free from cracks and of good quality. It produces ripe fruit earlier than the best strains of Earliana and will outyield that variety in both the first and subsequent pickings. The fruits are of more desirable shape, more free from cracks and show less green about stem than any other extra early variety. Pkt., 25c; oz., 65c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$2.00.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## ADAMS' SEED SPECIALTIES FOR 1927



### WORLD BEATER

**WORLDBEATER OR GOLIATH**—This is, without doubt, the finest introduction of peppers in ages. It is a cross between Chinese Giant and Ruby King, having the shape of the Ruby King, except that it is broader at the pointed end and almost the size of the Chinese Giant. It is far more prolific than Chinese Giant, some plants producing as high as twenty-four marketable peppers, and it is fully as early as Ruby King. It is exceptionally mild and can be sliced and eaten raw without any fear of burning. Color of fruit green at first, turning to a beautiful shade of scarlet. The flesh is thick, which enables it to hold up a long time and makes it an excellent shipper. Pkt., 15c; oz., 60c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$2.00.

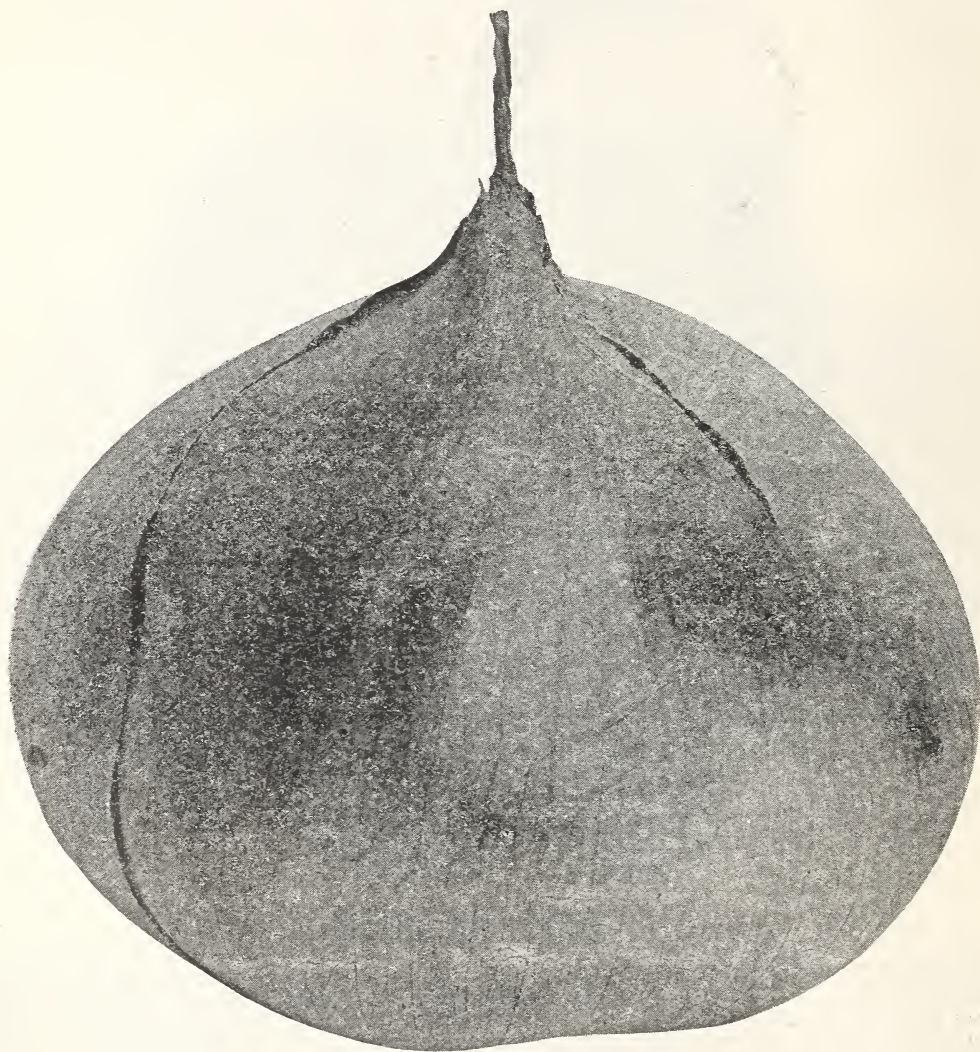
**ROYAL KING**—Royal King is very thick-meated, averaging about as thick again as the old type of Ruby King and others of the Bell type. It is perfectly sweet and free from pungency; a heavy bearer and a good shipper. One party says: "We have grown and shipped thousands of bushels of this Pepper in the past and could often make sales of it in markets that were glutted with other sorts." Pkt., 15c; oz., 60c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$2.00, postpaid.

### HARRIS' EARLIEST GIANT PEPPER

**HARRIS' EARLIEST GIANT PEPPER**—Introduced by the Joseph Harris Company a few years ago. Really a novelty in peppers and yet a real acquisition. The plant is of very dwarf, compact growth and is usually so loaded with fruit that it is a marvel the plant can support it. We have counted as high as eighteen fruits on a plant growing but 18 inches in height. The peppers are of good form, about 4 inches long, 2 to 2½ inches in diameter, and very mild and sweet. The Harris' Earliest Giant is the earliest variety we are acquainted with and for early market cannot be equalled. Pkt., 15c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 60c; 1 oz., \$1.00.



## ADAMS' SEED SPECIALTIES FOR 1927



### RIVERSIDE SWEET SPANISH

Circumference 17 $\frac{1}{4}$  inches. Diameter 5 $\frac{3}{8}$  inches. Weight 2 lbs. 7 ozs.

**RIVERSIDE SWEET SPANISH**—The above picture will give you a general idea of the shape of this onion. The color is a light straw, somewhat like the true Denia. It is a much better color and shape than the Prizetaker onion. It is a rapid grower and if you plant the seed in hot beds and then transplant them you will get a larger onion. This seed should not be planted too close, two to two and a half pounds to the acre should be right. The size should average about four inches in diameter, some of course being much larger as you note by the picture. As many as 600 sacks (100 lbs. to sack) have been produced from an acre. It is a very hardy onion, firm meat and mild. Keeping qualities are about the same as Prizetaker. Packet, 20c; ounce, 50c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$5.00 prepaid.



# ADAMS' SEED SPECIALTIES FOR 1927

## H. B. OR HALE'S BEST CANTALOUPE



**H. B. OR HALE'S BEST CANTALOUPE**—Earliest of the good shippers. This variety took the market by storm in 1925 and growers who were fortunate enough to make heavy plantings made thousands of dollars. Many sold more than five hundred dollars' worth of cantaloupes per acre. This year another good record was made.

Extremely early, good eating quality and a fine shipper. Size slightly larger than the older Rocky Ford types are the reason of its success.

The H. B. Melon is oblong; weighs about three pounds each; heavily netted; flesh deep, fine grained, reddish salmon and very firm.

H. B. Cantaloupe is recommended to all growers whether for long distance shipping, local or roadside markets or for the home garden. Prices: Pkt., 15c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00. Prepaid.

## GOLDEN ACRE CABBAGE

**THE GOLDEN ACRE** resembles the Copenhagen Market, as the head is perfectly round, and the leaves saucer shaped. Yet it is quite distinct.

**THE GOLDEN ACRE** matures 10 days earlier than Copenhagen Market Cabbage and our stock of the latter is generally conceded to be as early as it was when introduced. **THE GOLDEN ACRE** begins to form head as soon as the leaves have reached the size of a saucer and the growth may be observed almost from day to day. It matures in only eighty (80) days from date of sowing, and no other cabbage of which we know—including the earliest strain of Jersey Wakefield—has proven as early. We believe it to be the earliest cabbage in existence.

As the head becomes large the leaves draw away from it, exposing it. This the leaves do because of lacking a petiole, and they are round of shape for the same reason. The head measures nine inches in diameter, or just a little less than the Copenhagen Market. The average weight is five pounds, which is a very desirable size. The plant has only a dozen leaves and occupies a space of only twenty inches. The stalk is 1¼ inches high. Pkt., 25c; ½ oz., 60c; 1 oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.75; 1 lb., \$10.00, prepaid.

## ADAMS' SPECIAL CUCUMBER

This special strain, developed over a period of years for critical market garden trade, has outstanding merits as a main crop Cucumber. First, it is a good shipper and will hold its color and firmness when handled over long distances. Second, it has a very attractive deep green color, being the darkest green Cucumber that we know on the market today. Third, it is uniform in length, running from 8 to 10 inches, and smooth in appearance, having very few white spines. On account of its small seed pockets it is of excellent quality for slicing. In fact these superior qualities make this variety deservedly popular and it is increasingly in demand. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00, prepaid.

# GARDEN SEEDS BY MAIL

## ASPARAGUS

### Market Gardeners

And those using large quantities of seed should send us a list of their requirements. Prices will be furnished promptly, and we can frequently make a substantial reduction on large orders.

**FREE OF POSTAGE OR EXPRESS CHARGES.** Packets, Ounces, Two Ounces, Quarter Pounds or Pounds, ordered at list prices, will be sent free by mail or express.

Prices on all varieties of Asparagus except Washington: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 75c, postpaid.

### Asparagus

**CULTURE**—Beds are usually formed by setting roots. If you wish to grow plants from seed yourself, sow in spring in drills about eighteen inches apart and one inch deep. Planting fifteen or twenty seeds to each foot of row. Transplant same the next spring. If planted from roots, plant in rows eighteen inches apart eight inches deep and rows three and one-half feet apart.

**COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE**—A distinct variety, producing shoots which are white and remain so long as fit for use. Vigorous and robust in habit; grows large shoots. Needs no earthing up.

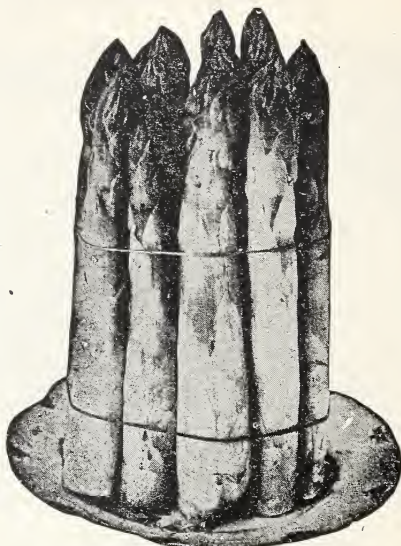
**GIANT EARLY ARGENTEUIL**—A splendid early French variety of large size and green in color; excellent flavor.

**PALMETTO**—Large, dark green variety of vigorous growth, having pointed tips. Early.

**CONOVER'S COLOSSAL**—Large and rapid grower of excellent quality; color, green.

**ASPARAGUS ROOTS**—Can supply two-year old roots of above varieties except Washington, 15c doz., \$1.25 per 100, \$8.50 per 1,000, at express office here.

If you grow Asparagus for the market, rubber bands are a necessity. For description and prices see page 60.



MARY WASHINGTON

Mary Washington Asparagus is a rust-resistant, vigorous, high yielding strain of giant Asparagus. The plants are the best found in a ten years' search among millions of plants tested. By best, we mean the ones that have produced offspring, uniform, rust-resistant, high yielding, of large size and rapid growth, all of which qualities indicate tenderness. A more uniform type has not been seen among other so-called varieties that were in any degree rust-resistant. Price of seed postpaid: 1 oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1 00; 1 lb., \$3.00. Price of roots, postpaid, 1 doz., 50c; 50 roots, \$1.50; 100, \$2.50; 1,000, \$15.00 not Prepaid.

## BEANS

### Dwarf or Bush—Green Podded

Prices on all varieties of Bush and Pole Beans except where noted: Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c, POSTPAID.

**CULTURE OF BEANS**—Beans are very sensitive to both cold and wet and it is useless to plant them before the ground is dry and warm. Plant in drills four inches apart, about two inches deep. Making the rows about two feet apart. Cultivation should always be very shallow up to the time of blossoming.

**BOUNTIFUL STRINGLESS**—Flat Pod—A "Long Yellow Six Weeks," improved by earlier growth, hardness, and more prolific yield. The plant is very handsome and of sturdy growth, being practically immune to rust and mildew. It is very hardy, early and prolific and continues in bearing for several weeks. The pods are of immense size, rich green, thick, broad, extra long, solid, meaty, rich, tender and entirely free from string.

**BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD**—Is the first stringless green-pod dwarf bean in cultivation. It surpasses all others in crisp, tender flavor, and is also very prolific. The pods are ready to market one week earlier than Red Valentine.

**BLACK VALENTINE**—A great improvement over the popular Red Valentine, the pods being perfectly round and straight, though not quite

so early. It will withstand early and late frosts. Owing to the enormous yielding qualities and handsome appearance, it is a desirable sort for the market gardener.

**EXTRA EARLY ROUND RED VALENTINE**—This is one of the very best Snap Beans, being very early and of first-class quality. The pods are round, fleshy, crisp and tender. Very productive. The best Early Green Bean for the market gardener or private grower.

**GIANT STRINGLESS**—The Improved Valentine has for a long time been a very popular bean among market gardeners as well as those growing for their own table. In this new variety we have all the good points of the parent with some marked improvements. The pods, producing abundantly, are considerably larger, are round, full, fleshy and brittle.

**FORDHOOK FAVORITE**—This new variety resembles Burpee's Stringless Green Pod in every respect, with the exception that the seeds are white. The seed resembles a White Marrow, and if green beans are not selling at a paying price they can be allowed to dry and sold for winter shell beans.

**FULL MEASURE**—One of the best second early round podded sorts of recent introduction. The pods are long, of a bright green color, entirely stringless, and slightly irregular in shape. Very prolific and of excellent quality.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## LIMA BEANS—(DWARF BUSH)

**CULTURE**—Plant in light rich soil in drills two feet apart, dropping seed 3 to 4 inches apart in the row and cover three inches.

**FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA**—Similar to Burpee's Bush Lima except in size and are far greater producers, the blossom-bearing stalks are thrown well out of the foliage, and are ready for picking a full week earlier. Meat is of a very appetizing flavor. Whether you grow for home use or market, it will pay you to devote a good share of your garden to this "King" of all Limas. We wish we had space to devote to the many flattering reports received regarding this wonderful variety. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c, postpaid.

**HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA**—A famous variety, grows in compact bush form, and produces enormous yields of truly delicious Lima Beans, yielding a continuous crop from July until frost appears. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c, postpaid.

**BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA**—A true bush form, growing 18 to 20 inches high; an immense yielding variety, each bush being laden down with very large beans of luscious flavor. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c, postpaid.

## BEANS—DWARF OR BUSH

### *Wax—Podded Varieties*

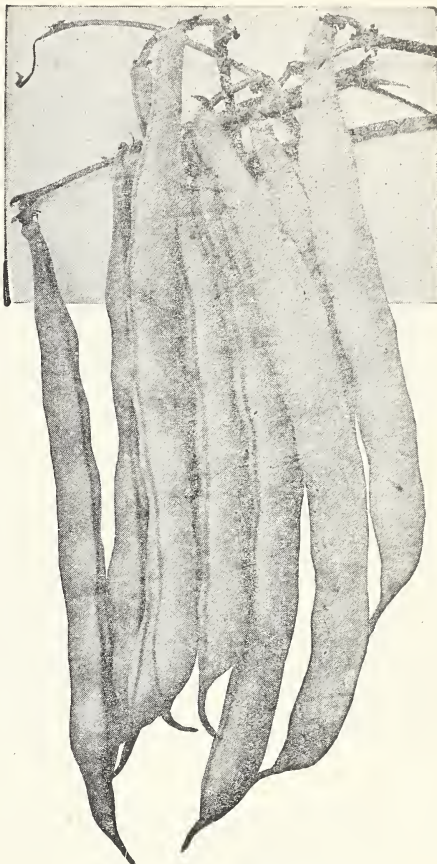
**PROLIFIC BLACK WAX, BLACK SEEDED**—This improved strain of Black Wax we offer under this name is exceptionally productive, very hardy, reliable and of the best quality. It is very extensively used for snaps for the home garden and market. The plants are medium sized, erect in growth, with small foliage, very vigorous, early intermediate in season with longer bearing period than most sorts. The pods are of medium length, four and one-fourth to four and one-half inches, borne well up from the ground, curved, cylindrical and fleshy. They are of a clear, light golden yellow color and remain a long time in condition for use as snaps. Seed small, oblong, jet black.

**PENCIL POD WAX**—This very handsome black wax sort is medium early, fairly hardy and productive. It is one of the very best sorts for home use and for near markets where highest quality is desired. The plants are strong growing with roughened leaves. The pods are long, five and one-half to six inches, straight, round, fleshy and of a bright yellow color. They are tender, absolutely stringless and are produced through a long season. Seed long, round, medium sized, solid black.

**CURRIE'S RUST PROOF WAX**—It has been claimed that this variety, usually midseason but sometimes earlier maturing, is absolutely rust proof and we have found it as nearly rust proof as any wax podded bean. The plants are very vigorous, hardy and productive. The pods are light yellow, similar in shape to Golden Wax but longer, about five and one-half to six inches in length. Seed long, oval, rounded at ends, medium sized, purplish black. This is a well known market gardening and truckers' sort in some sections.

**DWARF UNRIVALED WAX**—The pods of this dwarf variety are longer than Golden Wax and a little lighter in color, are rather narrow and somewhat flattened but fleshy, and when in proper condition for use are very attractive on the market. This variety usually matures soon after our Golden Wax and is sometimes as early. The plants are large and vigorous with leaves similar to Golden Wax in color and shape, but are a little larger. The pods when well grown are borne in abundance well up from the ground. Seed small, flat, slightly kidney shaped; color ochre-brown. This sort is suitable for market gardeners and is also used for the home garden.

**WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX**—This standard variety, maturing a little later than Golden Wax, yields a large crop of long, nearly straight, broad, light golden yellow, handsome pods. These are of large size, about six inches long, and are of good quality. They always command a ready sale, making the variety one of the most profitable for the market gardener as well



DWARF UNRIVALED WAX

as shipper. This is also very extensively used for snaps for the home garden. The plants are strong growing and bear their long pods well up from the ground. The leaves are large, broad and slightly roughened. Seed large, flattened, kidney shaped, white with dark markings about the eye.

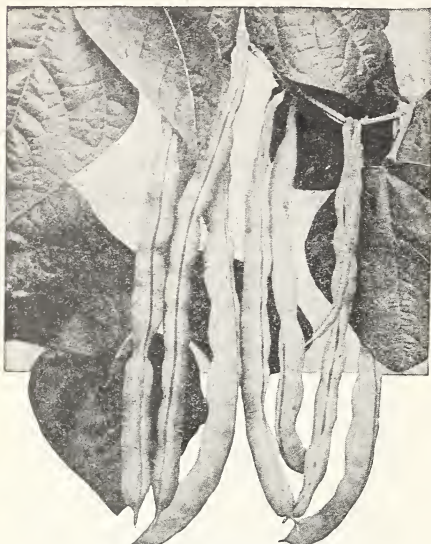
**WEBBER WAX**—A high quality, flat podded, stringless variety of the season of Wardwell's Kidney Wax. Pods 6 to 6½ inches long, quite broad and uniformly curved, fleshy, stringless and brittle, with little fiber. Plant vigorous and productive. Color of pod is a decided bright yellow. Seed yellow, kidney shaped.

**DAVIS WAX**—This is also called Davis White Kidney Wax. It is a well known market sort, much used for shipping. The plants are very hardy, productive and vigorous. The pods are remarkably long, about six inches, sometimes longer. They are handsome, light yellow, straight, very attractive and when young are crisp and tender. The dry beans are excellent for baking. Seed medium large, kidney shaped, clear white.

**IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX**—Extended and careful tests have convinced us that none of the so-called improved strains is equal in general excellence to the seed we offer, which has all been carefully selected. Early, very productive. Vines erect, compact, bearing the pods well up from the ground. Pods of medium length, four and one-half to five inches, nearly straight, broad, flat, golden yellow, very fleshy and wax-like; cooking quickly as snaps, shelling well when green, and of the highest quality used in either way.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.

## BEANS-POLE OR RUNNING



KENTUCKY WONDER

**CULTURE**—A warm, sandy loam, enriched with well-rotted stable or poultry manure is best. Beans must not be sown until the ground is warm and dry. Plant 3 to 4 beans to a hill 3 inches deep. When well started, thin to 2 plants. Use 1 quart to 200 hills, 10 to 16 quarts to the acre. Plant lima beans 4 to 6 beans to a hill, 3 inches deep. When well started, thin to 2 plants.

**KING OF THE GARDEN LIMA**—One of the largest and most prolific pole beans in cultivation, being a continuous bloomer and bearer to the end of the season.

**LARGE WHITE LIMA OR BUTTER**—Rich and finest flavor and estimated to be the best of pole beans.

**SMALL WHITE LIMA, CAROLINA OR SIEVA**—This very early and reliable small seeded pole lima is especially adapted for planting in the south. The leaves are small, smooth, stiff, glossy dark green. The pods are dark green, short, about three inches, curved, flat. Seed small, flat, white with slight tinge of yellow. This is sometimes called Sewee. It is the most generally known "butter bean" of the south.

**KENTUCKY WONDER**—Also known as Old Homestead. We believe this variety is the most useful of the green podded pole beans suitable for use as snaps. It is an early, very prolific sort, with showy pods which are of most excellent quality. The pods are medium light green, very long, often reaching 9 or 10 inches, nearly round and very crisp when young, becoming very irregular as the beans ripen.

**KENTUCKY WONDER WAX**—This remarkable vigorous growing, wax podded pole bean is very similar to the green podded Kentucky Wonder, but the very long pods are a little broader, very fleshy and quite stringless as snaps. The mature pods are often 8 to 9 inches in length. Seed medium size, oval, flattened, very irregular, dark brown. The seed even from the most matured crops is usually somewhat shriveled in appearance. Its earliness and hardness commend it as a pole bean well adapted even for Northern latitudes.

**LAZY WIFE**—The pods are produced in great abundance and measure from 6 to 8 inches in length; they are broad, thick, very fleshy and entirely stringless. The pods retain their rich, tender and stringless qualities until nearly ripe, and are unsurpassed in all stages. Each pod contains from 6 to 8 round, white beans, which make excellent winter shell beans.

**SPECKLED CUT SHORT, or Corn Hill**—An old variety, very popular in the Central and Southern states for planting among corn. It will give a good crop without the use of poles. Vines medium sized, but vigorous, twining loosely with dark colored leaves. Pods short, 3 to 4 inches in length, flat to oval, fleshy and of good quality.

**WHITE KENTUCKY WONDER**—An early maturing green podded, white seeded pole sort desirable for snaps and unsurpassed in its class as green shell beans. The vines are vigorous and very productive. The pods are round, very long, often eight to nine inches, irregular in shape and quite stringless. The beans when shelled green are large, very tender and white, a very desirable feature when comparison is made with the colored beans of other varieties of this class. Seed medium long, oval or well rounded, solid white.

## BEETS FOR TABLE

Prices on all varieties of Garden Beets, except where noted: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c, POSTPAID.

**CULTURE**—For earliest use and market sow seed of any round sort under glass, in February or March, and transplant to open ground in March or April. Seed for main crop may be sown as soon as ground can be put into proper condition. For table beets sow in drills 14 inches apart, and thin to stand 3 to 4 inches apart in the rows. Use one ounce to 100 feet of drill, and cover lightly; 6 to 8 pounds per acre. The round and turnip-shaped beets are best for spring and summer; the half long kinds for winter. Make successional plantings and cultivate freely. Beet tops are much used for greens.

**NUTTING'S EARLY GEM**—This is one of the leaders of the extra-early varieties, making a fine, smooth, spherical-shaped, perfectly smooth root, of a dark red color; is very early, has a small top, and is strongly recommended for forcing. It makes an unusually attractive bunch. The flesh is of a fine red color, tender and sweet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

**ADAMS' EARLY WONDER**—The earliest of any beet in existence. It is of perfect globe shape with small tap roots. The color of the flesh is very dark red, which makes it splendid for pickling purposes. In flavor it cannot be surpassed. It is tender, sweet and juicy, retaining its crispness throughout the season. The foliage is of a very dark color, is very small, permitting close planting. This is one of the best acquisitions of recent years. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00, postpaid. (See cut following page.)

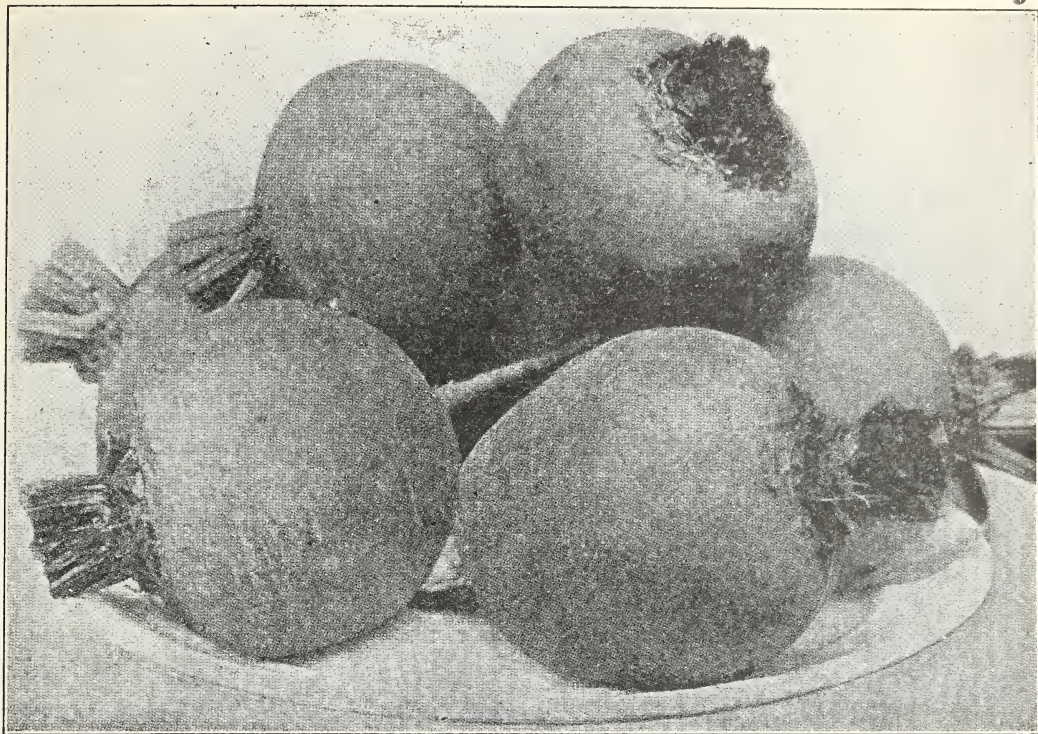
**THE ELECTRIC**—The best second early beet. The Electric is a thoroughbred, remarkably uniform in shape and size with smooth, dark red skin, small leaves and a small tap root. The flesh is fine grained and tender; color, rich red, ringed with dark crimson.

**DETROIT DARK RED**—A choice strain of dark red turnip. Fine globular or oval, smooth roots, with small tops, skin blood red, flesh dark red, zoned with a lighter shade, tender and sweet. Extremely popular for market and canning.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## BEETS FOR TABLE—Continued



ADAMS' EARLY WONDER  
See Description, page 8

**CRIMSON GLOBE**—Skin smooth and form regular. The flesh is a deep purplish crimson, slightly "zoned," sweet and tender. The foliage is small, of a rich bronze-purple.

**EARLY BLOOD TURNIP**—A well-known standard variety, rich, deep blood-red color.

**ECLIPSE**—Has become exceedingly popular for its extreme earliness, possessing all of the qualities requisite in a first-class beet. The roots are bright, glossy red, fine grained and delicious.

**CROSBY'S IMPROVED EGYPTIAN**—The earliest beet in the market, a selection from the old market beet. Early Egyptian, retains the earliness of the parent stock, and has added thickness, giving it a more desirable shape; it is the deepest red, almost black in color and of finer quality than the Egyptian, being sweeter and even more tender and smooth. The most desirable sort of small beets for early market.

**EDMANDS EARLY**—The beets are of round form, very smooth, extra early, and of good marketable size. Skin and flesh deep blood-red; extremely tender.

**DEWING'S IMPROVED**—Quite early, round, turnip-shaped, of good size, with deeply colored flesh.

**LONG SMOOTH BLOOD**—An excellent late variety.

**HALF LONG BLOOD**—The roots are about one-half as long as Long Blood, but on account of their thickness, weigh quite as much. Always smooth, very sweet, crisp, tender, never becoming woody, even portions above ground; we consider this is the most valuable sort of recent introduction.

**SWISS CHARD** (Sea Kale Beet)—This variety of beet is grown exclusively for the numerous, fleshy, tender leaves and leaf stalks, which are superior to those of other beets for use as greens. Later in the season the wax-like leaf stems are cooked like asparagus or are pickled. It is well worthy of a place in the home garden as well as for market use. Swiss Chard is sometimes called Leaf Beet, Spinach Beet and Silver Beet.

## MANGEL AND SUGAR BEETS

Prices on all Stock and Sugar Beets: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 25c; 1 lb., 60c, Postpaid.

**CULTURE**—Sow in the early spring as soon as seed bed can be put in proper condition, in drills 2 to 3 feet apart. Cover the seed with 1 inch of soil and thin to stand about 8 to 12 inches apart in the rows. Use 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill, 5 to 6 pounds per acre. A light loamy soil is best. Cultivate frequently. Keep free from weeds.

**MAMMOTH LONG RED**—A celebrated variety, sometimes called Jumbo. A very heavy cropper growing enormous in size, but of fine texture and quality.

**GIANT HALF-SUGAR ROSE**—Very large, smooth, and clean, of oval shape. The skin is rose-white with a deeper rose-colored top. The flesh is white, sweet and of high nutritive value. A heavy cropper.

**VILMORIN'S SUGAR**—A variety out of which much sugar has been made abroad; skin a cream color, flesh white; an average of 15 tons can be produced per acre.

**GOLDEN TANKARD**—Very showy, oval in form, flesh white, rich golden skin.

## BROCCOLI

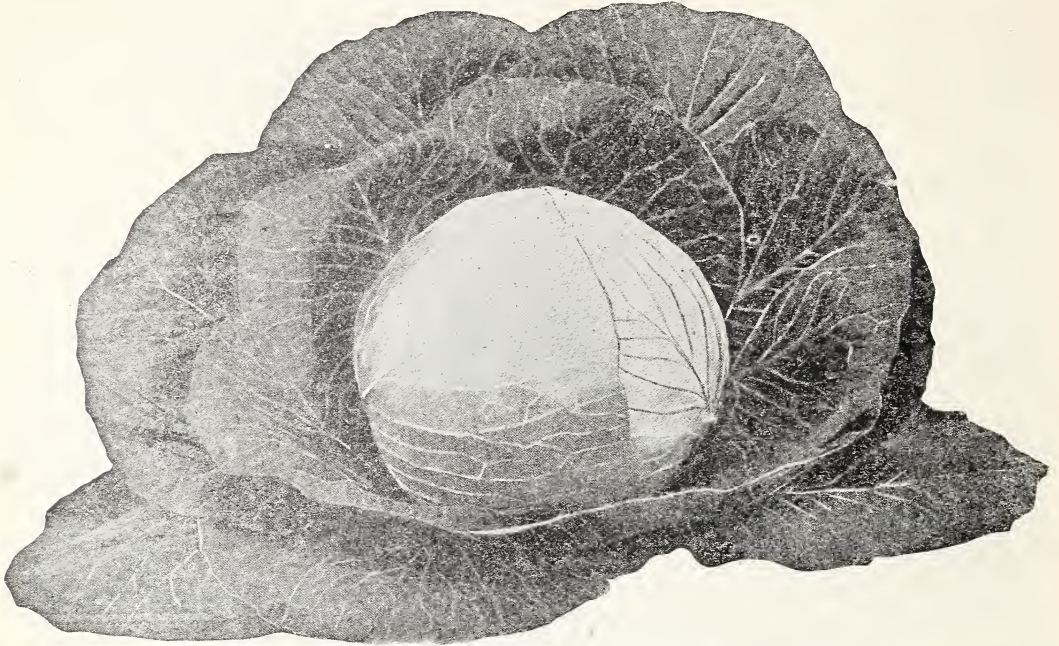
The Broccoli is similar to the Cauliflower. They will produce heads in October and November, and should any plant not be developed enough to use before severe frost, let it be removed to a light cellar, where it will head during the winter. **Packet, 15c, postpaid.**

**BRUSSELS SPROUTS**—Packet, 15c, postpaid.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



# DANISH AND AMERICAN GROWN CABBAGE SEED



## EARLIEST COPENHAGEN MARKET

We import this seed direct from the originators which insures the true type.

**All varieties Cabbage, except where noted:**  
**Packet, 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.00, postpaid.**

**Sow one ounce for 3,000 to 4,000 plants; 4 ounces for one acre.**

**CULTURE**—For plants of the earlier sorts sow seeds in January or February under glass and set out in flats or frames about 2 inches apart each way. Transplant to open ground as soon in spring as the land can be properly prepared. Have the plants in the rows 20 to 24 inches apart, and rows at least 2 feet apart. Give thorough cultivation and irrigate in dry weather if practicable.

## Extra Early Varieties

**COPENHAGEN MARKET (Imported)**—The earliest large, round-headed cabbage offered today. It is as early as Early Jersey Wakefield, heads perfectly round and very solid. It is very compact in habit and can be planted as close as Wakefield. The heads all mature at one time and will stand longer than the Wakefields before bursting. Heads average about eight pounds each. **Packet, 15c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$4.50, postpaid.**

**GOLDEN ACRE**—(See Specialty, page 5.)

**EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD**—The most popular very early cabbage with market gardeners all over the country. It is grown in enormous quantities for shipment to Northern markets. Unequaled for solidity, earliness, uniformity and truiness.

**CHARLESTON LARGE WAKEFIELD**—Larger and later than the above variety. Valuable market sort.

**GLORY OF ENKHUIZEN (Imported)**—This early variety is very sure heading and of excellent quality. The plants are of vigorous growth, with large, rather spreading outer leaves which are noticeably curved and frilled. The heads are globular or very nearly round, very solid and of large size for so early a variety. **Packet, 15c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$4.50.**

## Second and Late Varieties

**EARLY DWARF FLAT DUTCH**—This is a most valuable second early sort, having comparatively few and short leaves. Head large, nearly round, or slightly flattened, very solid and uniform in size and shape.

**HENDERSON'S SUCCESSION**—A very large, flat-headed main crop variety, and excellent in every point. Good for truckers.

**BURPEE'S ALL HEAD**—An excellent variety for family or market garden. Large sized flat shaped heads. Quality very fine.

**HENDERSON'S EARLY SUMMER**—A fine, large, early variety, valuable for market. Heads keep longer without bursting than most of the early varieties.

**ALL SEASONS**—This is a grand second early cabbage, of large size and A No. 1 quality. It is also valuable as a late sort. Larger in size than Early Summer.

**ST. LOUIS MARKET**—This variety originated at St. Louis, where for many years it has been the variety most largely grown. Is now extensively grown for market in nearly every state. It is unquestionably the best large late sort.

**PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH**—This meritorious cabbage is so well known that a description seems unnecessary.

**DANISH BALL HEAD (Short Stemmed)**—This type of winter Cabbage has become very popular of late years on account of its unequalled keeping qualities, as well as for the great solidity and weight of the heads; it is a strong, vigorous grower, "a little leggy" but producing large, round, compact heads, almost as hard as iron, weighing when trimmed fully one-fourth more than any other Cabbage of equal size; in consequence, it keeps in choice condition until spring. For boiling, slaw, sauerkraut, etc., it is unsurpassed, being crisp, tender and sweet.

**Price, 10c pkt., 50c oz., \$1.50 ¼ lb., \$4.50 lb.**

**MAMMOTH ROCK RED**—This is the finest variety of red cabbage, producing fine solid heads of extra good quality.

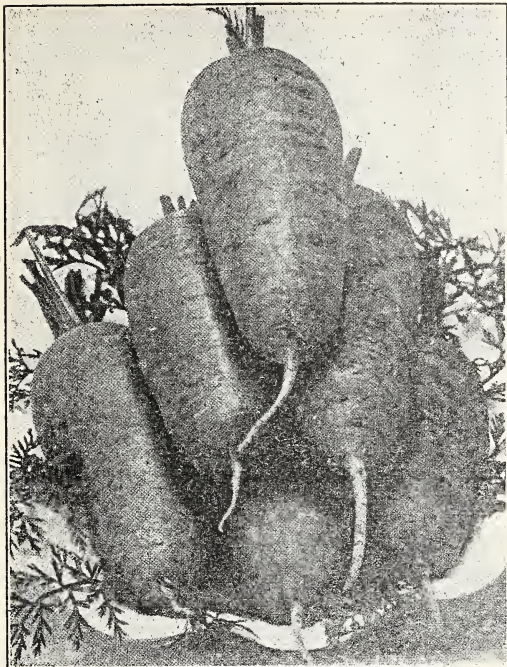
**AMERICAN PERFECTION DRUMHEAD SAVOY**—The Savoy Cabbage is not grown as much as it should be. The quality is very fine, especially after frost.

## Wong Bok Chinese Cabbage

Of the approximately ten varieties of Chinese cabbage which we know, this is easily the most worth-while. It really is not a cabbage, but a Mustard, forming a compact, elongated, tightly folded head. Well grown heads of Wong Bok will weigh from 2 to 4 lbs. and are good all the way through. They are delicious served as a salad with a French dressing, or served like Cold Slaw, with Mayonnaise. Wong Bok is entirely self folding and the heads need no tying up or blanching of any kind. Should not be sown before August 1. **Packet, 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.**

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.





CHANTENAY  
**CARROTS**

Prices on Carrot Seed, except where noted, Packet, 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00, post-paid.

**CULTURE**—The carrot will do well in any good, well-worked soil. For early use, sow the seed when the apple is in bloom, in rows fifteen inches apart, and when two inches high thin out so that the plants stand four inches apart in the row. For fall and winter use, sow the seed from the 1st to 15th of June. The roots may be stored in cellar or pit covered with dry sand, where they will keep fresh and solid until late in spring. Sow one ounce of seed to 100 feet of drill, 2 to 3 pounds to acre.

**CHANTENAY**—Days of maturity, 65. This French variety was introduced by Vilmorin, Andrieux & Co., of Paris. Chantenay may be considered the standard carrot for all general purposes. It is nearly two weeks earlier than Danvers Half-Long, and is slightly shorter and more stump-rooted than that variety. Its average length will be four and one-half inches, tapering slightly from well-set shoulders. The surface is smooth and a deep orange color, the flesh very crisp and tender, a much desired sort where quality is considered.

**CORELESS**—This comparatively new variety is by far the earliest of its type but its earliness does not affect in any way its size or quality. It is a half-long, cylindrical, blunt-pointed variety, with a very small tap-root and small, fine top. The shape and size are extremely uniform, averaging 6 to 7 inches in length and 1½ inches in diameter, clean-skinned, smooth, and easily pulled. The flesh is very fine-grained, absolute ly without any woody heart or core, and entirely

free from stringiness and coarseness. The color of the flesh is a rich red-orange, and its flavor is of the finest. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

**DANVERS HALF-LONG**—Days to maturity, 80. Danvers Half-Long is a second early carrot, which is adaptable to varying soil conditions. It differs from the Chantenay in that it is perhaps two weeks later in reaching maturity, and will average five and one-half inches in length, tapering to a blunt point. The average diameter of the root is slightly smaller than Chantenay. The color is a rich, deep orange, and the quality of the roots is excellent. Danvers Half-Long is a very desirable carrot for stock purposes, inasmuch as it will produce a large tonnage per acre.

**OXHEART OR GUERANDE**—Roots short, but very thick, smooth and handsome, flesh fine grained, tender and sweet. A fine variety for early market; color orange yellow.

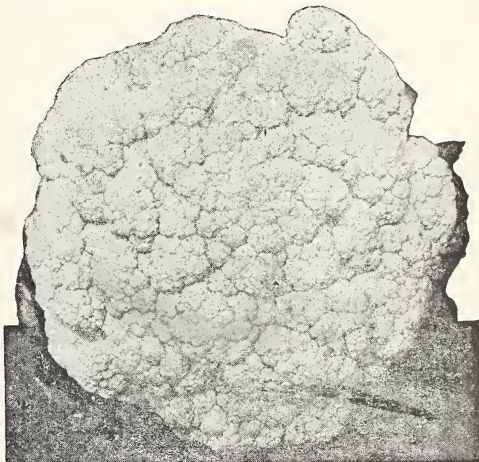
## CAULIFLOWER

**CULTURE**—A vegetable requiring very rich soil, and plenty of moisture and careful attention. Not as hardy as cabbage in resistance to hot, dry or cold weather. Sow in hot-beds in January or February and when plants are large enough transplant. Set plants out 15 to 18 inches apart and rows two feet apart. When the heads begin to form, tie up the outer leaves to protect the head from sun and weather. One ounce will produce 2,000 plants.

**ADAMS' EXTRA SELECT, DWARF EARLY ERFURT**—The best in general cultivation for forcing and open ground. Head close, compact and large, measuring from 7 to 10 inches in diameter. Plants are quite dwarf and seldom fail to form a good sized symmetrical head. Packet, 20c; 1 oz., \$2.50, postpaid.

**DANISH GIANT OR DRYWEATHER**—This is a large variety, later than Snowball, and a very vigorous grower. On account of its leaf growth appears to stand the dry weather better than most varieties. Packet, 20c; 1 oz., \$2.50, post-paid.

**EXTRA EARLY SNOWBALL**—The best variety for general use. Of dwarf habit and produces fine large white heads in a very short time. Always tender and sweet. An excellent sort for either spring or fall planting. Our seed is grown in Denmark by a specialist and cannot be surpassed. Packet, 20c; 1 oz., \$2.50, postpaid.



**EXTRA EARLY SNOWBALL**

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.

## CELERY

**CULTURE**—Sow in drills and tread the seed firmly in; thin out to an inch apart and keep the ground well worked and free from weeds; shade the young plants for a week or ten days and do not let the soil dry out. In order to secure stock plants cut off the tops once or twice before transplanting, which should be done before July, after the plants have attained a height of 4 to 6 inches. Sow 1 ounce of seed for 5,000 plants, 4 ounces for one acre. All Celery prices postpaid.

**WINTER QUEEN**—One of the best winter varieties and we recommend it especially to market gardeners. It is tall and forms a large bunch. The leaves are light green, which blanch to a creamy white. Grows a thick, solid, heavy stalk with a large heart. **Packet, 10c; oz., 30c.**

**DWARF GOLDEN HEART**—One of the best keepers through the winter. **Packet, 10c; oz., 30c.**

**WHITE PLUME**—This handsome sort is valued because naturally the stalk and portions of the inner leaves and heart are white; the whiteness does not show, however, until the plants are about one-third grown; it is unsurpassed for all uses and the earliest celery in the market. **Packet, 10c; oz., 30c.**

**PARIS GOLDEN SELF BLANCHING**—Similar to the White Plume in its self-blanching characteristics, but of a deep golden yellow color. **Packet, 15c; oz., 50c.**

**GIANT PASCAL**—Grows two feet high; the stalks are very broad, thick and crisp, and of a rich nutty flavor. The heart is golden yellow, very full and attractive in appearance. It blanches very easily and quickly. **Packet, 10c; oz., 30c.**

**CELERIAC, OR TURNIP-ROOTED CELERY**—Sow seed same as celery. Transplant in rows two feet apart, nine inches in the row. Thorough cultivation is necessary to secure good roots. Earthing-up is not necessary. Roots may be cooked or used as salad. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.**



WHITE PLUME

## CHIVES

(Schnittlauch.) The Chives are small members of the onion tribe, leaves very slender and appear very early in the spring; can be shorn several times during the season and used for flavoring soups and salads. **Bulbs, 30c per bunch, postpaid.**

## CHICORY

**WITLOOF**—A delicious winter salad, eaten usually with French dressing like cos lettuce. The root is long like a parsnip but the part eaten is the top of the root, with the young leaves, usually best when forced in the winter. **Packet, 10c; oz., 40c, postpaid.**

**LARGE ROOTED**—Leaves and stems used as salad, like Endive; root edible; if dried, roasted and ground can be used like coffee. **Packet, 10c; oz., 30c, postpaid.**

## COLLARDS

**COLLARDS**—This is a tall, loose leaved cabbage-like or kale-like plant grown throughout the south and known in different sections as "Cole," "Colewort," or simply "Greens." It is extensively used for the table as well as for stock feeding in the south where it continues in growth and is usable throughout the entire winter. Collards usually succeed in locations where cabbage cannot be grown to perfection.

Sow the seed thickly in drills, in rich ground, transplanting when about four inches high; or sow in drills where the plants are to remain and when well started thin to two or three feet apart in the row. In the south, seed may be sown from January to May and from August to October.

(Georgia.) Headless variety of cabbage; the leaves used for boiling. **Packet, 10c; 1 lb., \$1.25, postpaid.**

## CORN SALAD—LARGE SEED

**CULTURE**—For winter use sow shallow in rows one foot apart during August or September. The plants are ready for use in six or eight weeks. When winter approaches give them a very light covering of hay or straw. The plants are hardy and will remain green and fit for use all winter. The seed may also be sown early in spring. **Packet, 10c, postpaid.**

## CRESS OR PEPPER GRASS

**CULTURE**—A refreshing salad of easiest culture. As soon as the ground can be worked in the spring sow thickly broadcast or in rows eight inches apart. Repeated sowing may be made every two weeks for a succession.

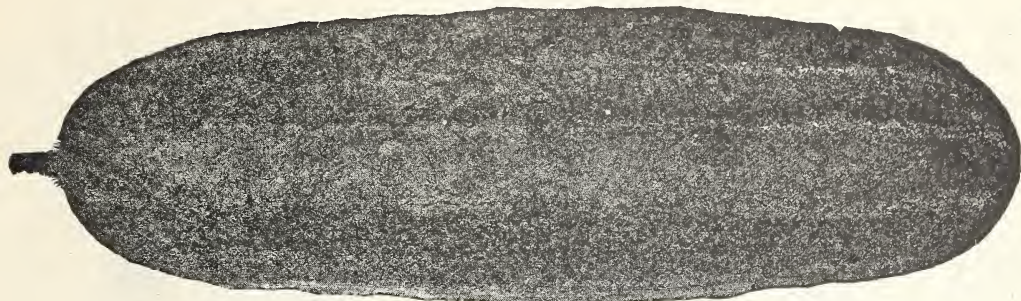
**DWARF FINE CURLED**—A small pungent salad of easiest culture. Seed should be sown early in rows about fifteen inches apart, and covered lightly; when two or three inches high it is ready for use. It is often mixed with lettuce and imparts a warm agreeable taste to the salad. **Packet, 10c; oz., 20c, postpaid.**

**TRUE WATER CRESS**—Succeeds only where the roots and stems are submerged in water. A highly prized salad of a pleasant and agreeable flavor. Should be planted wherever a suitable place can be found for it. **Packet, 10c; oz., 60c, postpaid.**

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## CUCUMBERS

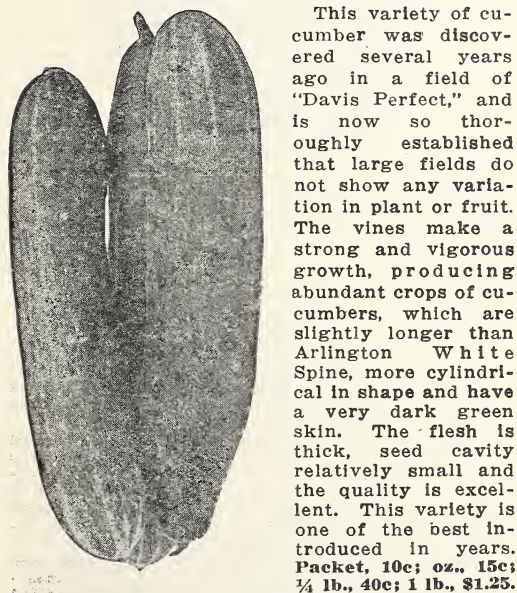


ADAMS' SPECIAL. (See Specialty page 5.)

All Cucumbers unless otherwise noted are pkt., 10c; oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

**CULTURE**—Flourish best in a rich, warm, sandy loam. Sow when danger of frost is over, in hills 4 or 5 feet each way. As the young plants have many enemies, sow thickly half an inch deep, and then thin out finally to three or four plants to the hill. Use one ounce of seed to 75 hills; two to three pounds to the acre. Gather Cucumbers by cutting, not tearing. Leave none to ripen, if you want a full crop. Use Bug Death, Nico-Dust, or Slug Shot to keep down bugs.

**HYBRID WHITE SPINE**—Days to maturity, 60. We are satisfied that Hybrid White Spine is the best of the medium-length White Spine types. The value of this Cucumber over ordinary strains is in its brilliant green color, which holds for several days after the fruits are gathered. In length the fruits will average 7 inches, being about  $2\frac{1}{4}$  inches in diameter in the middle and tapering slightly toward the ends. We consider this the best Cucumber of the basket sort for shipment and is of excellent quality for slicing. The slight additional cost of this seed over the usual strains of White Spine is very quickly overcome when the harvest begins. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

*Early Fortune*

This variety of cucumber was discovered several years ago in a field of "Davis Perfect," and is now so thoroughly established that large fields do not show any variation in plant or fruit. The vines make a strong and vigorous growth, producing abundant crops of cucumbers, which are slightly longer than Arlington White Spine, more cylindrical in shape and have a very dark green skin. The flesh is thick, seed cavity relatively small and the quality is excellent. This variety is one of the best introduced in years. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

**WEST INDIA GHERKIN**—It is the smallest variety of Cucumber on the market and is in considerable demand for small pickles. The

fruits will average from two to two and one-half inches in length and should be picked when young and tender. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 60c.

**THE ADAMS**—It is as much in advance over the Davis Perfect variety as the Davis was over the old extra long White Spine sorts. Compared to the other cucumbers of the same class (Long White Spine varieties) like Davis Perfect and Fordhook Famous it is much darker in color, more uniform in shape and size, thinner and more prolific. It is the ideal American forcing variety, as well as an outdoor sort. Our customers, who grow it, have greenhouse cucumbers raised outdoors. It certainly will displace most other kinds, in our opinion. The home gardener will find this variety a constant source of satisfaction. Not only are its fruits the largest he can grow and the wonder and envy of his neighbors, but they are of exceptional table quality both in salads and when pickled. They are characterized by a small seed cavity and thick flesh, and are delicious as sweet pickles. Pkt., 20c; oz., 50c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$5.00.

**THE DAVIS PERFECT**—For years this variety was controlled by the originator, who states that he experimented several years in trying to get an improved strain of Cucumber for forcing under glass and outside culture. The Cucumbers grow long and slim, sometimes measure 12 inches in length; the color is a rich, dark, glossy green, which they hold until nearly ripe. It is very tender, brittle and of fine flavor. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

**SHORT GREEN—Extra Selected**—A very superior stock which has been carefully selected for pickling by an extensive pickle grower, and we believe is today the most perfect strain in existence.

**KLONDIKE**—This has proven in every way a valuable acquisition, producing Cucumbers for every purpose for which Cucumbers are used; averaging from 6 to 8 inches in length; uniform in size; dark green color; retaining its color; a very prolific yield. One of the best for home gardens, and a good market garden sort.

**IMPROVED ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE**—This is a strain universally popular for growing under glass, but is unsurpassed for open ground.

**EXTRA SELECT SPECIAL LONG GREEN**—We have a superior strain of the well-known Long Green. It is smooth, uniform, long and straight. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

**EXTRA LONG, OR EVERGREEN WHITE SPINE**—Beautiful in shape and color. Fruit long and cylindrical, dark green; flesh white, crisp and tender. finest quality.

**ADAMS' "STAYS GREEN"** is the earliest of the White Spine type; fruit seven to eight inches long, cylindrical in shape. Color a beautiful dark green from stem to blossom end, which is retained longer than any variety we know of. Vigorous grower, enormous yield, shipping quality unexcelled, and always commands the highest market price. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## SWEET CORN

All Sweet Corn except where noted, pkg., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c, postpaid.

**CULTURE**—Sweet Corn always does well on sod land, or where clover has been turned down. Plant when danger of frost is over, in hills 2x3 feet, or 3x4 feet, according to variety. Give frequent and continued shallow culture. Leave two or three stalks to the hill, and make successional plantings until nearly mid-summer. Use one quart for 600 hills; six to eight quarts per acre. Cover seed with 3 inches of soil.

### Extra Early Varieties

**EARLY CHAMPION**—This variety is the earliest sweet corn yet introduced, being only a few days later than the first early small sorts. It is 10 to 12 rowed, and pure white in color; sweet and tender.

**EARLY MAYFLOWER**—A new variety in the West but raised in large quantities in some of the Eastern States where it is by ten days the earliest Sweet Corn grown, and is always the first variety on the market. It is six inches to a foot dwarfier than Early Corey, but very much larger in the ear, running 8, 10 and 12 rowed, and is considered of much better quality.

**ADAMS' EXTRA EARLY**—Not a sugar corn, but largely grown for early use.

**MAMMOTH WHITE CORY**—A new extra early variety and a great improvement on the old Cory. The ears are handsome, even, broad grained and very large for such an early sort. They are borne two and three on a stalk, making it a very productive variety. One of the best extra earlies for home or market.

**TRUCKERS FAVORITE 100-DAY CORN**—Not truly a sweet corn but if you want the finest "roasting ears" on your table in 65 to 85 days, 100 days to maturity, this is your variety. This makes a good sized ear of beautiful market and table appearance. One to two 8-inch ears per stalk; white, deep grains, sweet and exceptionally tender; perfectly formed ears. This corn is earlier than Adams Early and is particularly valuable to plant very early or very late, as it is very hardy against cold and heat. Truckers Favorite always brings much better prices than others for roasting ears. Packet, 10c; lb., 30c, prepaid. Larger quantities not prepaid: 10 lbs., \$1.25; 56 lbs. (bushel), \$4.00.

**GOLDEN BANTAM**—This is a new very early corn, and you will find it the sweetest and most tender corn you have ever tasted. It is deep yellow in color and very early, entirely different from the old Early Orange and much earlier. Can be planted thickly, and with us every stalk had from 2 to 3 perfect ears. The introducer says that on account of the firm substance of the cured grains it can be planted earlier than any other sweet corn.

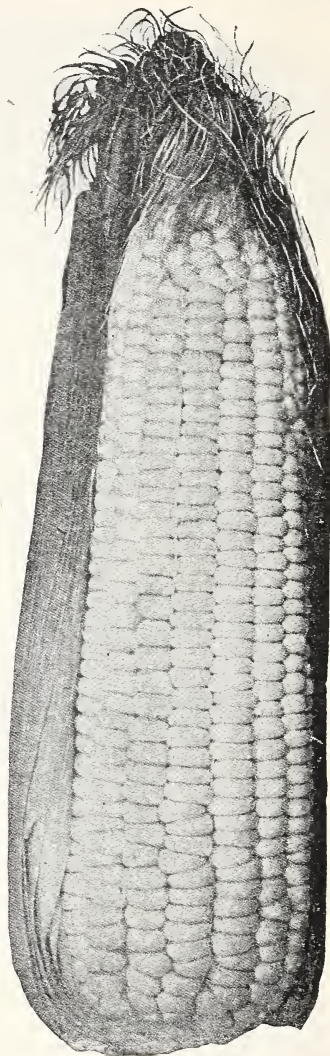
### Second Early Varieties

**EARLY HOWLING MOB** is ready for use only three to five days later than the extra early Cory when both are planted at the same time, but the ears are so much larger in size, while the grains are so much whiter and sweeter, that it should really be compared with the second-early **Crosby's Twelve Rowed** and other varieties of a later season.

**EARLY EVERGREEN**—Like Stowell's Evergreen, only ten days earlier. Ears large, about 8 inches long, 12 to 16 rowed, and having the identical flavor of the famous Stowell's Evergreen. It remains green a remarkably long time and the kernels retain the sweetness and tenderness which is so characteristic of Stowell's.

**ADAMS' EARLY**—Not a sugar corn, but grown extensively all over the country for market purposes.

**BANTAM EVERGREEN**—Best and Sweetest Sugar Corn. A corn of Golden Bantam quality of the right size. It is a product of Golden Bantam crossed with Stowell's Evergreen. It has retained the quality of the Bantam and has the more tender skin of the Evergreen. Market gardeners are at least able to sell a merchantable sized ear of corn superior in quality to any on the market. Grown and bred in New England, the home of sweet corn, where it is pronounced the sweetest corn ever eaten. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb., 20c; lb., 40c.



**COUNTRY GENTLEMEN, 70 days**—A short-stalked, productive sort, frequently producing 3 ears to the stalk. Ears large for so small a stalk; grain narrow and very deep, after form of shoe-peg. Highly recommended as one of the very best.

**SHAKER'S EARLY**—A beautiful white, juicy ear of appetizing quality. Grown extensively by gardeners for hotel and other high-class trade.

### Later Varieties

**OLD COLONY**—This variety is two weeks earlier than the Evergreen, and almost as large. It is considered the best and sweetest by canning factories. A fine paying variety for market.

**ZIGZAG EVERGREEN**—The grains are placed, irregularly of zigzag fashion on the cob. This in sweet corn is always an indication of sweetness. Ears large. One of the best late kinds.

**LATE MAMMOTH SUGAR**—This is the latest, largest, of all the sugar corns. The ears are immense and are of finer quality and flavor.

**STOWELL'S EVERGREEN**—The best late corn for all purposes. It has been a leader for many years as a main crop variety, and is unexcelled as a market corn.

**POP CORN ON EAR**—White Rice and Golden Queen.  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb., 15c; 1 lb., 25c, postpaid.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## EGG PLANT

**CULTURE**—Thrives well in any good garden soil. Sow the seed in hotbed or greenhouse in March or April, and when an inch high pot in 2 or 3 inch pots or plant in shallow boxes 4 inches apart each way. Plant in the open ground when danger of frost is past, in rows 3 feet apart each way. One ounce will yield 2,000 plants;  $\frac{1}{4}$  pound for an acre. To prevent blight and bugs use Bordeaux Mixture with arsenate of lead, Paris Green, Nico-Dust or Bug Death.

**IMPROVED NEW YORK**—Best variety in cultivation, a sure cropper and of fine quality. Plants are large and vigorous; fruit very large, oval and a deep purple color; flesh white and tender. **Packet, 10c; oz., 50c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50, prepaid.**

**BLACK BEAUTY**—The earliest and best of all large-fruited egg plants. It is valuable alike to the private planter and to the extensive grower for market. Black Beauty produces fruits fully as large as and ready for use **ten days to two weeks earlier** than the New York Improved. The plants branch freely near the ground, and grow in well-rounded bushes. The grand large fruits are thick, of most attractive form, as shown in the illustration. The skin is a rich, lustrous purplish black—the satin gloss and rich coloring add greatly to the beauty. The intensely brilliant coloring is uniform over the whole fruit and does not fade or change to a light color at the blossom end, and is entirely free from spines or thorns. **Packet, 10c; oz., 50c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50, prepaid.**



BLACK BEAUTY

## KOHL RABI

The edible part is the turnip-shaped bulb formed above ground. It is tender and excellent when used before fully grown, combining somewhat the flavors of cabbage and turnip.

**CULTURE**—Seed should be sown in light, rich soil as early in spring as possible in rows one and one-half feet apart and when well established thin to six inches apart in the row. Plantings at intervals of ten days will give a succession until hot weather, when they will fail to grow well. Plantings may be made the latter part of July for fall use.

**EARLY WHITE VIENNA**—Extra for Forcing—This variety is extremely early with distinctly small tops. The bulbs are of medium size, very light green, or nearly white, and are of best quality for the table if used when about two inches in diameter. **Packet, 10c; oz., 30c.**



WHITE VIENNA KOHL-RABI

## ENDIVE

**CULTURE**—Sow in the spring as soon as the earth is free from frost, and repeat to within sixty days of autumn frost. Drill in rows of 2 feet and thin the plants to 8 inches apart. Tie up the loose leaves or cover with pots to blanch for salad. Valuable for salads and highly decorative as a garnish to table vegetables. Two ounces of seed to 100 yards of row. Three pounds to the acre. **All varieties, Packet, 10c; oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.00, prepaid.**

**LARGE GREEN CURLED**—A hardy vigorous growing endive with bright deep green leaves. The midribs of the outer leaves are usually tinged with rose. The dense mass of deeply divided leaves formed in the center blanches very readily to a rich cream color. This sort is highly esteemed for the market and home garden, and is much used for salads.

**EVER WHITE CURLED**—The plants are moderately dense, with divided leaves which are very light yellowish green in color, even the outer ones being very light. This variety blanches readily to an attractive creamy white.

**MOSS CURLED**—Plants compact growing, forming large, dense clusters of finely divided, medium green leaves which, when properly blanched, are rich creamy white, crisp and tender. Leaf stems sometimes tinged light purplish red.

**BROAD LEAVED BATAVIAN (Escarolle)**—A variety having broad, more or less twisted and waved bright deep green leaves with thick, nearly white midribs. The inner leaves form a fairly solid, clustering head which blanches to a beautiful deep creamy white and is crisp and tender. This sort is unsurpassed for salads and is much used for the home garden and market.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## KALE OR BORECOLE

All varieties, packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

**CULTURE**—Used largely for greens in fall, winter and spring. Can be sown broadcast or in drills eighteen inches apart from early September to the middle of October. Can also be sown in February and March, at which time the Spring or Smooth Kale is best to use. This is also used in the fall, as it makes greens quicker than other varieties. All should be protected with straw or coarse litter in winter, so that the plants can be cut throughout the season. Winter varieties can be sown at the rate of three to four pounds to the acre; the Spring Kale can be sown broadcast at the rate of eight pounds per acre, or four or five pounds in drills.

**DWARF GERMAN GREENS, 60 DAYS**—Sow in autumn for "sprouts" or "greens." Height 4 to 6 inches. Sow in permanent position.

**TALL CURLED SCOTCH**—Manage as winter Cabbage. Desirable for winter use. Sow in beds and transplant.

**DWARF GREEN CURLED SCOTCH**—Grows about 12 inches in height and spreads, under cultivation, to three feet in diameter. The leaves are bright green, beautifully curled and very tender. Allow to get a slight touch of frost before using.

## LEEK

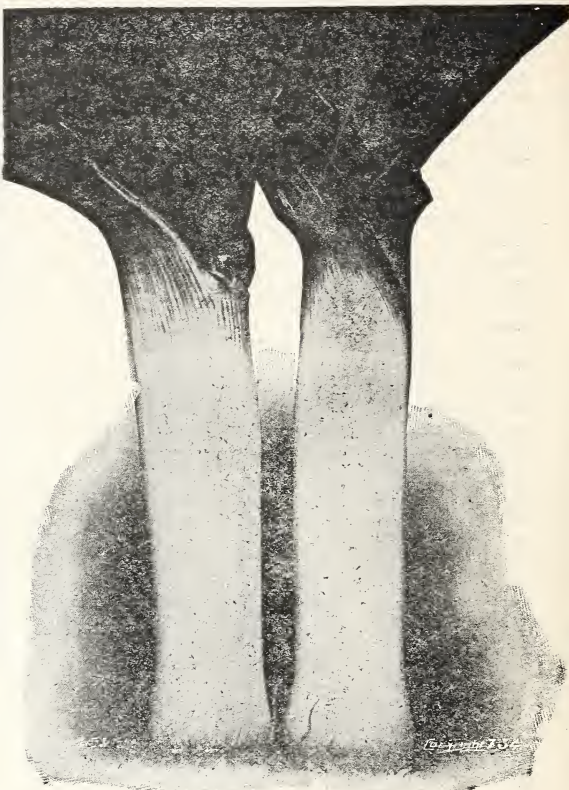
**CULTURE**—Similar to onions in flavor, being of the same family of plants, but do not form a thick bulb. Sow seed early as possible, half an inch deep, and when plants are large enough to handle transplant to rows 12 inches apart, setting plants six inches apart. Hill up as they grow to bleach the stems, or plant in a trench like celery and fill in as they grow. Seed may also be sown in September and transplanted in Spring. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.

**MUSSELBURG**—An improved variety of Leek which grows to a very large size, with broad leaves, spreading like a fan. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c, postpaid.

**LONDON, OR AMERICAN FLAG**—A popular sort, hardy and good quality. Grows quickly and ready at an early season. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c, postpaid.

## GARLIC

**GARLIC**—The sets should be planted in well enriched soil early in spring, the rows one foot apart, and about three inches between the plants in the row. Harvest same as onions. Sets, 1b., 50c, postpaid.



LONDON FLAG

## HORSERADISH ROOTS

**HORSERADISH ROOTS**—Do best in rich loose soil, set slanting and covered two inches. Per doz., 25c; per 100, \$1.50, Postpaid.

## LETTUCE

All Lettuce, except where noted: Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

**CULTURE**—For early out-door culture the seed may be planted in March, or as early as the ground can be worked. Sow in drills fourteen inches apart and thin the plants to four inches apart. For the heading varieties where large heads are desired plants should be thinned eight to ten inches to row. Lettuce should be grown very rapidly, therefore the soil should be as rich as possible, by liberal manuring and thorough preparation.

### Loose Leaved Varieties

**BLACK SEED SIMPSON**—Days to maturity, 78. Will hold twenty-two days before shooting to seed. One of the most largely planted varieties in this country, and it is a loose-leaved lettuce, late-intermediate in attaining full development and, as noted above, slow to shoot to seed. The plant is fairly compact and consists of firm, well-balanced V-shaped clusters of leaves, the innermost heart curving inward and showing a tendency to form a head. The leaves are very much blistered, crumpled and twisted with large,

protruding mid-ribs, and color is a very light green, never spotted or brownish. The quality is very fine, being sweet but somewhat firm in texture. Seeds are black. This variety must not be confused with the Early Curled Simpson, which is a white-seeded Simpson.

**GRAND RAPIDS—(Seed Black)**—As a lettuce for greenhouse forcing this variety undoubtedly stands at the head of the list, being of quick growth, hardy, little liable to rot and remaining in condition several days after being fit to cut. The plant is upright and forms a loose cluster of large, thin, bright green leaves, savoyed, finely crimped at edges. The leaves do not wilt quickly after cutting so that the variety will stand shipping long distances. Desirable for garnishing.

**ADAMS' SATISFACTION**—A large, loose bunching or non-heading variety, forming a large bunch of leaves which are very crisp and of a fine flavor. In color it is a light green and very attractive.

**SIMPSON'S EARLY CURLED—(Seed White)**—A very extensively used early loose leaved, or clustering variety. Leaves light green, slightly frilled and much blistered, crisp, sweet and tender. The sort is especially adapted for sowing thickly and cutting when the plants are young.



## LETTUCE—Continued



**GRAND RAPIDS**  
See Description on page 16

*Heading Varieties*

**HOT WEATHER**—We have found this to be absolutely the best firm-heading lettuce to grow through the summer months. It will not scald or burn and will make a head when other varieties fail. It somewhat resembles Salamander in character of leaf, color and size, but the head is more compact, and it will stand longer before bolting to seed. It is practically all head, having very few outer leaves. It heads up quickly, making it valuable for an early crop. After repeated trials we have found it to be the best smooth-leaved, firm-heading, all season variety. Pkt., 15c; oz., 35c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.00, Postpaid.

**NEW YORK OR WONDERFUL**—We were fortunate indeed to secure, direct from the grower, sufficient seed of this magnificent variety, for this year's needs. It was extremely popular with our local gardeners this past season. It is particularly popular in the south, where it withstands extreme heat and forms perfect heads of enormous size, which resemble cabbage in their solidity, measuring from 11 to 15 inches across, and frequently weighing 2 and 3 pounds each. The quality is superb, being crisp, rich and tender. Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.50.

**ICEBERG**—A large crisp lettuce, always tender. Iceberg stands hot weather remarkably. Give each head 14 inches in a row. The color is light green, lightly tinged with brown. Try this either for home or market garden. A little larger than Los Angeles and similar.

**ADAMS' WAY-AHEAD**—A new, large, early head lettuce with but few outside leaves, heads about 10 inches across and perfect. Its large heads are formed of waxy-cream colored leaves of extra fine quality, tender, crisp, succulent and sweet; attractive and appetizing when served.

**PRIZE HEAD**—This variety has been in cultivation for many years and is well known to almost everyone. Forms loose heads; is slightly tinged with brown. Crisp and tender. Seed white.

**COS LETTUCE—(Romaine)**—This variety of lettuce is distinguished by its long, narrow, spoon-shaped leaves, folding into loose, sugar-loaf shaped heads which blanch better by having

the outer leaves drawn about them and tied. The quality is distinct from that of the Cabbage Lettuces and by many is considered very superior. Sow early in spring in rich, well prepared soil, in rows eighteen inches apart, covering one-half inch deep. When plants have two or three leaves thin to three or four inches apart. If large heads are desired plants should be thinned ten to twelve inches apart.

**UNRIVALED SUMMER—(Seed White)**—A large, bright green heading lettuce similar in habit of plant to Big Boston, but a trifle earlier maturing as an outdoor summer variety and having no red or bronze shading on the leaves. Heads are large, firm and of excellent quality.

**ADAMS' GOLDEN FORCING**—A very popular variety, originated on our market in Kansas City. Used largely by our market gardeners, either for open ground or forcing. Light in color; sometimes called Golden Forcing and resembles the Denver Market, but not quite as near a head variety. This is used largely for forcing.

**MAY KING**—A new variety and it is a great favorite. It is very early and being hardy will stand considerable cold, damp weather. It can be planted out of doors or under glass, and in either case will produce fine, solid heads.

**IMPROVED HANSON**—This is an exceptionally fine variety, attractive in appearance, and of highest quality; good for either spring or summer crop. The leaves are curly and very crisp and the head is large. It also stands a long time before going to seed.

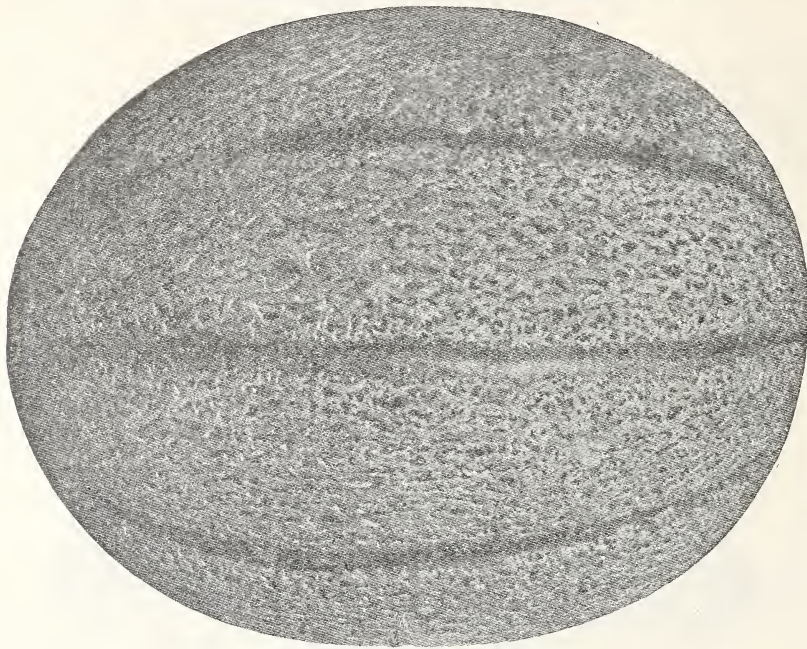
**DENVER MARKET**—This is a fine, crisp, crimped head variety. It has a slight tinge of red at the edges of the leaves. The ribs are a waxy white, being tender and free from bitterness.

**BIG BOSTON**—Identical in color, shape and general appearance with the famous Boston Market, but is double the size. It is about one week later, but its solidity and greater size makes it a most valuable sort. Most desirable either for forcing in cold frames or open ground planting. Popular with market gardeners and truckers because it always produces large, solid salable heads, which are crisp and tender.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## MUSKMELON OR CANTALOUPE



MARYLAND OR EARLY KNIGHT

Prices on Muskmelons, except where noted:  
 Packet, 10c; oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25,  
 Postpaid.

**CULTURE**—Melons do best in sandy soil or sod land and ground should be made rich. The hills can be put four to six feet apart with ten to twelve seeds in each hill. Put the seeds an inch deep and when danger of frost is over thin to four good plants to a hill. Cultivation should be kept up as long as possible. One ounce of seed is sufficient for 50 hills; 2 pounds per acre. Plant in May and June.

**MARYLAND OR KNIGHT**—Days to maturity, 90. A variety developed by a Mr. Knight of Anne Arundel County, Maryland. It is a melon of excellent flavor, of convenient and attractive size and of beautiful interior color—green edge with light golden yellow. The length will average 7 inches. It is 10 days earlier than Rocky Ford, twice as productive and larger in size. The vines are of a strong, healthy growth, branch freely, setting a large number of fruit close to the hill. The melons are fine, regular in size and form, nearly round or slightly oval, and very closely netted. The skin is of a light golden hue when fully ripened. Flesh bright green and ripens close to the skin. Pkt., 15c; oz., 25c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50, Prepaid.

**HALE'S BEST**—See Specialty page 5.

**EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK**—A large round melon, very early and of high quality. The flesh is green and deep. The rind heavily netted and ribbed. This variety is about ten days earlier than the regular type of Hackensack.

**HOODOO**—A new orange-flesh variety, ideal as a shipping melon and of the very finest quality. Vine vigorous, remarkably blight-resistant and very productive. Fruit of medium and very uniform size. Netting exceptionally fine and dense, extending practically over the entire surface. Rind thin, yet very firm, so that the melons arrive in perfect condition in distant markets. Flesh thick, firm, highly colored, of fine texture and delicious flavor. One of the best market melons offered today. Pkt., 10 oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

**TIP TOP**—Tip-top in quality—tip-top in appearance—tip-top in productiveness. A heavy producer, of handsome appearance, round in shape, of excellent flavor, firm, sweet and juicy, and can be eaten almost down to the rind. Flesh yellow. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

*Lake Champlain Muskmelon*

A New Muskmelon Well Worth Trying

If your season is a short one, or if you want to get the first melons to your market from your section, use Lake Champlain. Those Muskmelons which are commonly planted take from 70 to 90 days to mature. This one will be ready far ahead of any of them, and is the earliest we have seen. It is very productive. The plant is very vigorous and healthy, setting and ripening melons rapidly even under adverse conditions. The melons are medium sized, of the Hackensack shape, and nicely netted. The flesh is deep, very sweet and melting and of a beautiful golden yellow color. Oz., 50c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.25; 1 lb., \$4.00.

**ROCKY FORD IMPROVED**—This valuable cantaloupe has today the largest sale of any melon on the general market. They are very uniform in shape and size, weighing from  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 pounds, skin green and thickly netted; flesh of light green color and very sweet. It is a good keeper, hardy, and the best shipping variety ever introduced.

**BANANA**—An entirely distinct variety, bearing long, slender, banana-like fruit. Skin creamy white and entirely free from netting. Flesh deep salmon color, thick and of good quality. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

**HONEY DEW**—A new member of the melon family, propagated after seven years of experimenting. The new fruit which is called the Honey Dew melon, is a cross between the Rocky Ford cantaloupe and a South Sea Island fruit. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

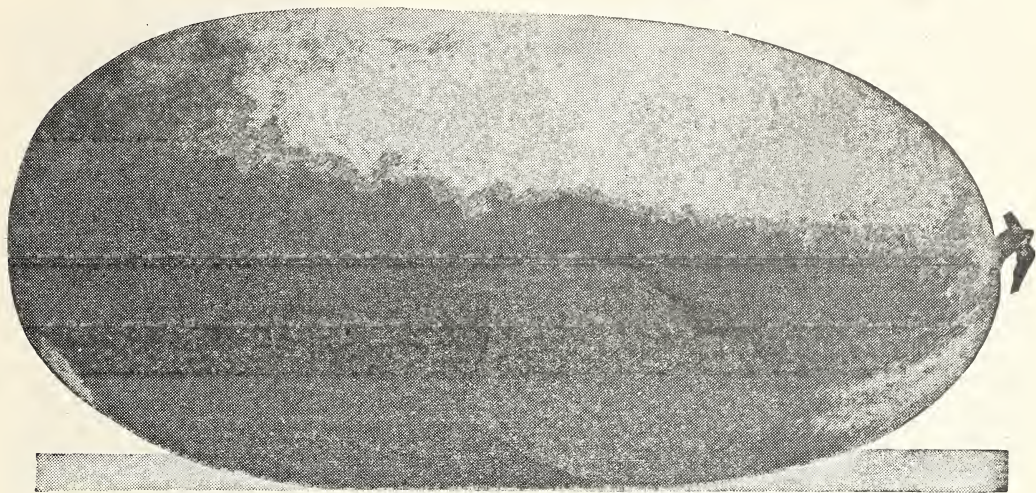
**POLLOCK'S 10-25**—This strain represents the highest possible attainment in Cantaloupe development. It is undoubtedly the heaviest meated Melon of the Rocky Ford type. It produces Melons of uniform standard size, 90 per cent of which are completely covered with a beautiful gray, lace-like netting which with the small seed cavity, are the most essential points in carrying and keeping qualities of the Cantaloupe. The flesh is green, tinged with a delicate salmon pink around the seed cavity, which is the smallest of any strain of Rocky Ford. The flesh is firm but not tough or stringy, and has a sweet, luscious, melting and superb flavor. **WHITE SEEDED OSAGE**—A favorite salmon fleshed variety. Large, oval, slightly ribbed and netted; skin is very dark green. Flesh is very thick and sweet flavored, most delicious to the rind. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50, Postpaid.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## NEW WATERMELON "IRISH GREY"

We Offer Only Seed Grown from Selected Melons.



IRISH GREY

**All varieties of Melons, Except Irish Grey and New Wonder: Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c, Postpaid.**

**IRISH GREY**—A distinct and very valuable melon, the productiveness is wonderful, producing more good marketable melons under the same conditions than any other variety. The eating quality is all that could be desired in a watermelon, the sparkling red flesh is very sweet and entirely free from hard centers or stringiness, yet the flesh is very firm and compact and will not break when sliced. The size is uniformly large; color of rind, yellowish grey and almost as tough as that of the Citron; ripens earlier than Tom Watson; will keep in good condition for a long time after picking and stand long distance shipping. **Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00, Postpaid.**

**TOM WATSON**—Days to maturity, 130. An extra long Melon of attractive appearance, uniform in shape and quality. The luscious crimson flesh is "as sweet as honey," melting, and of superb flavor. The average melon will weigh 35 to 40 pounds and measure about 28 inches long and about 12 inches in diameter. It is very prolific, producing in greatest abundance the large delicious fruits. We have greatest faith in the **Tom Watson** and believe it is one of the very best Watermelons ever offered. Introduced only a few years ago and has already taken a leading place with large melon growers and shippers.

**NEW WONDER MELON**—This melon grows to a large size and in some instances has been known to weigh 70 to 75 lbs. for a single melon, which, however, would not be an average run. They will, however, under favorable climatic conditions and on good soil, usually produce crops that will average from 35 to 50 lbs. to a melon. They have dark green rind, usually uniform in shape, about the same size at stem and blossom ends, a rich deep red heart, with no hard center. They are sweet and delicious and are not heavy seeders. A very desirable variety for garden trade and a great improvement on the Kleckley's Sweet, and we consider them a better melon than the Improved Kleckley's Sweet. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25, Postpaid.**

**HALBERT'S HONEY**—This new melon equals in flavor and is as handsome in color as the Kleckley Sweet, but more regular in form and much more productive. The melons are blunt at both ends and average eighteen to twenty inches long. Ten to twelve inches in diameter. Color of rind, clear, glossy deep green. Flesh a beautiful crimson, extending to within less than one half inch of the rind. Very tender and sweet. Does not stand shipping well. It is a home melon for the home garden and local markets.

**KLECKLEY'S SWEET, IMPROVED**—The finest of all medium early Watermelons for home use. The rind is too thin and tender to stand long distance shipment. The fruits are uniform in size, oblong in form; the skin is a rich dark green; the flesh, bright scarlet; the seeds lie close to the rind, leaving a very large, solid, red core. The flesh is rich, sugary and melting, being entirely free from stringiness.

**EXCEL**—This is the largest shipping melon yet produced, of good flavor, strong tough rind, and solid, firm, crisp flesh that will carry to any market and keeps well. Similar in shape to Tom Watson, but thicker. Color is dark green with wide bands of darker shade, uniform in colors. Melons cut, big red hearts showing few seeds. Seeds are both black and white, white seed showing dark rims and eyes. Very prolific and averages more large melons than any other variety and weighs heavier for its size. They are very uniform in all characteristics and if allowed to remain on the vine until fully matured the result will be excellent, but the Excel begins to show red before they are fully ripened and an inexperienced grower will be inclined to pick them before they are ripened, as they will show red a week or ten days before they are ripe.

**ALABAMA SWEET**—This is undoubtedly one of the finest shipping melons ever put on the market. It covers an unusually long season; coming in early, it continues to bear longer than most of the other varieties. It is a large size, good in appearance and the flavor is delicious.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## MUSHROOMS

**LAMBERT'S PURE CULTURE SPAWN**—Mushrooms may be grown in any place where conditions of temperature and moisture are favorable. A shed, cellar or cave may be utilized to advantage for this purpose. It is essential that the temperature be maintained from 53 to 60 degrees F., and that the moisture be properly regulated. Lambert's Pure Culture Spawn is far superior to the old style varieties and much better results can be obtained from its use. The bricks should be broken into pieces about two inches square and planted from ten inches to a foot apart. With every order of 10 or more bricks of mushroom spawn we send free of charge complete instructions for mushroom culture. Bricks weigh from 16 to 20 ounces. A brick will spawn ten square feet of bed. With Lambert's Pure Culture Spawn it is impossible to raise poisonous mushrooms. **Per brick, 30c, postage paid; 10 bricks, \$2.00; 25 bricks, \$4.75; 100 bricks, \$18.00, by express or freight, purchaser's expense.**



MUSHROOMS

## OKRA OR GUMBO

One ounce sows 50 feet of drill.

All varieties of Okra, Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 60c, Postpaid.

**CULTURE**—Sow in May or June, after the ground is warm, in drills three feet apart, cover the seed with about 1 inch of soil and thin to 12 to 18 inches apart in the row. Use 1 ounce of seed to 50 feet of row; 8 pounds to an acre.

**WHITE VELVET**—A valuable variety characterized by round, smooth pods, free from ridges and seams. It is the most prolific Okra now offered, bearing 16 to 20 remarkably white pods per stalk; all well filled with tender well-flavored fruit, rich in mucilaginous properties. Dried in the shade the pods can be used for soups at any time.

**PERKINS MAMMOTH LONG POD**—A dwarf-growing very early and prolific variety. Pods are long, slender, deep green and of fine quality.

**DWARF GREEN**—An early-dwarf and prolific variety, with thick, green pods.

## MUSTARD



CHAMPION MOSS CURLED

One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill. **CULTURE**—When used for salads, sow thickly in shallow drills, six inches apart. Successive sowings may be made every week or two. When grown to produce seed for use in pickles, pepper sauce, etc., sow early in rows about a foot apart and 3 inches apart in the row.

**CHAMPION MOSS CURLED**—The plants, of vigorous growth, have beautiful dark green leaves which curve outward like a fine ostrich plume. It stands well, even during the hot summer months. By making several sowings a few weeks apart a continuous growth of fresh tender leaves may be had throughout the entire season. Even those who do not care for mustard as a piquant salad will be delighted with the leaves of Moss Curled cooked like spinach, any time during the summer. It is even superior to the best spinach in flavor. **Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00, Postpaid.**

**WHITE ENGLISH**—Leaves comparatively small and smooth, deeply cut or divided and of medium dark color. Plant upright; of rapid growth and soon bolts to seed. Leaves when young are mild and tender; seed, light yellow and larger than that of other varieties. **Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 60c, Postpaid.**

**SOUTHERN GIANT, CURLED**—Leaves bright green, crimped and frilled edges. Highly esteemed for its vigorous growth, hardness and good qualities. **Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c; Postpaid.**

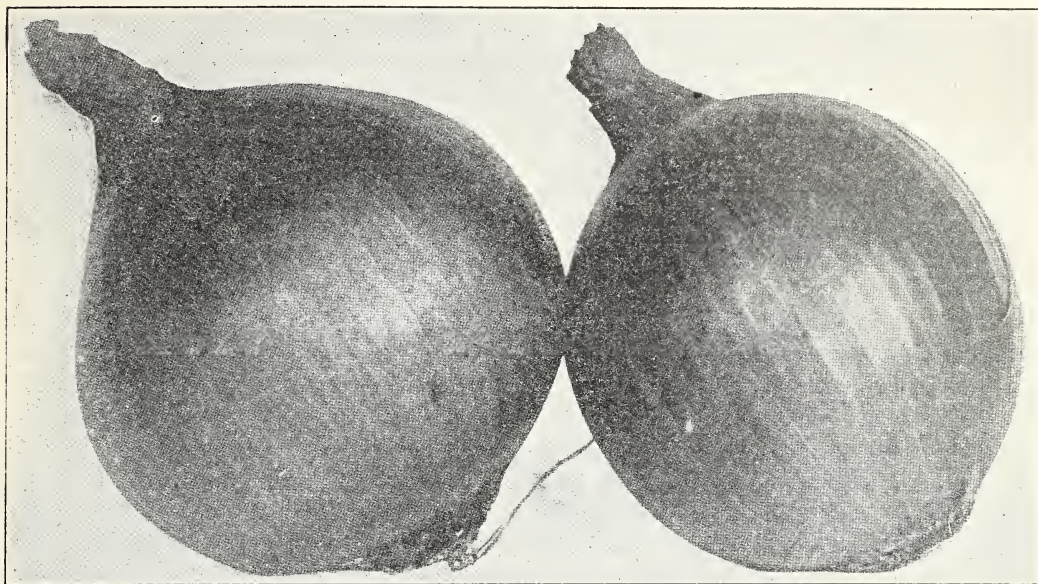


PERKINS MAMMOTH LONG POD

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## ONIONS



SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE

**CULTURE**—Onions do best on a rich loam, previously cultivated for two years. Still clay and light sand are equally unfavorable. The land should be highly fertilized with well rotted manure. Fresh stable manure has a tendency to produce soft onions. Drill in 4 pounds of seed per acre, one-half inch deep. If sets are wanted, use 60 to 80 pounds of seed per acre. Fifteen to twenty bushels of sets will plant an acre.

**EXHIBITION ONION, GIGANTIC GIBRALTAR**—By far the most dependable strain of the giant type of Onion. It is somewhat similar in appearance to Prize-taker, except that it is lighter in color, and, while larger in size, is a splendid keeper and of decidedly mild flavor. In some cases the Onions have weighed 3½ lbs. To grow these extra large exhibition specimens, seeds are generally sown early in February, in a hotbed or greenhouse, and the young seedlings are transplanted. **Pkt., 15c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 90c; 1 lb., \$3.50, Postpaid.**

**RED WETHERSFIELD**—We confidently recommend our strain of this favorite onion as the very best ever offered. **Packet, 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00, Postpaid.**

**SOUTHPORT LARGE RED GLOBE, SELECTED**—All grown from selected hand-picked bulbs, none but those perfect in size and shape being set for seed. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.25, Postpaid.**

**YELLOW DANVER'S FLAT**—A good onion for home or market use. A trifle flatter than Yellow Globe Danvers. **Packet, 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00, Postpaid.**

**SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE, SELECTED**—All grown from selected hand-picked bulbs, none but those perfect in size and shape being set for seed. **Packet, 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.50, Postpaid.**

**YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS**—One of the most extensively used main crop yellow onions for the home garden and market. The bulbs are of medium to large size, uniformly globe shaped, with small neck, and ripen very evenly. The skin is rich coppery yellow. The flesh is creamy white, crisp and of mild and excellent flavor. The variety keeps very well and is excellent for shipping. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.25, Postpaid.**

**RIVERSIDE SWEET SPANISH**—See Specialty page 4.

**WHITE PORTUGAL OR AMERICAN SILVER-SKIN**—This is a medium sized onion of mild flavor and with beautiful, clear, white skin. The variety is a favorite with many for use when young as a salad or bunching onion and for pickling. It usually matures about ten days earlier than White Globe and is fine for fall and early winter use. It is an excellent medium early sort for gardeners who do not care to plant more than one variety. The bulbs are nearly round when of bunching size, somewhat flattened when mature. This is the best flattened white onion for northern latitudes. **Packets, 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c; 1 lb., \$3.00, Postpaid.**

**PRIZE-TAKER**—Globe shape with a bright straw colored skin, small neck, grows to an enormous size from the seed the first year. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.50, Postpaid.**

## ONION SETS

Postage and Express to be Paid by Purchaser.  
Bottom Sets 32 Pounds per Bushel. Top Sets 28 Pounds per Bushel.

**RED BOTTOMS**—1 lb., 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

**YELLOW BOTTOMS**—1 lb., 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

**WHITE BOTTOMS**—1 lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.00.

Prices subject to change.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## PARSNIPS

**CULTURE**—Parsnips are usually grown in deep, rich sandy soil, but will make good roots in any soil which is deep, mellow and moderately rich. Fresh manure is apt to make the roots coarse and ill-shaped. As the seed is sometimes slow and uneven in growth, it should be sown as early as possible in drills two and one-half feet apart; cover one-half inch deep and press the soil firmly over the seed. Give frequent cultivation and thin the plants to six inches apart in the row.

**HOLLOW CROWN OR SUGAR**—An excellent variety for the table. The roots are long, with smooth white skin, uniform in shape, tender and of the best quality. The variety is easily distinguished by the leaves growing from the depression on top or crown of the root. **Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 75c, Postpaid.**

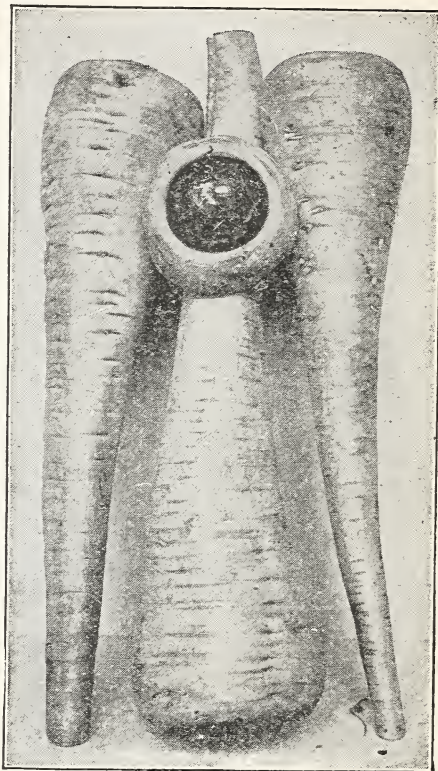
## PARSLEY

**CULTURE**—Parsley is easily grown, only it takes several weeks for it to come up, hence the ground where it is sown is often covered with weeds or dug over with the belief that the seed is no good. The seed may be soaked several hours in warm water before sowing which will hasten germination. Sow it early in the spring in rows a foot apart. It can also be used to border beds, making a very pretty effect. One ounce will sow a 150-foot row. A few plants can be taken up in the fall and put in pots or boxes in a sunny window and will continue to furnish leaves for flavoring or garnishing throughout the winter.

**MOSS CURLED**—A very fine strain with beautiful foliage; useful for all purposes. **Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c, Postpaid.**

**DOUBLE CURLED**—A very compact, curly, fine cut, bright green variety. The market gardener's favorite. **Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c, Postpaid.**

**PLAIN**—Hardy and vigorous grower. Not as mild a flavor as the above. **Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c, Postpaid.**



## PEPPER

All Peppers, Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50, Postpaid, except where noted.

**CULTURE**—Sow the seed ½ inch deep in hot-bed, green house or warm window, in March or April. After all danger of frost, set out in open ground. A warm, moist soil is best, with plenty of rotted manure plowed under. Set in rows 2

to 3 feet apart, 18 inches apart in the rows. One ounce will produce about 1,500 plants.

**CHINESE GIANT**—Is the earliest, largest and best of all the large red peppers grown, fully double the size of Ruby King. **Pkt., 15c; oz., 65c; ¼ lb., \$2.25.**

**WORLD BEATER**—See specialty, page 3.

**RUBY KING**—A mild-flavored pepper of large size, from four to six inches long by three and one-half to four inches thick. Unequaled by any other variety.

**OHIO CRIMSON OR CRIMSON GIANT**—If you want an exceptionally large, mild pepper, here it is. It is a cross between Ruby King and Chinese Giant, having the good qualities of both. It is very attractive, grows to large size, is exceptionally mild, and when ripe is of a bright scarlet color. Flesh exceedingly thick, sweet, and so mild that it can be eaten raw. Is early in maturing and an excellent large sweet pepper for stuffing. It makes a satisfying table pepper, an ideal home garden sort.

**ROYAL KING**—See specialty, page 3.

**BELL OR BULL NOSE**—Has an exceedingly thick meat and is the most desirable for slicing or stuffing. Can be eaten like an apple.

**HARRIS' EARLIEST GIANT**—See Specialty page 3.

**NEAPOLITAN**—Earlier than the other large peppers. The fruits average 4½ inches in circumference by 4 inches long; they are thick-meated and unusually mild and sweet; flesh and skin bright red when ripe; productive, and continues fruiting throughout the season.

**LONG RED CAYENNE**—A long, slender red pepper, very hot and pungent.

**Livingston's Improved Thick Long Red**

The flesh is fully double the thickness of Long Cayenne. They are grown almost exclusively for some markets. Exceedingly prolific; are very hot and have handsome bright red pods. Produced early in the season while prices are high.



RUBY KING

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## PEAS

All Peas, Except Where Noted, Pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 40c, Postpaid.



ALASKA PEAS

**CULTURE**—Sow as early as possible a few of some of the early varieties in warm sandy soil. The seed can be sown in rows in a very satisfactory way. It is best to sow in an open way with a hoe, the full width of it and broadcast the seed thinly in the bottom. Later plantings should be of the wrinkled varieties, they are better yielders, sweeter and very highly flavored. Early varieties will mature in about fifty or sixty days, later varieties in about seventy to eighty-five days.

### New Pea—Adams' Electric— 52 Days

The earliest wrinkled pea and largest podded of the dwarf varieties. It is also one of the most vigorous in growth of vine and is unsurpassed in quality. The pods mature very nearly as early as those of Nott's Excelsior, but are broader and with the foliage distinctly lighter green. Pods large for so early a variety, 2¾ to 3 inches long. Vines about 14 to 16 inches high. Packet, 15c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c.

**FIRST AND BEST**—This superb Pedigree strain excels all other extra-early smooth peas ever offered. The vines are quite slender, of very quick growth, and average 18 to 24 inches in height. The pods are well filled, and the entire crop can generally be gathered in one picking. A few days later than Alaska.

**AMERICAN WONDER**—The old popular favorite among all who grow Peas and year after year has seen greater plantings of this meritorious Pea, and especially of our improved strain. In our American Wonder you have all the fine qualities that could be desired for the small dwarf-like bushes are so heavily laden with peas of the finest quality, that for home use it is unequalled. Bushes grow to height of about 15 inches and peas are of that well-liked dark green color.

**NOTT'S EXCELSIOR**—The best very early, dwarf pea. It combines the good qualities of American Wonder and Premium Gem peas. The vines are larger and more productive than American Wonder. The pods are medium sized, about two and three-fourths inches long. The peas, in sweetness and quality, are unsurpassed.

Seed medium sized, wrinkled, green and somewhat flattened. A most desirable early sort for the market gardener and unsurpassed for the home garden.

**THOMAS LAXTON PEA**—Days to maturity, 57. A variety having been originated in England by Mr. Thomas Laxton, of Bedford, a noted English horticulturist. This pea is hardy and slightly earlier than Gradus and a more abundant yielder. The pods resemble Gradus in shape, excepting that they are blunt ended. They will attain a length of four and one-quarter inches. They are straight, inclined toward roundness and are well filled. The vine will grow to a height of thirty inches. The seed is large, cream color, blended with pale green, wrinkled.

**LITTLE MARVEL PEA**—Days to maturity, 60. The vines of this variety will grow to a height of fifteen inches, producing pods two and three-quarters to three inches in length. This variety resembles the Nott's Excelsior in vines, habit of growth and quality. The pods are considerably longer, very often being produced in pairs. They are straight, slightly broader than Nott's Excelsior. It is a highly recommended variety for home garden purposes.

**GRADUS, OR PROSPERITY**—Without doubt the finest extra early pea yet introduced; it is in condition to pick four days after First and Best or Ameer. The pods are very large and well filled, with large wrinkled deep green peas of the very finest quality. Height, 3 feet.

**LAXTONIAN**—This is an ideal market and home garden pea, medium dwarf in habit of growth, but with very large pods, averaging 4 to 4½ inches in length. Laxtonian seldom has any blank spaces in the pods.

**PREMIUM GEM**—Dwarf, prolific, green wrinkled marrow. Is very early and of good quality. Larger and more vigorous than American Wonder and later. Height, about 15 inches.

**ALASKA**—The best early green seeded variety. Very early and uniform grower. A popular sort with canners and shippers. First-class in every respect. Height, 2½ feet.

**NEW EXTRA-EARLY "PILOT"**—This re-selected stock will surely delight planters. The Pilot is "far and away ahead" of all other early round-seeded first early peas. The pods and peas are nearly as large as those of Gradus, while they are produced three days earlier—as early as the best selected small smooth-seeded extra earlies. They can be planted, of course, much earlier than Gradus, and while not wrinkled, the peas are almost equal in flavor. The vines, of vigorous growth, attain a height of three feet and bear throughout the length of the vine quite a large proportion of pods in pairs.

**HUNDREDFOLD**—This is, without doubt, the very best dwarf Pea ever grown. It is the best-flavored and the largest-podded dwarf-growing sort in existence. It is ready about three days after the earliest sorts, and bears an enormous crop of handsome, intensely dark green, fairly broad and pointed pods, 4 inches long, containing about 8 large, dark green Peas of excellent quality. The vines are 16 inches high, sturdy, and resist heat well.

### Peas—Later Varieties

**IMPROVED STRATEGEM**—One of the best of the large podded, semi-dwarf main crop varieties. The vines are very sturdy, about two to two and one-half feet high, with medium dark green foliage.

**TELEPHONE**—Very productive, of fine quality and excellent sugary flavor. Pods grow very large and closely packed.

**LARGE WHITE MARROWFAT**—One of the oldest varieties in cultivation and a favorite market sort. Pods large, well filled and of excellent quality.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## PUMPKIN



**CONNECTICUT FIELD**

All Pumpkins, except where noted, Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c, Postpaid.

**CULTURE**—Pumpkins will grow almost anywhere, but thrive in rich soil. In many varieties, the size and weight depend almost entirely on culture and fertility of the land. Many pumpkins are exceptionally good for pies; other

sorts are fit only for feeding live stock. Plant in hills 8x8 feet. Use one-fourth pound for seventy-five hills; three to four pounds per acre. Put seed in ground in May or June. Fight bugs with Bug Death, Slug Shot or air slacked lime.

**LARGE CHEESE OR KY. FIELD**—A popular variety. Fruit flattened, skin mottled light green and yellow; flesh tender; excellent quality.

**SWEET POTATO**—Pear shaped; size medium; creamy white in color, sometimes striped with green flesh, grained and very sweet. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.25, Postpaid.

**SMALL SUGAR**—Handsome and prolific; of small size, averaging about 10 inches in diameter. Skin deep orange yellow. Fine grained, sweet, dry and an excellent keeper; a good table variety.

**CONNECTICUT FIELD**—One of the best for field culture. Can be grown with corn, largely used for stock feeding. Deep, rich yellow color.

**KING OF THE MAMMOTHS**—No other pumpkin ever introduced has ever reached such enormous weights. Flesh and skin of bright yellow, very fine grained, of splendid quality, and notwithstanding its enormous size, it is one of the best pie pumpkins grown and a good keeper. Packet, 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.75, Postpaid.

**CUSHAW CROOKNECK**—A prolific variety; large size; frequently weighing 60 pounds and over; color white striped and mottled with green.

## RADISH

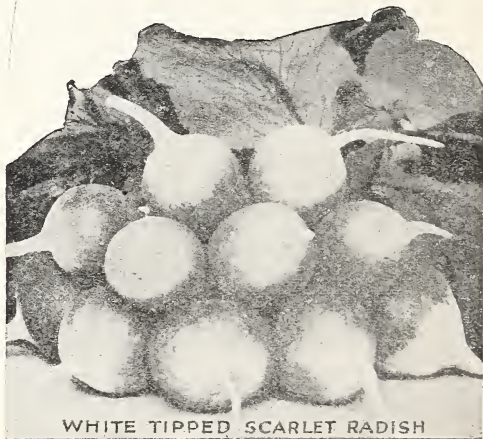
All Radish, except where noted, Packets, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 85c, Postpaid.  
We Offer Only French Grown Seed.

**CULTURE**—Sow in ground, well enriched with rotted manure. Quality depends on quickness of growth. The proper temperature is 40 to 65 degrees. Good ventilation is necessary if grown under glass. Sow seed ½ inch deep in the early spring in rows 12 to 18 inches apart; for a succession sow every 10 days. Cultivate frequently. One ounce to 100 feet of drill, or 8 to 10 pounds per acre. Thin to 1 inch apart for small varieties and 3 to 4 inches for the large varieties. Radishes will mature in from 3 to 5 weeks.

**EARLY SCARLET GLOBE**—The best radish for general use. The Early Scarlet Globe Radish is the best all-around radish on the market, and is therefore valuable for both the home gardener and the man who grows radishes for the market. You will find "Quality" in every ounce. It is handsome in both form and color, a beautiful oval and a rich scarlet; the flesh is crisp, tender, juicy and mild. The amount of its foliage is small compared with other varieties and small for the size of the radish, making it a particularly attractive market sort. As a forcing radish, Early Scarlet Globe is the best in every way, bearing the heat requisite for forcing without becoming pithy or spongy. This universally popular radish is sold by almost every seedsman in the world, and is also used by the leading market gardeners both for forcing and out-of-door planting. Owing largely to our care in selecting and growing seed, it leads all other varieties. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00 Postpaid.

**PHILADELPHIA WHITE BOX**—The famous white turnip or globe-shaped radish is the foremost of its class. It is an excellent radish for forcing under glass and for growing in the open ground. Its short top and rapid growth makes it a great favorite with market men, and its mild, sweet quality wins the favor of the consumer. Extensively grown by gardeners everywhere.

**CRIMSON GIANT**—This Giant Radish develops bulbs twice the size of any of the existing round red and forcing sorts. The roots are very attractive, of a bright crimson color, flesh white, crisp, firm and tender. First-class for forcing or outdoor culture.



**WHITE TIPPED SCARLET RADISH**

**WHITE TIP SPARKLER**—This is a new extra early, white-tipped, round radish. It is distinct in that the white tip is larger and more pronounced than in any other sort. Much more of the root is white than shown in our illustration, and the contrasting colors being so nearly equal gives it a more attractive appearance than any of the varieties now on the list. Well adapted for either forcing in frames or for the private garden. Will brighten the whole table if placed in a glass dish where colors show to good advantage. Quality unsurpassed; remain solid and crisp a long time.

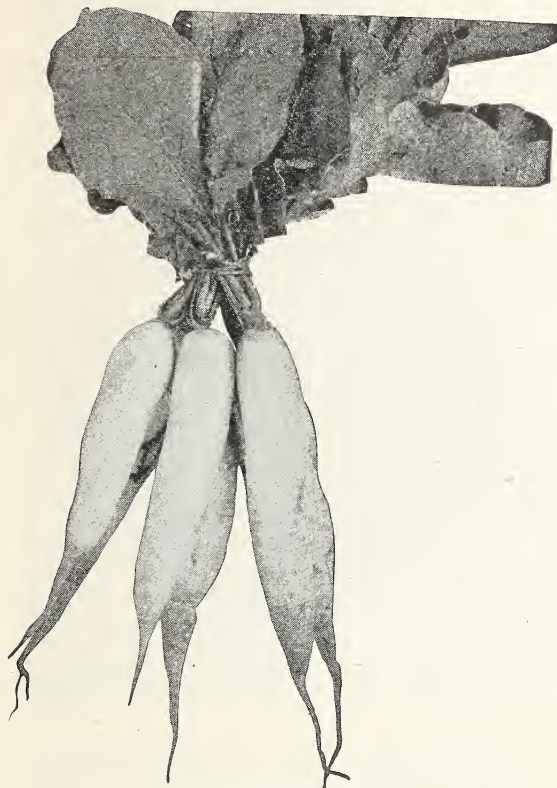
**EARLY SCARLET TURNIP**—A round, red, turnip-shaped radish with small tops and of very quick growth, deserving general cultivation on account of its rich, scarlet red color and white, crisp and tender flesh. Very desirable for early outdoor planting, as well as forcing.

**FRENCH BREAKFAST**—A quick growing, small olive-shaped radish about 1½ inches long by ¾ to ¾ of an inch in diameter when fully grown. Color, beautiful deep scarlet except a little clear white about the tip. Its small top and earliness make it very desirable for growing under glass as well as for planting outdoors.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## RADISHES—Continued



### WHITE ICICLE

**ICICLE**—A splendid long variety of almost transparent whiteness. Produces nice roots in twenty-two days from the date of sowing, and it continues in prime condition for a long period, so that in one sowing of seed, nice, crisp radishes may be had from spring until midsummer. It is much the most popular sort in the entire list. There is no variety that grows more uniform in type, and there are none that surpass it in quality. We recommend it as the very best early radish.

**WOOD'S EARLY FRAME**—This is not only a very good variety for forcing, being shorter and thicker than the old Long Scarlet Short Top, but is one of the very best sorts for first crop out of doors.

**EARLY LONG SCARLET, SHORT TOP, IMPROVED**—This is a standard, most excellent sort, either for the home garden or the market. The tops are short and comparatively small. The roots are smooth, slender, uniform in shape and a very attractive bright carmine-red in color. They grow about one-fourth to one-third out of the ground and continue crisp and tender until fully matured, when they are about six inches long.

**WHITE STRASBURG**—Of handsome, oblong, tapering shape, both skin and flesh being pure white. The flesh is firm, brittle and tender and retains its crispness even if old and large. Excellent for summer use. Very popular because it remains fit for use a long time and does not get pithy. Sometimes called the Sandwich Radish.

**WHITE LADY FINGER**—Of slender, graceful form and remarkably crisp, brittle and tender. Not so good as Icicle for forcing but has long been popular for open ground culture.

**JINCCINATI MARKET**—Long, smooth, slender, uniform, tapering roots about 6 to 7 inches long, and  $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch in diameter at the shoulder. It is of a fine, deep red color and one of the best of the early long varieties.

### Summer Varieties

**IMPROVED CHARTIER OR SHEPHERD**—One of the best long radishes for planting outdoors for early summer use in the home garden, and used also for the market. The tops are of medium size. The roots are in good condition for the table when half an inch thick and continue hard and crisp until they reach a diameter of about one and one-fourth inches, thus affording good roots for a long time. The roots are rather long, averaging seven to eight inches when mature, bright scarlet-rose in color, shading into white at the tip.

**WHITE GIANT STUTTGART**—The roots are large, often four inches in diameter, white and are usually top shaped. The flesh is white and crisp, and keeps remarkably well, so that those not used in the summer or fall can be stored for early winter use.

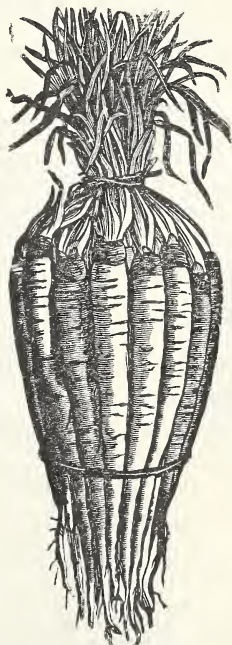
### Winter Varieties

**ROUND BLACK SPANISH**—Grows to a large size; very solid.

**CALIFORNIA WHITE MAMMOTH**—One of, if not the largest, radish. Often a foot or more in length. Firm flesh and keeps perfectly.

**LONG BLACK SPANISH WINTER**—Oblong, of very large size and firm texture, with dark green leaves. Is sown earlier than fall turnips and should be stored in cellar for winter use.

**CHINESE ROSE WINTER**—A bright scarlet winter variety. About four inches long and stumpy-rooted. Like Chinese White Winter, only red colored and two weeks earlier.



MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND

## SALSIFY OR VEGETABLE OYSTER

One of the most desirable winter vegetables. The roots when cooked are very palatable and nutritious and are served in a variety of ways. The flavor is similar to oysters. Salsify succeeds best in a light, well enriched soil, which should be stirred to a good depth. Coarse and fresh manure should be avoided, as it will surely cause the roots to grow uneven and ill-shaped. Sow early and quite deep, giving the general culture recommended for parsnip. The roots are perfectly hardy and may remain out all winter, but should be dug early in spring, as they deteriorate rapidly after growth commences. Frost does not injure the roots, but before the ground freezes a quantity for winter use may be stored in a pit or in a very cool cellar.

**MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND**—This variety is large and strong growing with long, smooth, white, tapering roots, and is less liable to branch than the other sorts. Tops grassy. It is invaluable for market gardeners' use. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.50, Postpaid.

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## SPINACH

All Spinach except where noted, packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 35c, Prepaid.

**PRINCESS JULIANA**—Large, crumpled dark green leaves, suitable for summer or autumn planting. We are convinced that the Princess Juliana Spinach will become the most popular variety on the market, not only for its rapid, uniform growth and delicious and tempting flavor; but also because it remains in prime condition longer before bolting to seed than any other sort. Price: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 50c.

**BLOOMSDALE, OR SAVOY LEAVED**—Of upright growth; leaves curled and crimped, thick and fleshy. Keeps well after cutting. Suitable for fall sowing.

**LARGE, ROUND, THICK LEAF VIROFLAY**—A most valuable variety with very large thick leaves, making it especially desirable where bulk is wanted.

**LONG STANDING**—Leaves dark green and thick. Not inclined to run to seed for a long time. Very popular with market gardeners.

**NEW ZEALAND**—The stems and leaves are soft, thick, fleshy, and of a crystalline appearance. Started early in the spring, the plants will resist heat and make a strong growth during the summer. Pick off the leaves from the stem, cooking them only, and you will have delicious greens all summer long. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00, Postpaid.

## RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT

**VICTORIA GIANT**—This is a very large and late variety, with round stalks of great length and thickness; produces a succession of stalks the whole season; held in high esteem by the market gardeners. Packet, 10c; oz., 25c, Postpaid.

**LINNEUS**—Large and tender, very fine. Packet, 10c; oz., 25c, Postpaid.

**RHUBARB ROOTS**—Per dozen, \$1.00; per 100, \$6.00; Not Prepaid.



GIANT SUMMER CROOKNECK

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



WARTED HUBBARD

## SQUASH OR CYMBLING

**CULTURE**—About the same as melons. Make the ground very rich. A good sandy loam is best. The squashes are all tender, and the seed should not be planted until warm weather. Allow 4x4 feet for the hills for the bush squashes and 8x8 feet or more for the running varieties. Four plants to the hill; 3 to 4 pounds of seed to the acre. For summer squashes estimate 2 ounces to 100 hills; for winter squashes 4 ounces to 100 hills. Use Bug Death, or Slug Shot to keep down the bugs.

### Winter Varieties

**HUBBARD**—The leading squash for fall and winter use. Flesh dark yellow, fine-grained, being an ideal cooking variety. Very dry, sweet and rich. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50, Postpaid.

**CHICAGO WARTED HUBBARD**—Is an exceptionally good keeper. Is larger than the original Hubbard and in addition is "warted," which indicates a hard shell and a long keeper. It also denotes fine quality. A great improvement over the old Hubbard. Fine for market or shipping. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50, Postpaid.

**"DES MOINES"**—This is a small acorn-shaped dark green Squash, almost black, about 5 or 6 inches long and 4 inches in diameter. The running vines are vigorous and the ground is literally dotted with the dark-colored Squashes, which are the very essence of quality. It makes excellent pies and can be cooked whole when young, and it is also a good keeper. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00, Postpaid.

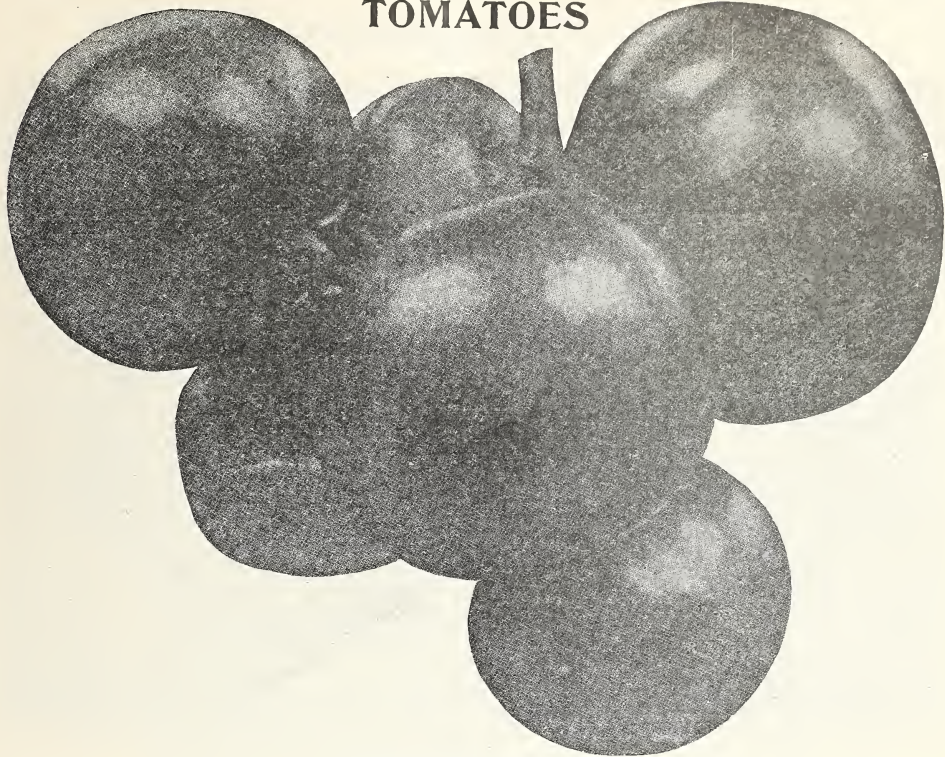
### Summer Varieties

**MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH**—The fruit is beautiful, clear, waxy-white instead of the yellowish white so often seen in the old stock, and is much larger. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25, Postpaid.

**GOLDEN SUMMER CROOKNECK**—An old-time variety, grown extensively. It is early and productive and of good flavor. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25, Postpaid.



## TOMATOES



CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL

All Varieties except where noted, Packet, 10c; oz., 40c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.25, Postpaid.

**CULTURE**—Sow the seed in February or March in a hotbed, greenhouse or in shallow boxes in the house, in rows 4 to 6 inches apart and half an inch deep. When the plants are about 2 inches high transplant to 3-inch pots or into shallow boxes 4 inches apart. One ounce of seed will produce 2,500 plants, enough for an acre.

**MARGLOBE**—A second-early, red-fruited variety, highly wilt resistant. Its plants are medium large, erect, and fairly dense. Usually produces heavy yields of large, smooth, meaty, globular fruits, which ripen uniformly around stem end, resists cracking well, and maintains good quality throughout a relatively long picking season. Has given excellent results in many tests in both canners' and truckers' fields. Pkt., 15c; oz., 50c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50.

**BONNY BEST**—The fruits of this desirable early sort are most attractive in shape and color. The crop ripens more uniformly than any other early scarlet fruited sort, and is of superior solidity and interior color. The vines are vigorous and produce a good crop of exceptionally round and deep fruits, bright deep scarlet in color and of very good quality. One of the best for gardeners whose trade demands fruits of beautiful shape and color. A very good variety for the early market and home garden.

**CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL (Bright Scarlet)**—Extra early in maturity, coming in very shortly after Spark's Earliana, but a heavier cropper, with fruits of larger size and sweeter flavor. It is bright red or scarlet; in quality and handsome appearance like the Matchless, but distinctly earlier. A particular advantage is its hardy, vigorous and robust growth, admitting of earlier setting in the field, as it is claimed that it withstands cool weather and blight where more tender sorts would be injured. It continues bearing through a long season.

**SPARK'S EARLIANA**—Probably no early tomato has so large a sale as Spark's Earliana. Extremely early, remarkable for large size, handsome shape, and beautiful bright red color. Its solidity and fine qualities fully equal the best late sorts. One of the most profitable crops for

the market gardener and especially desirable in the home garden.

**JOHN BAER**—An extra early scarlet fruited variety of superior merit. The vines are exceptionally productive. The fruits are the largest of the extra early sorts and are also most attractive in color. They are nearly round, smooth, firm and of excellent quality. It is one of the very earliest to ripen and it continues to furnish marketable fruits much longer than other market varieties. It is an invaluable sort for market gardeners.

**DWARF CHAMPION**—The best early tomato grown; entirely distinct in habit of growth and foliage; vines are dwarf and compact, grow stiff and upright, with thick, short jointed stems.

**TRUCKER'S FAVORITE**—A very large purple tomato of superior quality, solid and free from cracks. An ideal shipper and a superb variety for the table.

**DWARF STONE**—A dwarf sturdy plant like the Dwarf Champion in habit, but of stronger growth. The fruits are large and resemble the original Stone. The shape is perfect, with good skin, very solid flesh and of excellent flavor. The plants are very stocky and do not spread much.

**DWARF PONDEROSA**—Dwarf plant and giant fruit. The fruit has the mild sweet flavor of Ponderosa, is also very large and meaty, with very little core. It is deep purplish-crimson in color and belongs to the later-fruited types. Packet, 10c; oz., 50c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50, Postpaid.

**PONDEROSA**—This mammoth tomato is a great favorite for the home garden because of its immense size, stone-like solidity, delicious quality and beautiful appearance, whether stewed, sliced, fried, stuffed and baked or canned. Contains very few seeds; is all "meat" and of perfect form. Is valuable to grow for market, and forces under glass. A very heavy yielder. Packet, 10c; oz., 50c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50, Postpaid.

**GOLDEN PONDEROSA**—Large, smooth fruits of golden yellow, attractive for slicing and mixing with sliced red sorts. Pkt., 15c; oz., 50c, Postpaid.

**CRIMSON CUSHION OR BEEFSTEAK**—Large size, nearly round and of very good quality. The color is bright scarlet and flesh very thick and meaty. Pkt., 15c; oz., 50c, Postpaid.

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



## TOMATOES—Continued



**ADAMS EXCELSIOR**  
For Description see Specialty page 2

All varieties except where noted, packet, 10c; oz., 40c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.25, Postpaid.

**JUNE PINK**—This may briefly be described as a pink Spark's Earliana. About ten days earlier than most early sorts.

**EARLY DETROIT**—This splendid variety is the largest and best of the early purplish pink tomatoes. The vines are vigorous and very productive. The fruits are very smooth, uniform in size, nearly globe-shaped, firm, and of excellent quality. Early Detroit is one of the most valuable shipping tomatoes yet produced. It is also desirable for the home garden and near markets.

**MATCHLESS**—A splendid red, main crop variety. A splendid keeper and shipper. Less liable to crack in wet weather than most sorts. Fine for market or table. The plant is a strong grower. The fruits are large, perfectly smooth, free from core.

**STONE TOMATO**—Large, regularly shaped fruit. Flesh firm. Skin scarlet. A good shipper. This is one of the best and most popular main crop varieties. The plant is a strong grower, is very prolific and produces a crop of large, smooth fruits almost round in shape, being very deep and slightly flattened at base and top. The color is an attractive, vivid scarlet. The skin is tough and the flesh unusually solid and firm, making it one of the best keeping and shipping varieties. The quality is unsurpassed for either cooking, canning or slicing, being meaty, firm and of excellent flavor.

Stone Tomato is one of the very best large fruited sorts grown for main crop.

**REDHEAD**—An early, deep red variety of good size and shape. It is very meaty and nearly free from cracks. Fruit is very smooth and runs quite uniform in size; very productive. Pkt., 15c; oz., 50c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, Postpaid.

### Adams' New Globe

It is of a beautiful globe-shape, with quite a percentage of elongated fruits, which permits of a greater number of slices being taken than with flat-fruited sorts. Among the very first to ripen, although of large size, very smooth, firm-fleshed, few seeds, ripens evenly; color a beautiful glossy rose, tinged purple. Flavor very delicate and agreeable; splendid slicing variety. A good general cropper, and one of the very best for greenhouse growing, or first-early crop. Pkt., 15c; oz., 50c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50, Postpaid.

**GREATER BALTIMORE**—An excellent main-crop sort, producing large, solid, smooth fruit of a brilliant red color. It ripens evenly to the stem and is entirely free from ridges. Used extensively by canners. Pkt., 15c; oz., 50c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50, Postpaid.

**PURPLE KING**—See Specialty page 2.

### Preserving Tomatoes

The following small-fruited varieties are used for making preserves, and are also quite ornamental. **Pear-Shaped Red, Pear-Shaped Yellow, Yellow Plum**, Each at 10c per Packet; 50c per oz., Postpaid.

## TOBACCO

**HAVANA**—From pure Cuban grown seed. When grown in this country commands a high price for cigar stock. Packet, 10c, Postpaid.

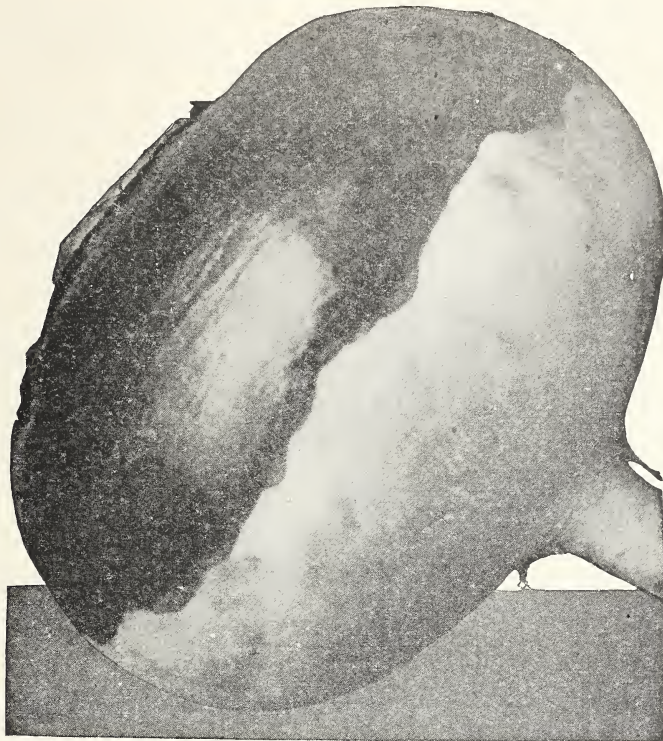
**MISSOURI BROAD LEAF**—Extensively grown in Kansas and Missouri; the large broad leaves are used for the wrappers. Packet, 10c, Postpaid.

**WHITE BURLEY**—Largely used for the manufacture of cigars, as the leaf of this variety readily absorbs a large quantity of manufacturing material. Packet, 10c, Postpaid.

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# TURNIPS



**LARGE EARLY PURPLE TOP GLOBE**

**CULTURE**—Sow early varieties in April, in drills 12 to 18 inches apart. Cover seed one-half inch and thin out to 4 to 6 inches in the row. Cultivate frequently. For succession, sow at intervals until the last week in May. For Fall and Winter crop, sow in July or August in drills or broadcast. Use one ounce to 250 feet of drill; 1½ pounds per acre in drills or 2½ pounds broadcast.

**EARLY WHITE MILAN**—Entire bulb of a soft creamy white. Small tops and with a single small tap-root. Flesh pure white, fine grained, sweet, and tender. The earliest white Turnip, very smooth and handsome. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00, Postpaid.

**EXTRA-EARLY PURPLE-TOP MILAN (Strap-Leaf)**—This splendid new Turnip is the earliest in cultivation. The bulbs are flat, medium size, smooth, and free from rootlets, with thin and crisp white flesh of excellent flavor. The upper portion of the bulb is a rich purple, while the lower half is pure white. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00, Postpaid.

**PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE**—The bulbs measure six inches and more in diameter, being of perfectly globe form; the upper portion is of rich purplish red, and the lower half is clear, creamy white. Flesh white, firm, and crisp, of mild flavor. It is an excellent keeper, and being so productive, is one of the best to grow for stock feeding. The plants, being of such large, strong growth, should be thinned more severely than with small early sorts. This variety is very extensively used for market growing. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 75c, Postpaid.

**PURPLE TOP (Strap Leaved)**—This is an early variety and a great favorite for table use; form exceedingly flat like a broad disk in shape, and of medium size; color, purple or dark red above ground, white below; flesh white, fine grained and tender. Popular for garden or field culture. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 75c, Postpaid.

**SNOW BALL**—A fine-looking pure white variety which matures in from six to seven weeks. The bulbs have a smooth white skin and are nearly round. This Turnip does not grow large, but is one of the best to sow very early in the spring. It can be used before fully grown, in which case it is very tender and sweet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00, Postpaid.

**RUTABAGA, AMERICAN PURPLE TOP**—Days to maturity, 90. This type of rutabaga has been grown in this country for a hundred years. The American strain is a selection from the older English type. It has been selected for a smaller top and shorter neck than is usually found in England. The roots are globular, but grow to a large size and are of splendid quality. An excellent sort for either table use or stock feeding. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c, Postpaid.

## Herbs—Sweet, Medicinal, Pot

### Prices Postpaid

	lb.	¼ lb.	oz.
Anise. . . . .	\$1.00	\$0.30	\$0.10
Basil, Sweet. . . . .	2.00	.50	.15
Borage. . . . .	1.25	.40	.15
Caraway. . . . .	1.50	.50	.10
Coriander. . . . .	1.00	.25	.10
Dill. . . . .	.75	.25	.10
Fennel, Sweet. . . . .	2.00	.60	.20
Horehound. . . . .	5.00	1.50	.50
Lavender. . . . .	5.00	1.75	.50
Marjoram, Sweet. . . . .	4.00	1.25	.30
Sage. . . . .	4.00	1.25	.50
Summer Savory. . . . .	4.00	1.25	.50
Thyme. . . . .	10.00	3.00	1.25
Sorrel. . . . .	1.50	.50	.20

For prices on larger quantities of Garden Seeds, send for our Special Price List.



# Flower Seeds

**FOR CUT FLOWERS**—Snapdragon, Alyssum, Aster, Calendula, Calliopsis, Candytuft, Carnation, Flowering Centaureas, Cosmos, Dahlia, Shasta Daisy, Pinks, Eschscholtzia, Gaillardia, Heliotrope, Marigold, Mignonette, Nasturtium, Scabiosa, Stocks, Sweet William, Sweet Peas, and Zinnia.

**FOR EDGING AND LOW BORDERS**—Alyssum, Candytuft, Dusty Miller Centaureas, Daisy, Forget-Me-Not, Lobelia, Portulaca.

**FOR BORDERS AND BEDDING**—6 to 12 inches high. Alyssum, Candytuft, Dusty Miller Centaureas, Dwarf Cockscomb, Daisy, Dianthus, Forget-Me-Not, Lobelia, Mignonette, Pansy, Bedding Petunia, Dwarf Phlox, Iceland Poppy.

**FOR BORDERS AND BEDDING**—1 to 2 feet high. Ageratum, Snapdragon, Aquilegia or Columbine, Asters, Balsam, Calendula, Calliopsis, Candytuft, Carnation, Coleus, Centaurea, Shasta Daisy, Pinks, Eschscholtzia, Forget-Me-Not, Heliotrope, Dwarf Larkspur, Marigold, Marvel of Peru, Mignonette, Dwarf Nasturtium, Nigella, Petunia,

Phlox, Poppy, Salvia, Scabiosa, Stocks, Sweet William, Verbena, Vinca, and Zinnia.

**FOR MOUNDS AND ROCKERIES**—Alyssum, Candytuft, Lobelia, Portulaca, Thunbergia, and Verbena.

**FOR TALL BEDS, GROUPS AND BACKGROUNDS**—Amaranthus, Calendula, Calliopsis, Canna, Canterbury Bells, Tall and Plumbed Cockscomb, Cosmos, Dahlia, Shasta Daisy, Digitalis, Hollyhock, Kochia or Burning Bush, Perennial Larkspur, African Marigold, Oriental Poppy, Ricinus, Salvia, Scabiosa, and Zinnia.

**FOR BASKETS AND VASES**—Alyssum, Dusty Miller Centaureas, Lobelia, Tall Nasturtium, and Petunia.

**PLANT IN BOXES AND TRANSPLANT**—Ageratum, Alyssum, Aster, Calendula, Canterbury Bells, Calliopsis, Cockscomb, Cosmos, Marigold, Marvel of Peru, Petunia, Ricinus, Salvia, Sweet William and Verbena. These may also be planted where they are to grow.



GIANT COMET ASTER

## Asters

Seed may be sown outdoors as early in spring as the ground is warm and dry, or for earlier blooming may be started indoors or in a cold frame and transplanted in the open ground after danger of killing frost is over.

**VICTORIA**—Petals are broad and thick and curve outward, overlapping to resemble those of the double dahlia. Plants about 18 inches high and free flowering. Mixed—Pkt., 10c; 1 oz., \$2.50.

**QUEEN OF THE MARKET**—Desirable on account of earliness. The plants are branching, about 18 inches high, bearing on long stems 10 to 15 finely formed double flowers of medium size. Fine for cutting. Colors. Mixed pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

**GIANT COMET**—Petals are very long and recurved and twisted near center. Plants branching about 2 feet high. Coming into bloom rather late. Pure white, pink, dark blue, light blue, rose red, and mixed.

Each of above, pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50.

**SEMPLE'S BRANCHING**—Strong growing Asters, usually not coming into bloom until the latter part of August, producing on very long stems full petaled, large, double blossoms. Plants branching about 2 feet high. Crimson, dark blue, light blue, shell pink, white, and finest mixed. Packet, 10c; oz., \$1.25.

## Ageratum

A beautiful, hardy annual of neat bushy habit. The feathery flowers borne in dense clusters very useful for bouquets. Desirable for outdoor bedding and borders, being covered with bloom all summer.

Sow outdoors after frost is over; for earlier blooming start under glass and transplant. Cover seed with one-eighth to one-fourth inch of fine soil pressed down.

**IMPERIAL DWARF**—6 inch. A charming variety, of fine, compact growth. White, blue, and all colors mixed. Pkt. each, 10c; ¼ oz., 20c.

**MEXICANUM, BLUE**—A fine border variety, growing into showy plants 2 feet tall. The plants branch freely close to the ground and are covered all during summer and fall with clusters of bright azure blue flowers. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 20c.

## Alyssum

The annual varieties can be grown very readily. Seed can be sown in open ground very early in spring, or may also be sown outdoors in fall.

**LITTLE GEM (Maritimum Compactum, Carpet of Snow)**—A beautiful white sort for edgings, borders and rock work. The plants grow about six inches high, produce hundreds of flowers and form a compact mass of bloom usually fifteen to eighteen inches across. Hardy annual.

Packet, 10c; oz., 75c.

## Antirrhinum (Snapdragon)

Easily raised from seed in any rich sunny bed. Giant flowering, very fragrant, produced on long spikes well adapted for cut-flowers.

**QUEEN VICTORIA**—Very beautiful, bearing immense flowers, white shaded cream, with lemon-colored lip. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**SILVER PINK**—Delicate rosy pink, seemingly covered with a silver sheen. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

**CANARY YELLOW**—Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**CORAL RED**—Dark rose. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**BRILLIANT SCARLET**—Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**MIXED**—Exceedingly bright and rich colors. Good house plant after finishes blooming all summer. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 20c.

## Asparagus

Seeds start slowly and should be soaked in warm water before sowing.

**PLUMOSUS NANUS**—One of the prettiest house plants. Per 100 seed 75c.

**SPRENGERI**—This is one of the most beautiful plants for either pot culture or hanging-baskets. Per 100 seed 35c.

## Balsam

**DOUBLE MIXED**—One of the most beautiful of annuals, and under the names Lady Slipper and Touch-Me-Not, has always been popular, but in the last few years, it has been greatly improved. Flowers are most brilliantly colored, very large and double. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.



## FLOWER SEED—Continued

### *Calliopsis*

**TALL MIXED**—Unlike other calliopsis this variety is a fine bedding plant as well as for bouquets. Very profuse bloomer. About 2 feet high. Annuals doing well in any sunny position, blooming all summer. It is best to sow them where they are to bloom, thinning out to stand 8 inches to 12 inches apart. By keeping the old flowers cut off the flowering season can be lengthened until late autumn. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.**

### *Castor Beans*

**NEW ZANZIBAR**—Surpassing in size and beauty all varieties heretofore known. Plant grows from 10 to 15 feet high, leaves measure about 30 inches. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.**

### *Centaurea Cyanus* (Bachelor Button)

Known as Bachelor Button, Ragged Sailor or Cornflower. Not pretentious, but will always charm by its beauty.

**DOUBLE BLUE**—Is now a standard variety and largely used by the commercial florist, who quickly recognized its value as a cut flower. **Packet, 10c; oz., 75c.**

**ALL COLORS MIXED**—**Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.**

### *Centaurea Imperialis* (Sweet Sultan)

This beautiful class is undoubtedly the finest of all Sweet Sultans for cut flower purposes. The sweet scented flowers are on long, strong stems; when cut will last for several days. All colors mixed. **Packet, 10c; oz., 75c.**

### *White-Leaved Centaureas* (Dusty Millers)

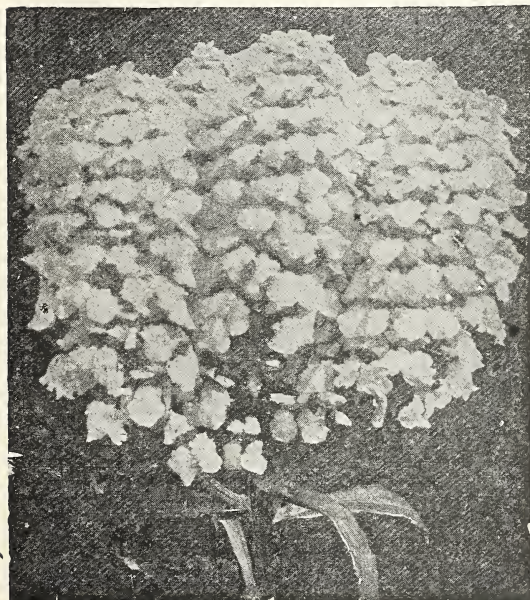
Silver-foliage plants; extensively used for edgings, hanging baskets, etc.

**CANDIDISSIMA**—Very thick, broadly cut, slippery white leaves. One foot high. **Packet, 10c.**  
**GYMNOCARPA**—Leaves fern-like; silvery gray color. Fine for borders; 1½ feet. **Packet, 10c.**

### *Candytuft*

Showy, branching plants twelve to fifteen inches high and bearing in profusion terminal clusters of beautiful single cruciform flowers in a wide range of colors. Indispensable for cutting. All varieties look best in beds or masses; easy to cultivate, and blooms profusely.

**BEST MIXED**—All colors. **Packet, 10c; oz., 30c.**



CANDYTUFT



CALENDULA

### *Calendula*

The improved varieties are extremely showy, having double flowers of large size and intense glowing colors. Seed may be started indoors early in pots or sown in shallow drills in the flower-bed early in spring when the trees are starting out in leaf. When well started, young plants should be thinned out or transplanted to stand six or eight inches apart. **Fine mixed. Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.**

**EXTRA SELECT ORANGE KING**—Large, double flowers of intense golden-orange. **Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.**

### *Carnation*

Cover the seed lightly, and shade from the strong rays of the sun. When the young plants are two or three inches high, they may be transplanted in well-prepared beds, 12 to 18 inches apart. The seed may be sown any time between March and September.

**MARGUERITE FINEST MIXED**—The plants bloom in four months. Flowers large, double, deeply fringed, fragrant and appear in very attractive shades of color. Plants semi-dwarf. One of the best carnations in cultivation. Especially desirable for bedding as an annual and for cutting. **Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.**

**RED GRENADIN**—For yielding a quantity of double red flowers, no outdoor Carnation can equal it. **Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.**

### *Cockscomb*

The Cristata or "Cockscomb" varieties are in good demand for beds, borders and pots, becoming more popular each season. Dwarf. All colors mixed. Extra choice. **Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.**

**GIANT EMPRESS**—Rich purple flower-heads and fine bronze-colored foliage. A remarkable variety of immense size and compact growth. **Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.**

### *Chinese Wool Flower* (*Celosia Childsii*)

This unique type of *Celosia* forms large globular heads like balls of wool or chenille, and of a rich bright red color. Plants, 2 to 3 feet in height, branch freely, each branch terminating with a flower-head. It continues in flower from early summer until frost. **Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.**



## FLOWER SEED-Continued

### *Cosmos*

**MAMMOTH PERFECTION**—Grows from four to six feet high, and is covered with large single, Dahlia-like flowers, in all shades, mixed colors of rose, purple, and white. Packet, 10c; oz., 30c.

**EARLY FLOWERING**—More dwarf than those offered above, bloom earlier, at mid-summer the bushes are smothered with their attractive flowers. Early Flowering, all Colors, Mixed, Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

### *Eschscholtzia*

(THE CALIFORNIA POPPY) is a showy, free-flowering plant of lowspreading growth, with finely divided foliage, blooming throughout the season. Seed should be sown thinly in shallow drills early in spring where the plants are to bloom. Where a solid bed is desired, seed may be thinly broadcasted and lightly raked in. Single Mixed, Packet, 10c; oz., 50c.

### *Four O'Clock*

**MIRABILIS OR MARVEL OF PERU**—Sow in spring in open ground after danger of frost is over in any well prepared soil, cover with  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch of fine soil, firmly pressed down. For the best development plants should be from 2 to 3 feet apart. Hardy annual, 2 feet high. Large, shrub-like plants with funnel-shaped flowers of many colors. Mixed, Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.



### *Gaillardia*

(The Blanket Flower.) Beautiful annuals, very showy plants, 1 to 2 feet high, producing a double flower, round as a ball, pleasing colors. Flowers borne on long, slender stems, when cut keep for a week. Packet, 10c; oz., 50c.

### *Gypsophila Annual*

**ELEGANS GRANDIFLORA ALBA** (Angel's Breath). Graceful plants of fairy-like growth. In demand for cutting and combining with other flowers. An improved, large-flowering, pure white, of free, easy growth. Several sowings should be made during season to keep up supply. Packet, 10c; oz., 30c.

### *Helichrysum (Straw Flower)*

Hardy annual of easiest culture; our best "Everlasting" flowers, the dried double blooms being handsome in winter bouquets. Gather before the blooms expand and hang heads downwards in cool place. An excellent mixture. Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.

### *Heliotrope*

Much admired border and bedding plants, valued for the blue color and fragrance of their branching clusters of small salver-shaped flowers. Sow seed early in spring, in mellow soil indoors, when plants are one to two inches high,

put into pots. Transplant when three to four inches high. Half hardy perennial; one and one-half to two feet high.

**ELEGANS MIXED**—Very small, delicate white and rose pink. Packet, 10c.

### *Kochia*

An easily-grown annual, which sown thinly in spring, soon forms a cypress-like hedge of the most lively green and of perfect symmetry; by mid-summer it attains a height of about 3 feet, and late in the autumn the whole plant becomes a deep red. Pkt., 10c.

### *Job's Tears*

**COIX LACHRYMAE**—Curious ornamental grass from East India, with broad, corn-like leaves and seeds of a light slate color. Valuable for formation of winter bouquets with everlasting flowers, and strings of handsome beads are formed from the seeds. Height three feet. Hardy annual. Packet, 10c.

### *Annual Larkspurs*

The annual Larkspurs are suitable for cutting all through the season. The following are the stock-flowered type which produces the finest flowers.

**DARK BLUE**—Very rich. Pkt., 20c; oz., \$1.00.

**SKY BLUE**—Pkt., 15c; oz., 75c.

**ROSE-PINK** color, charming variety. Pkt., 15c; oz., 75c.

**LUSTROUS CARMINE OR NEWPORT PINK**—Pkt., 20c; oz., \$1.00.

**MIXED, ALL COLORS**—Pkt., 15c; oz., 75c.

### *Lantana*

Plants form small shrubs, producing in late summer and autumn heliotrope-like clusters of single, fragrant flowers that change colors. Succeeded by berries that turn to a deep hue. Start under glass and transplant when frost is over. May also be grown in pots. Height two feet. **FINEST FRENCH HYBRIDS MIXED.** Packet, 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 20c.

### *Lobelia*

**CRYSTAL PALACE COMPACTA**—The dwarf sorts are charming plants, adapted for bedding, pots, neat edging and are effective in masses, being covered with flowers a long time. Sow outdoors after danger of frost is over; or start plants in pots in greenhouse or hot-bed, early in spring and transplant in May to place outdoors. Half hardy annual; about six inches high, blue with lighter center. Pkt., 10c.

### *Love-in-a-Mist (Nigella)*

Also known as Lady-in-the-Green and as Devil-in-a-Bush, because the blossoms are partly concealed by the finely cut foliage. The large oddly shaped flowers are surrounded by a very dense fringe or wreath of mossy fibres. Both plant and flower are handsome and require but little care. Sow seed in spring in any good garden soil, or may be sown in fall. Hardy annual.

**DAMASCENA**—Double blue flowers; one and one-half to two feet high. Packet, 10c; 1 oz., 50c.

### *Marigold*

A favorite for planting in mixed beds and gardens, as they produce great numbers of brilliant colored flowers that are always a bright spot wherever planted.

**TALL AFRICAN MIXED**—Large double flowers. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 25c.

**LEMON QUEEN**—Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 75c.

**ORANGE QUEEN**—Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 75c.

**DWARF FRENCH**—Double, mixed colors. Pkt., 10c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 25c.

### *Mignonette*

**SWEET SCENTED**—The fragrance of the Mignonette makes it indispensable for bouquets and cutting. Sow seed early and they will commence blooming the first of June.

Packet, 10c; 1 oz., 30c.

## FLOWER SEED—Continued

*Nasturtium*

Few plants are more easily grown or remain longer in bloom than the *Nasturtium*. In favorable soil flowers are produced in abundance throughout the season. Seed is usually sown outdoors as soon as the weather is warm, in the row where the plants are to remain. Well pulverized soil, well drained and moderately rich, should be used and the seed covered with about one inch of fine soil, firmly pressed down. A sunny situation is essential. If the soil is very rich the plants give a large amount of foliage but few flowers.

It is fine for cutting. The tall or trailing variety is a useful plant for walls or stumps, also for porch boxes or hanging baskets. The dwarf varieties form compact bushes. Both flower all summer.

*Tall or Climbing*

Of quick growth, covering a wall, hedge, or trellis in a short time. The brilliant blossoms almost cover the plant from top to bottom. On cloudy days when "high fog" is overhead, yellow flowers, such as *Nasturtiums*, are particularly pleasing. A cheerful tone runs through all the shades and the colors are exceptionally bright.

**COQUETTE**—A fancy strain of large flowered *Nasturtiums*, quite distinct from the ordinary varieties. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c.

**MOONLIGHT**—Light straw-yellow; very large and fine flowering. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c.

**MIXED**—Good mixture of the ordinary varieties. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c.

*Dwarf Varieties*

The plants form a small, round bush, 12 to 16 inches high, which is a mass of bloom all summer. Do not water too much nor sow on rich ground if abundance of bloom is desired. Dwarf *Nasturtiums* are excellent to line roadways or wherever a tall border is pretty.

**EMPRESS OF INDIA**—Dark reddish green foliage, deep crimson flowers. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c.

**ROSE**—A shade of salmon rose. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c.

**GOLDEN KING**—Fine orange-yellow flowers. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c.

**CLOTH OF GOLD**—Has golden-yellow leaves and bright scarlet flowers. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c.

**VESUVIUS**—A large flowered variety, beautiful blooms of salmon-pink. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c.

**CHAMELEON**—An odd and very interesting strain, producing flowers of several colors and varied markings on one plant. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c.

**PEARL**—A very pale yellow. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c.

**FINE MIXED**—Many colors. Packet, 10c; oz., 15c.

*Poppy*

(Annual Varieties)

**SHIRLEY**—Producing through a long season large single flowers of delicate colors, from pure white through shades of pink and rose to scarlet and carmine-red. If cut before the blooms are fully expanded, they will keep fresh for several days. Hardy annual, about twenty inches high. Packet, 10c; oz., 50c.

**DOUBLE CARNATION MIXED**—Large showy double fringed flowers of various colors; hardy annual, about two feet high. Packet, 10c; ½ oz., 25c.

**POPPY—DOUBLE CHOICE MIXED**—Very large, double poppies in a variety of colors. About two feet high. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 20c.

(See page 37 for perennial varieties.)

*Petunia*

No garden is complete without petunias. They commence flowering early and continue throughout the whole season, until killed by frost, easily cultivated, requiring rich soil and a sunny situation. The single striped, mottled and double varieties have been greatly improved. Double varieties require care and should be started in the house.

*Petunia* Seed is very fine and very expensive; there is therefore but a very little seed, almost like dust, in each packet.

**ROSY MORN**—Bears a great number of flowers of bright rosy pink with white throat. Plants are small, compact and flower freely. Packet, 10c; ½ oz., 75c.

**HOWARD'S STAR-SHAPED**—Entirely distinct—The five-petaled blooms having star-shaped markings of blush-pink or white over maroon ground; very fine. Packet, 15c; ½ oz., 50c.

**FINE MIXED**—Best of older varieties. Extra fine striped and blotched sorts. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**ROYAL PURPLE**—The flowers of this type average 3 to 4 in. in diameter. This makes a beautiful combination if planted with other color petunias. Pkt., 20c.

**GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA MIXED**—Blossoms are very large and colors embrace every shade of crimson, white, violet, lavender, etc. Pkt., 20c.

*Phlox*

(Phlox Drummondii)

No flower excels this in the qualities that make a popular annual. Brilliant and varied colors; profuse bloomer, one of the last to succumb to frosts of late October; excellent for bouquets. Height 18 inches.

**LARGE-FLOWERING**—Mixed. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**STAR-SHAPED**—Long, pointed petals, which give the flowers a star-like appearance; plants grow compact and dwarf.

Mixed, Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 40c.

*Pinks*

Large flowers of brilliant colors and markings; in bloom from July till severe frosts. No flower excels this for a brilliant show of colors through summer. Height, 1 foot.

**DIANTHUS CHINENSIS**—Double China—Mixed. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**DIANTHUS HEDDEWIGI**—Single—Mixed. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

*Portulaca*

(SUN PLANT)—One of the best hardy annuals. Easy to cultivate; thrives best in sunny location. Flowers are of richest colors and bloom the entire summer. Are used for massing in beds, borders, rock work or for sowing broadcast over sunny embankments.

**SINGLE MIXED**—All colors, Packet, 10c; ½ oz., 20c.

**DOUBLE MIXED**—Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.

*Pansies*

Imported New Stock

Seed may be sown indoors very early in spring, or a little later in the open ground, and transplanted when an inch high. Such plants will commence to bloom in June. If sown in September, the plants will bloom the following spring.

**ADAMS' MIXTURE**—Is a mixture consisting of a grand assortment from the world's leading specialists. Fine form and splendid range of colors—often in lighter shades. The rich, velvet petals are thick and heavy. If you like pansies you must have the Adams' Mixture. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c; oz., \$2.50.

**CASSIER'S GIANT MIXED**—Immense size, and the popular Odier type, all three-spotted or five-spotted on backgrounds of rich colors. Flowers are of good substance and form, of compact growth. Packet, 15c; ¼ oz., 75c; oz., \$4.50.



## FLOWER SEED—Continued

### How to Grow Sweet Peas

First of all, plant early, just as soon as the ground can be dug and is not sticky. If you are growing sweet peas every year, prepare your ground in the fall, and dig 18 inches deep, mixing manure thoroughly in subsoil. The surface soil in which the seed is sown should not contain manure. Sow seed three inches deep if on sandy soil, or two if in clay. The roots should not be allowed to become too dry. Water applied once or twice a week, preferably early in the morning or in the evening, is better than light sprinkling more frequently. For the aphid or plant louse, spraying with solutions of some tobacco extract is effective; and for the Red Spider, spraying with pure water is usually sufficient.

### Spencer Sweet Peas

The Spencers have large waved flowers which are produced abundantly on long strong stems, making the blossoms most desirable for cutting. The plants of Spencer varieties when grown outdoors are usually in bloom longer than other sweet peas, as most of the blossoms fall off after maturity without setting pods. A characteristic of the best Spencers is an "open keel."

**APPLE BLOSSOM**—Bright rose standard with wings of light primrose tinted rose-carmine. Free blooming and of robust growth. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.**

**ASTA OHN**—Suffused lavender or tinted mauve sometimes with pinkish tinge. Large and wavy. Among the very best of the deeper lavender Spencers. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.**

**BLANCHE FERRY**—Standard bright carmine rose and wings white and tinted with light pink. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.**

**CRIMSON KING**—A rich deep crimson, does not burn. **Packet, 10c; oz., 30c.**

**COUNTESS**—Bright clear pink, darker towards the edges; large, open form; long stems. Spencer type and considered the best deep pink sweet peas. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.**

**KING EDWARD**—Brilliant crimson-scarlet; very large size and of open form. One of the best of the pure red or crimson Spencers. **Packet, 10c; oz., 30c.**

**KING WHITE**—The form, size, vigor, waviness and purity of color, give it pre-eminence as the best Spencer introduced. Seed white. **Packet, 10c; oz., 35c.**

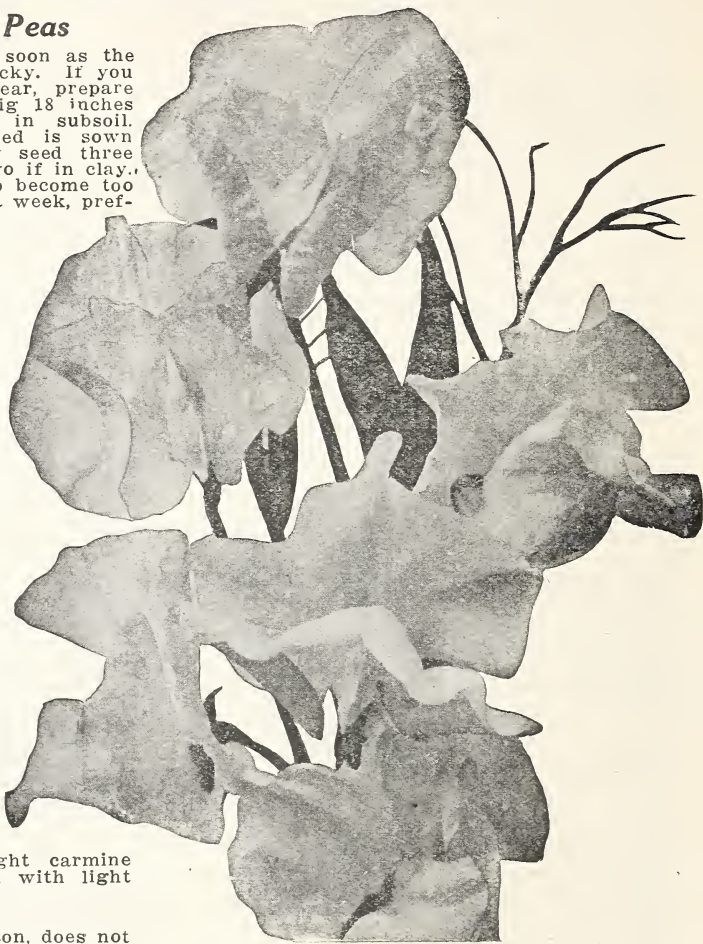
**WHITE**—Standard and wings of pure white, beautifully waved and fluted. An especially attractive variety of very large size. Seed white. **Packet, 10c; oz., 30c.**

**FIERY CROSS**—The wings are a rich cherry orange, harmonizing perfectly with the deeper standard. **Packet, 10c; oz., 30c.**

**BARBARA**—A superb salmon-colored blossom that makes a telling bunch either for exhibition or table decoration. Requires shading against strong sun. **Packet, 10c; oz., 30c.**

**JACK CORNWELL**—Dark violet. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.**

**SPENCER MIXED**—There are many who like to have a showy row of finest mixed Spencers. The blend contains the cream of the finest named Spencer varieties and will delight all who want a grand variety of colors. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.**



### Grandiflora Varieties

(All Varieties: Packet, 10c; oz., 15c.)

**AMERICA**—Clear scarlet on a white ground.

**PRIMA DONNA**—Soft pink.

**BLACK KNIGHT**—Rich glossy blackish maroon. Immense attractive flowers borne in profusion.

**DOROTHY ECKFORD**—The largest flowered white variety. Great bloomer.

**KING EDWARD VII**—A true giant-flowered variety; the best dark red in existence.

**LADY GRISEL HAMILTON**—Lavender with blue wings.

**COUNTESS OF RADNOR**—A beautiful lavender of hooded form, nearly self colored.

**FLORA NORTON**—Light clear blue; medium size.

**JANET SCOTT**—A grand deep rich pink.

**QUEEN ALEXANDRA**—Flowers bright red, large, semi-hooded. Unsurpassed in brilliancy.

**MRS. COLLIER**—A lighter shade of primrose than Mrs. Kenyon. Seed white.

**LORD NELSON (Brilliant Blue)**—The best grandiflora dark blue; semi-hooded.

**MRS. KENYON**—A decided novelty. Large flowered sort, of handsome primrose or yellow color.

**NAVY BLUE**—The darkest and truest blue of any variety. Free bloomer.

**MISS WILLMOTT**—A fine orange-pink, showing veins of deeper tint. Flowers semi-hooded, good size, on long stems; plant very vigorous.

**GRANDIFLORA MIXED**—This mixture made from surplus stocks of seeds as are grown in trial plots together with the seeds from fields of mixed colors. Contains a wide range of new varieties.

## FLOWER SEED—Continued

### *Salvia Splendens*

(Scarlet Sage)

Long a favorite bedding plant, also grown for conservatory decoration, bearing long spikes of flowers in great profusion from July to frost; seed should be sown early, either indoors or in hotbed, and young plants transplanted when weather has become settled and warm. May also be sown in open ground in May.

**SPLENDENS** (Scarlet Sage)—Beautiful bright scarlet; 3 feet. Packet, 10c; oz., \$2.25.

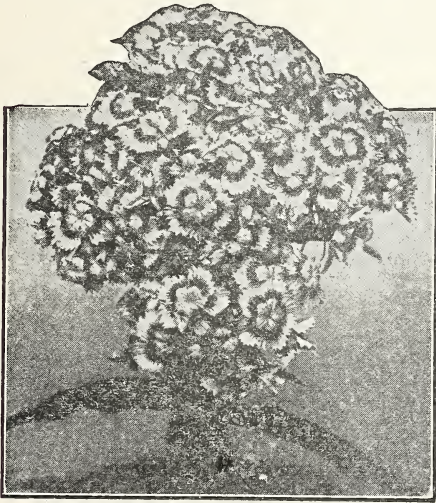
**"BONFIRE"**—One of the finest of Scarlet Sages, growing in a compact bush 2 feet high. Its erect spikes of brilliant scarlet flowers stand above the dark green foliage and cover the plant. Attracts immediate attention in the garden, and is one of the most gorgeous plants in cultivation. Packet, 10c; oz., \$2.50.

**ZURICH**—A splendid dwarf variety, growing about 2 feet high, and is especially valuable on account of being the earliest to bloom, flowering ten days in advance of any other sort. Packet, 20c; oz., \$3.00.

### *Scabiosa*

"Mourning Bride"

A new double, large-flowered annual type descended from the "Sweet Scabious" or "Mourning Bride" but much improved in size, colors and doubleness. Are double clear to center, and have long stems. Very free bloomers; effective for garden decoration and bouquets. Annuals, 1½ to 2 feet high. Mixed colors. Packet, 10c.



### *Sweet William*

Sow outdoors early in spring, in rich, mellow soil, in rows one foot apart. Cover seed one-fourth inch with fine soil firmly pressed down. When two inches high, thin to six inches apart. In more northern latitudes, protect with mulching in winter. Seed can also be sown in fall. There are usually no flowers until second season, but if seed is started early under glass and transplanted, blooms may be had late in autumn. Old clumps may be divided, but it is more satisfactory to start young plants every year or two. Hardy perennial; one and one-half feet high.

**MAMMOTH FLOWERED**—Single Fine Mixed—This mixture will be found especially satisfactory. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

**MAMMOTH FLOWERED**—Double Fine Mixed—Double flowers in a great variety of colors and shades. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

### *Stocks*

Indispensable to lovers of flowers. "Stocks" of today are greatly superior to the old types, being larger and extra double. Will bloom in open ground in ten weeks. Double fine mixed. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.

### *Sunflower*

(Helianthus)

**DWARF DOUBLE**—Far superior to common Sunflowers. The large, rich golden yellow flowers are produced on each branch. Makes a beautiful hedge. Annual. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

### *Sweet Violets*

Sow seed in May, and in August or September, transplant into well-enriched beds. The following spring they bloom, and in early summer will give a profusion of flowers. Finest Mixed, Packet, 15c.

### *Verbenas*

Verbenas flower well in August from seed sown in open ground in May. Germination will be hastened if seed is soaked in lukewarm water before planting. It is desirable to have soil well pulverized. Cover seed about one-fourth inch deep. When young plants have three or four leaves transplant in rows two feet apart and twenty-four inches apart in row, choosing a sunny situation. At this distance the plants, if conditions are favorable, will spread to cover the ground.

**MAMMOTH MIXED**—Plant forms a compact bunch five inches high and eighteen inches across, covered through the season with large white, scarlet and violet flowers. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

### *Vinca*

These attractive bushy plants with glossy green foliage produce handsome round or salver shaped single flowers, suitable for culture in pots or boxes or for summer bedding and borders. If sown early under glass and transplanted in a warm, sheltered situation will bloom in summer and autumn and may be potted for the house before frost. Plants require no trimming, are in continuous bloom until frost and are free from the attacks of insects. These features account for the demand for Vincas in parks and private grounds for summer bedding and borders. Tender perennial, blooming first season, about fifteen inches high.

**ALBA PURA**—Pure white. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.35.

**ROSEA ALBA**—White with crimson eye. Packet, 10c; oz., \$1.35.

**ROSEA**—Rose with crimson eye; flowers often two inches in diameter. A very desirable window plant. Packet, 10c; oz., \$1.35.

**DELICATA**—Soft pink. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50.

**MIXED**—The above named varieties mixed. Packet, 10c; oz., \$1.25.

### *Zinnia Elegans*

**SPECIAL CURLED AND CRESTED ZINNIA**—Produced in all colors and the long, narrow petals are curled. This special mixture contains a large per cent of soft, light colors and for border can hardly be surpassed. Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 65c.

**RED RIDING HOOD**—1 ft. tall, compact form, covered the entire season with button-like, scarlet flowers not over an inch across; as a border plant is highly effective. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.50.

**ELEGANS DWARF MIXED**—1½ to 2 feet tall and a large number of colors produced. The flowers are double and two to three inches in diameter. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 35c; 1 oz., 60c.

**SPECIAL MIXTURE ELEGANS, DOUBLE** This selection contains the whole range of colors known to Zinnias. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 35c; 1 oz., 60c.



## FLOWER SEED—Continued

### Giant Flowered Zinnias

Pkt., 15c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 40c; 1 oz., 75c.

#### Remarkably Large Double Flowers

This magnificent strain attains a height of 2½ feet, the spikes of bloom are long, and individual flowers are double. 4 to 6 inches in diameter and of such glowing color that they are very attractive. The long, soft petals form so well-shaped flowers they rival the finest Dahlias. Can be raised to flower by August, if sown in open ground; but if sown under glass in April will bloom in June and throughout entire season.

### Black Knight Zinnia

Very deep red. We recommend this sort highly.

### Giant White

**Purest White**—Of enormous size, thickly set with velvety petals. Plants are healthy, vigorous, branching freely, and excellent material for groups or cutting.

### Giant Crimson Zinnia

Glowing color; attractive even from distance.

### Giant Canary Yellow Zinnia

Large flowers; long, soft petals. A very fine flower.

### Giant Violet Zinnia

An excellent flower; same type as above sorts.

### Giant Pink Zinnia

The flowers are of enormous size, thickly set with velvet petals.

### Giant Salmon Zinnia

Salmon rose. Remarkable shade, good for cut flowers.

### Superb Mixture of Giant Flowered Zinnia

We offer a rare collection of striking and desirable colors. The petals are decidedly imbricated and the flower from bud to full bloom presents a graceful appearance. You will get far finer flowers than was thought possible from Zinnias a few years ago. **Packet, 15c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 40c; 1 oz., 75c.**

### Seeds of Annual Climbers

**BALSAM APPLE**—A climbing annual, growing about 10 feet long. Has graceful and ornamental foliage, yellow flowers and warted, golden yellow fruit, with large carmine-red seeds. Balsam Apple and Balsam Pear are climbers which thrive in hot locations and are much planted. **Packet, 10c.**

**BEAN (Scarlet Runner)**—A popular climber; the seed is edible and much esteemed. Flowers scarlet; beans black and lake splashed. **Packet, 10c.**

**COBEA SCANDENS (Cup and Saucer Vines)**—A climber of rapid growth; very valuable for covering trellises, arbor, trunks of trees, etc. Will cling to any rough surface, often attaining a height of 30 to 40 feet in one season. **Pkt., 10c.**

**CYPRESS VINE**—A climbing annual with fern-like foliage and star-like flowers. Choice mixed colors. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.**

**HYACINTH BEAN (Mixed Colors)**—Annual climber and rapid grower. Sow seed in open ground late in April. **Packet, 10c.**

**HUMULUS, OR JAPANESE HOP**—A rapid growing, variegated hardy climbing annual with dense leaves. Will grow 20 to 30 feet in a season. **Packet, 10c.**

**THUNBERGIA (Black-eyed Susan)**—A hardy annual climber, grows about 4 feet long. Buff, orange, or white, with dark centers. Mixed. **Packet, 10c.**

### New Cardinal Climber

A new annual climber of the Morning Glory family.

It is a vigorous grower, climbing 20 feet in a season from seed sown in the Spring. The foliage is beautifully cut and graceful. Flowers are brilliant, being a fiery scarlet, individual blooms being about 1½ inches across and produced in clusters of 5 to 7. It flowers profusely the entire Summer, and bids fair to take a place as one of our best annual climbers. It should be planted in a warm, sunny location in good soil. **Packet, 15c; oz., \$2.00.**

### Morning Glory

**CONVOLVULUS MAJOR**—Free flowering, beautiful climbers with rich and varied colored flowers, useful for covering lattice work, verandas, etc.

**IMPERIAL JAPANESE**—**Packet, 10c. oz., 30c.**

**MAJOR TALL MIXED**—**Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.**

### Moon Flower

These beautiful climbers grow rapidly, to a height of twenty to thirty feet in a single season. Foliage is large, dense, and luxuriant, and splendid shade for porches. Plant an inch deep in rich soil early in spring when trees are in leaf. For Northern States, seed should be started indoors early in March, setting vines outdoors when trees are in leaf.

**WHITE-SEEDED**—The vines bear many immense white flowers, measuring six inches across. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c.**

### Gourds

**THE DIPPER**—When grown on the ground the stem will be curved, while if raised as a climbing vine weight of the blossom end will cause stem to grow straight. Dippers of a capacity from a pint to a quart can be had from a few vines. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.**

**DISH CLOTH, OR LUFFA**—The lining of this fruit, which is sponge-like, tough and durable, makes a natural dish cloth. Fruit grows about two feet in length and vine is ornamental. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.**

**NEST EGG**—Grows size, color and shape of an egg, makes a good nest egg. **Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.**

**SUGAR TROUGH (Selected Stock)**—Grows to a very large size; holds from four to ten gallons each, having hard, thick shells, which are very strong, but light and durable, lasting for many years. **Packet, 10c; oz., 25c.**

**POMEGRANATE (Ornamental Gourd)**—**Pkt., 10c.**

### Biennials and Perennials

The great charm of Perennials lies in their permanence, they are a constant source of pleasure, and present a variety for almost every conceivable purpose in the garden. Perennial Flower Seeds sown from early spring to about August 1st, produce fine plants for flowering next year. They remain evergreen throughout the winter, coming into bloom early the following spring.

**AQUILEGIA (Columbine)**—Long Spurred variety. A hardy perennial, about two feet high and bearing a variety of blossoms on long, smooth stems. **Pkt., 15c.**

**BELLIS PERENNIS (Double Daisy)**—A hardy perennial, blossoming freely all spring and summer. Plant is about four inches high and is valuable for borders. Is much sown in lawns. Extra double white or Snowball. A clear white variety. **Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 75c.**

**CANTERBURY BELLS (Campanula Medium)**—A hardy perennial, blooming the second year from seed, or the first, if sown early. Grows about three feet high. **Packet, 10c; oz., \$1.00.**

**CARNATION MARGUERITE FINEST MIXED**—Plants semi-dwarf. One of the best carnations in cultivation. **Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.**

**COREOPSIS—GRANDIFLORA**—Useful for cutting, producing large, golden-yellow flowers during summer. Height two feet. **Packet, 10c; oz., 75c.**

### Delphinium (Perennial Larkspur)

**BELLAMOSUM**—This is a dark form of the popular light blue Belladonna Delphinium with

## FLOWER SEED—Continued

*Biennials and Perennials—  
Continued*

which it is identical in habit and growth, freedom of bloom and other good qualities, but intensely rich deep blue flowers. Will not mildew like *Formosum*. **Pkt., 15c.**

**BELLADONNA (Light Blue)**—Flowers exquisite shade of turquoise blue. **Pkt., 20c.**

**INDIGO**—Pure indigo blue. **Pkt., 20c.**

**SHASTA DAISY (Alaska)**—This creation of Luther Burbank is sometimes called the "Giant White California Daisy." Height, 2 feet. Wonderful show of large white flowers. Fine for cutting. Blooms all summer. **Packet, 10c; oz., \$2.50.**

**GYSOPHILA—PANICULATA (Baby's Breath)**—One of the most useful and graceful of hardy perennials plants, the tiny white flowers being borne in myriads on slender stems. Height, two feet. **Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 20c.**

**GAILLARDIA—GRANDIFLORA (New Perennial Hybrids)**—(Blanket Flower)—Splendid hardy perennial, invaluable for cutting, and flowering continuously all summer. Colors yellow and crimson. Height, one and one-half to two feet. If sown early in spring, will bloom the first year. **Packet, 10c; oz., 75c.**

**SCABIOSA (Pincushion Flower)**—A magnificent perennial blooming continuously throughout the summer, the flowers being produced on long, stiff stems, making it invaluable as a cut-flower. Height, two feet. **Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.**

**ICELAND POPPY**—Height 15 in. Elegant free flowering plants bearing flowers in abundance all summer. Mixed colors. **Packet, 10c.**

**ORIENTALE (The Large Oriental Poppy)**—A charming summer flowering hardy plant, producing numerous leafy stems about 2½ feet high, with large, deep crimson flowers, having a conspicuous black blotch on each petal; exceedingly showy. **Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 40c.**

**SWEET WILLIAM (Mammoth Flowering)**—A hardy perennial blooming the second year from seed. One to two feet high and bears flowers in clusters, at end of stiff stem. The flowers are handsomely colored and marked. A beautiful bedding plant, and easy culture. **Single Varieties, Mixed—Pkt., 10c.**

**Double Mixed—Pkt., 15c.**

**STOCKS (Ten Weeks' Stocks)**—The Stock is one of the many popular plants used for bedding. For brilliancy and diversity of color, fragrance, profusion and duration of bloom it is unsurpassed. **Packet, 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.**

**VIOLETS**—Hardy perennials, blooming throughout summer and autumn. Easy culture. **Pkt., 15c.**

*Hollyhocks*

Unsurpassed among the perennials for mass or clump planting, for planting among shrubs or as a background. Grow five feet high and show off best when given plenty of room.

*Double Varieties*

Newport Pink  
Double Mixed  
Black

Salmon  
Yellow  
Crimson

*Blood-Red*

Each color, **pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c; oz., \$1.75.**

**Single Mixed**—More permanent and hardy than the double and when planted with a deep green background, such as arborvitae hedge, they afford a most striking effect. **Packet, 10c; oz., 75c.**

**ALLEGHENY MIXED**—Flowers come single, semi-double and double, seldom less than 5 inches across, and are beautifully fringed. They are perpetual bloomers, two to four buds forming at the base of every leaf, where the old-style Hollyhocks have but one or two. These buds open in succession, prolonging the flowering season until autumn. **Packet, 10c; oz., \$1.25.**

*Select Dahlias*

The Following Varieties 20c Each, \$2.00 Dozen, Not Prepaid.

**CULTURAL NOTES**—Dahlias should be grown where they will receive the sun the greater part

of the day. Will grow in almost any kind of soil. After plants are killed by first frost the roots should be dug and stored in a cool cellar away from furnace heat.

**DELICE**—The flowers are held facing, well above the foliage on straight, stiff stems, one of the loveliest of this class, on account of its wonderful color; a bright luminous pink.

**FLORA**—A splendid snow white, of finest form on good stems. An early and profuse bloomer.

**JACK ROSE (decorative type)**—The flowers are large, brilliant crimson-red; full but open faced, with long, flat petals, furnishing magnificent cut flowers.

**MINA BURGLE (Decorative)**—The plant is a strong grower, producing rich cardinal red flowers of fine form. We offer a select strain of roots.

**MINNIE McCULLOUGH (Decorative)**—The best "Autumn shade" variety; golden yellow, tipped red. Fine form and profuse bloomer.

**MME. AYMOND**—Large flower, white suffused primrose and pink, shaded cerise.

**MRS. J. HARRISON DICK**—Here is the dahlia supreme, for cutting or the garden. Color citron yellow at center, outer petals suffused and overlaid salmon pink, a lovely and effective combination, especially under artificial light. The plant is a wonderful grower of branching habit producing perfect flowers in greatest profusion.

**QUEEN MARY**—A grand decorative that has proven its worth as the best deep pink for all purposes. Color clear silvery cerise pink. The plant is a healthy, vigorous, upright branching grower, producing giant flowers.

**RED DUKE**—Rich, dazzling, cardinal red; splendid form, with quilled petals.

**SYLVIA**—Decorative. Deep pink, tinting lighter toward center. A splendid cut flower, on long stems.

**WHITE SWAN**—Show. Pure white. Strong, vigorous bloomer, on long stiff stems.

**YELLOW COLOSSE**—Clear canary yellow, produced on long stems. The plant is a vigorous grower with luxurious lace-like foliage.

*Gladiolus*

A flower which has great variation in color; fine for garden decoration and satisfactory for cutting; cut when first flower opens and if kept in fresh water, every bud will open. Plant the bulbs 4 to 6 inches deep and 6 inches apart about May 1st in this locality. They will not flower in the shade, but are not particular as to soil. Add 10c per dozen if wanted by mail at prices named below. If by express, at purchaser's expense. All strictly selected first size bulbs.

**AMERICA**—Soft lavender pink, very light, almost a tinted white, the blossoms retaining their vigor and delicate coloring. **Each 7c; dozen, 75c.**

**CHICAGO WHITE**—Is now in the lead with the local grower who produces a market for his own flowers, designs and funeral work. It is the best white and the price is low. **Each, 10c; dozen, \$1.00.**

**FRANCIS KING**—Well known variety. Flame color. One of the best florists' varieties. **Each 7c; dozen 75c.**

**HERADA**—The large blooms are pure mauve, glistening and clear, with deeper markings in throat. **Each, 12c; dozen, \$1.25.**

**MRS. FRANK PENDELETON**—The light color slightly flushed with pink is brought into strong contrast with the maroon blotch on the three lower petals. **Each, 10c; dozen \$1.00.**

**PANAMA**—A favorite wherever high-grade varieties are grown. It is similar to and has all the good qualities of America; rich rose-pink. **Each, 10c; dozen, \$1.00.**

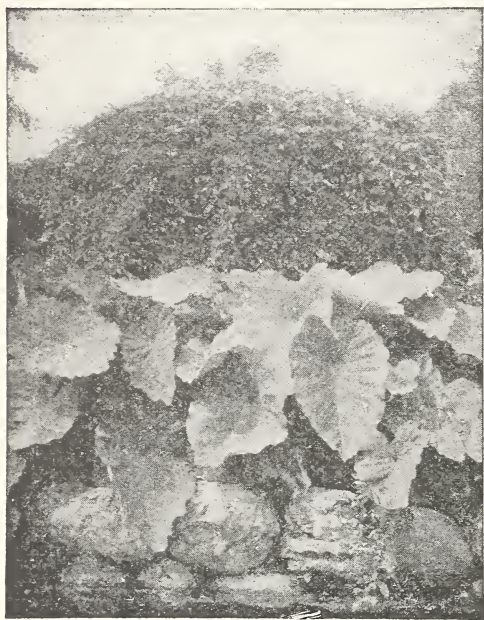
**SCHWABEN**—Imported variety with strong, erect spikes and large well-expanded flowers of canary yellow with a small blotch of deep garnet in the throat. This may now be considered the best and freest growing yellow variety. **Each, 12c; dozen, \$1.25.**

**PERFECTION MIXTURE**—This splendid mixture is a blending of high-grade named varieties and embraces a great range of colors. **Each, 7c; dozen, 75c.**



## FLOWER SEED—Continued

Prices Quoted on This Page Are Not Prepaid.



CALADIUM ESCULENTUM (Elephant's Ear)

### Cannas

Cannas can be used in a great many different ways: As a center, as a background for a flower bed, in front of the house or fence, as a screen, etc.

The culture of Cannas is very simple. Plant the bulbs four inches deep in good soil and water throughout the summer. The bulbs should not be planted outdoors until the soil is thoroughly warm as they will rot in cold soil.

Be sure you order at least a few of these new Cannas. We know you will be delighted with them.

**APRICOT**—4 ft. The color is a buff-yellow base overspread with salmon-pink, making a mass effect of rich apricot, green foliage. Each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50.

**AMBASSADOR**—3½ to 4 feet. Bronze foliage; color poppy red; very brilliant flowers are borne in immense trusses on strong stalks well above the foliage; petals measuring from 2 to 2½ inches across. Plant is very vigorous. Each, 20c; dozen, \$2.00.

**METEOR**—5 feet. Magnificent, showy, and free-blooming variety for bedding purposes. Blooms are borne in the greatest profusion and the flower trusses are of enormous size. They are carried erectly on a fine strong stem. The color is a rich blood-red. Each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50.

**THE PRESIDENT**—4 ft. This Canna is superior to any other red variety in the quality and also the quantity of bloom. Color rich glowing scarlet and the immense firm flowers are produced on strong erect stalks well above the large, rich green foliage, free from disease. Each, 20c; dozen, \$2.00.

**CITY OF PORTLAND**—3½ ft. This is the best pink Canna in existence. The flowers are of largest size, borne on heavy trusses, and bloom continuously, a glowing shade of pink, much brighter and clearer than any other pink variety. The foliage is substantial and strong, of rich green color and free from defects. Each, 20c; dozen, \$2.00.

**KING HUMBERT**—Height, 3½ feet, bronze foliage, flowers of large size, and glowing scarlet or orange red often streaked with gold. One of the finest and most popular of cannas. Each, 10c; per dozen, \$1.00.

**YELLOW KING HUMBERT**—5 feet. (Queen Helene)—Identical with King Humbert in habit of growth and flowering, and produces yellow flowers, dotted with red, and has green foliage. Some plants will occasionally give a scarlet or scarlet striped flower which we consider an improvement rather than defect. 5 feet. Each, 10c; dozen, \$1.00.

**WINTZER'S COLOSSAL**—Five ft. Without a doubt the largest flowered Canna yet produced. Flowers of vivid scarlet, sometimes measuring eight inches across. Each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50.

**KARL MERCK**—Four ft. Flower a pure yellow with tinge of orange and flecked with pink dashes becoming red in throat. Fine large flowers and large truss. Strong grower. Each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50.

### Caladium Esculentum (Elephant's Ear)

An effective plant of tropical appearance. The plants make a good show when set out separately or in masses. A very beautiful round bed can be made by putting three Caladiums in the center, then a circle of Dwarf Cannas and then a border of some easily grown annuals like Nasturtiums.

Caladiums do best in a rich, loose soil, and if given an abundance of water will grow to an enormous size. The leaves often measure three feet long and 20 inches wide. Bulbs may be taken up in the fall and stored in sand through the winter.

Extra Large Bulbs, 40c each; 12 for \$4.00.

Medium Bulbs, 25c each; 12 for \$2.50.

### Double Tuberoses

One of the most charming and fragrant of our summer-flowering bulbs, throwing up large spikes of pure white double flowers which are very useful for decorative work. Plant in the open ground during May. By starting in pots during March, a succession of bloom can be had all summer. Excelsior pearl bulbs. Per doz., 50c.

### Five Favorite Peony Collection

Remarkably Fine for a Permanent Bed.

Free bloomers, flowers of largest size, and contrast in colors will afford the greatest opportunity for mixed bouquets of these wondrous blossoms. These are the most gorgeous flowers and this the greatest opportunity in all our hardy plant department.

**FESTIVA MAXIMA**—White, blotch of red in center.

**QUEEN VICTORIA**—Like above, somewhat smaller.

**FLORAL TREASURE**—Light rose pink; very fine.

**EDULIS SUPERBA**—Clear Pink.

**RUBRA**—Deep blood red.

Five Favorite Peonies, 50c Each.

### Old Fashioned Perennials

Peonies, double, all colors, each.....	\$0.50
Hardy Sweet Violets, per doz.....	2.50
Rubeckia, or Golden Glow, per doz.....	2.50
Hardy Phlox, each .....	.25
Hardy Chrysanthemum Plants, each.....	.25
Hollyhocks, double, hardy, each.....	.25
Honeysuckle, each .....	.50
Boston Ivy, each .....	.60

### Clematis

For house fronts or pillar vines, nothing can surpass the Clematis in grandeur and in beauty. The roots are perfectly hardy, although the tops die down to the ground every fall. In planting, the ground should be dug very deep. The roots we offer are all three years old.

**HENRYI**—A strong flower; flowers from 4 to 5 inches in diameter and pure white. \$1.00 each.

**PANICULATA**—This is a valuable Japanese introduction; one of the finest additions to our list of hardy climbers; a very strong, vigorous plant and easily grown. 75c each.

**JACKMANI**—Large flower, purple. \$1.00 each.



# Nursery Stock and Supplies

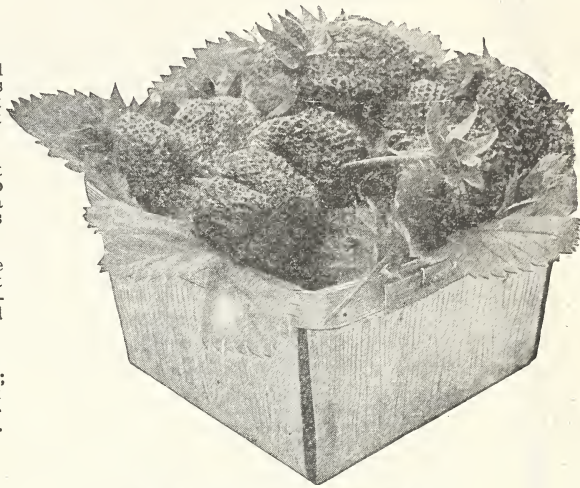
## GRAPES

**CONCORD (Black)**—Considered to be best all around grape grown; extremely hardy, vigorous and productive, bunches large, compact; fruit large, juicy, and sweet; succeeds well almost anywhere. Each, 25c; per dozen, \$2.50.

**MOORE'S EARLY (Black)**—Bunch large, fruit round with a heavy blue bloom, quality said to be better than Concord; hardy and prolific; a good market variety; ripens about two weeks before Concord. Each, 30c; per dozen, \$3.00.

**NIAGARA (White)**—One of the leading white sorts; bunch large, shouldered, compact; fruit large, yellowish-white, juicy, vinous and sprightly, quality good; skin tough, making it a good shipper and market variety. Each, 30c; per dozen, \$3.00.

**WORDEN (Black)**—A seedling of the Concord; bunch large and compact, fruit round, black with blue bloom, pulpy, juicy, and very pleasant; ripens several days earlier than Concord. Each, 30c; per dozen, \$3.00.



## STRAWBERRIES

### *Progressive Everbearing*

Everbearing Strawberries have come to stay. Many people in different parts of the country are raising these berries and are picking them in the fall when they are a luxury. These require no more care than the spring sorts but for best results should be set in good soil. They will commence bearing in the spring. Will bloom all summer, and set a heavy crop in the fall. If the blooms and runners are pinched off in the spring and early summer the fall crop will be heavier. Set out a good bed of these and you will have fresh strawberries when your neighbors are eating canned ones. 100 for \$1.75; 1,000 for \$15.00.

### *Standard Strawberries*

If Plants are set  $1\frac{1}{2}$  by 3 feet, it will require 9,680 plants to an acre.

**SENATOR DUNLAP (Perfect)**—Early, wonderful producer, good size, of bright red color.

**WARFIELDS' (Imperfect)**—Early, solid, of good flavor, reliable market sort.

**AROMA (Perfect)**—Late, one of the best for home use or market gardeners; large and sweet of fine, glossy color.

**GANDY (Perfect)**—Late, of large size, bright crimson color. This is one of the leading varieties; 100 for \$1.50; 1,000 for \$10.00.

Any of the above standard varieties, 100 for \$1.25; 1,000 for \$8.00 (excepting Gandy).

Prices on Fruit Trees, Gooseberries, Currants, Blackberries and Raspberries on Application.

## FRUIT PACKAGES

### BERRY BOXES, CRATES, BASKETS AND TREE PROTECTORS

Berry Boxes, Leslie, (500 in bdl.), pints, per 1,000.....	\$4.50
Berry Crates, Leslie, (10 in bdl.), pints, per 100.....	14.00
Leslie Qt. boxes, (250 in bdl.), per 1000....	6.00
Leslie Qt. crates, (10 in bdl.), per 100.....	16.50
American Ventilated pt. boxes, per 1000....	8.00
American Ventilated pt. crates, per 100....	17.50
American Ventilated pt. crates, complete, including boxes, per 100.....	34.00
American Ventilated qt. boxes, per 1000....	8.50
American Ventilated qt. crates, per 100....	18.50
American Ventilated qt. crates, complete, including boxes, per 100.....	36.00

Climax 3-lb. Grape Basket without covers, per 100.....	4.00
Climax, 6-lb. Grape Basket, without covers, per 100.....	4.00
$\frac{1}{4}$ -bu. Diamond Market Baskets, per doz..	.70
$\frac{1}{2}$ -bu. Diamond Market Baskets, per doz..	.80
$\frac{1}{2}$ -bu. Oak Picking Baskets, per doz.....	4.50
$\frac{1}{2}$ -bu. Wire Potato Baskets, 75c each, per dozen.....	8.50
1-bu. Basket, per doz.....	2.25
Berry Box Tacks, per lb.....	.75
Berry Crate Nails, per lb.....	.20
Tree Protectors, per 100, \$1.15; per 1000..	10.00
We carry a large stock of these goods. Prices subject to market changes.	
Prices quoted on this page are not prepaid.	



# Inoculate

**Alfalfa, Sweet Clover, all Clovers, Soy Beans, Cow Peas, Vetch, Peas, Beans, all Legumes with**

The Improved Soil Inoculator, Nobbe-Hiltner Process

**Registered in United States, Dec. 6, 1898 Over 26 Years Ago**

**NITRAGIN**  
TRADE MARK REG'D DEC 6 1898 NO 3222

Restores and Maintains Soil Fertility

**The Original Soil Inoculator**

**Awarded Gold Medal World's Fair — St. Louis, 1904 Over 20 Years Ago**

Grow legumes—alfalfa, clovers, soys, vetch, peas and beans—for valuable feed crops, soil improvers, cover crops; **BUT BE SURE TO INOCULATE THEM WITH NITRAGIN.** Agricultural Colleges advise inoculation. Inoculated legumes draw valuable nitrogen from the air—not the soil—increase yield and quality of the crop and leave a rich store of nitrogen in the soil for future crops. Inoculated legume seed develops heavy clusters of nodules, where nitrogen is stored, on the roots of the legume plant and without which the legume is valueless as a soil builder. A Nitragin inoculated legume crop bears heavy nodules and pays big in increased soil fertility.

Protect yourself by insisting on **NITRAGIN**, the original Soil Inoculator. All Inoculators are perishable; every package of Nitragin is dated as to the life of contents, for your protection. Look for the dated label when buying; agricultural colleges recommend this protection

## Prices for Field Nitragin

1/4 bu. size for 15 lbs. seed	.....\$0.40
1/2 bu. size for 30 lbs. seed	......60
3/4 bu. size for Soy Beans and Cow Beans	......40*
1 bu. size for 60 lbs. seed	.....1.00
1 bu. size for Soy Beans and Cow Peas	......70*
5 bu. size for 300 lbs. seed	.....4.75
5 bu. size for Soy Beans and Cow Peas	.....2.50*

\* These prices on Nitragin for Soy Beans and Cow Peas have been greatly reduced from former prices. Buy the economical 5 bu. size for 50c per bushel of seed, treated.

When ordering, always state kind of seed you want to inoculate.

## Nitragin for Garden Use

Every garden needs Nitragin; garden size is for Peas, Sweet Peas, and Beans including Lima (3 in one Inoculant) Price.....20c



Sold in tins—not glass—packed in rich, soil like granular medium, easy to mix with seed. Contents always fresh and bacteria active and vigorous.

# Miscellaneous Farm Seeds

Prices on Application

## KANOTA Kansas OATS

Kansas  
Fulghum

The two characteristics which make Kanota especially valuable for Kansas are its earliness and its ability to yield large crops.

In tests on the Agronomy farm Kanota has ripened on the average of one week earlier than Red Texas, two days earlier than Kherson and one day earlier than Burt. Growers have uniformly reported Kanota to be from 7 to 10 days earlier than Red Texas.

In sections where hot weather and midsummer droughts are common this early maturity is a tremendous advantage, especially when combined with heavier yields.

When Kanota was first tested by Kansas farmers in 1919 it outyielded other varieties, and the average difference between it and local Red Texas was 15.3 bushels per acre. In 1920 tests were made in 24 counties with the result that Kanota produced an average yield of 45 bushels per acre as compared with 38.3 bushels of other varieties. Wherever grown it has outyielded Red Texas from 5 to 15 bushels per acre.

The grain of Kanota averages 5 pounds per bushel more than Red Texas and the plants of Kanota are slightly shorter. Kanota seems to be able to withstand spring freezes better than Red Texas but it will require further experiments to establish this as a fact.

One and one-half bushels sufficient to seed an acre, as the stooling habit in this variety is greater than any other sort we know of. Per bu. \$1.25.

**RED TEXAS RUST-PROOF OATS**—Very early, rust-proof does well on thin ground and does not lodge, will bear neglect and still make a crop.

**BUCKWHEAT**—Japanese; Silver Hull; Common. **SEED RYE**—Rye does best on rich sandy soil, almost a sure crop every year; should be sown in August or September, either in drills or broadcast, at the rate of one to one and one-half bushels per acre; is raised both for pasture and grain. Per bu. (56 lbs.) \$1.75.

## PEANUTS

**WHITE JUMBO**—This is the standard variety for roasting. The peanuts are three times as large as those of the Spanish peanut. The nuts grow in fine double-jointed hulls of white appearance, are from one-half to one inch in length, and of fine flavor. A variety worthy of the highest recommendation. Pound, 25c.

**SPANISH**—Earliest variety grown, pods small, but well filled and solid, and yield per acre very large. Can be cultivated with plow. Because of its early habit and easy cultivation is the best variety for fattening hogs. Pound, 25c.

## MAMMOTH RUSSIAN SUNFLOWER

Unequaled for a Food for Poultry

**MAMMOTH RUSSIAN SUNFLOWERS** produce large heads, often twenty inches across, filled with the striped grains. Succeeds everywhere, and requires little rain to insure a crop. Makes an enormous yield of seed. A good food for stock and cannot be equalled as a food for poultry, being the greatest egg-producing food known. The heavy stalks make good fuel. Plant when the ground becomes warm at the rate of two pounds per acre.

Pound, 15c. 10 lbs., \$1.25; 100 lbs., \$6.50.  
**HEMP SEED**—Pound, 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.25.  
**CANARY SEED**—Pound, 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

# Tested Recleaned Farm Seed

Prices Subject to Market Changes

Owing to the unsettled condition of the Grass Seed Market at the time of going to press we cannot make firm prices on Alfalfa, Clover, and Grass Seeds, but purchasers will receive as much as the money sent will pay for, but when a quantity is wanted it is well to ask prices.



## ALFALFA

Per lb., 30c; 100 lbs., \$21.00. Seamless bags at 50c each.

The farmer, the stock raiser and the dairyman should all be deeply interested in Alfalfa. The farmer should grow it because Alfalfa makes fine, fat cattle and hogs. The dairyman should grow it, for no other crop will maintain the milk flow better than Alfalfa.

### When to Sow

The best time to sow Alfalfa is in March or April, the end of August or during September. A firm, well-prepared seed bed is of first importance. Plow as early as possible, disc, harrow and re-harrow at intervals of ten days or two weeks to make the seed bed firm and to kill the weeds. If your soil is shallow, break the subsoil with a subsoil plow so that the roots may penetrate as deeply as possible. Allow sufficient time for the land to settle, run the harrow over it, sow seeds thickly, and cover with a light harrow or brush. For sowing Alfalfa use either a Cahoon Broadcast Seeder or a Cyclone Seed Sower—both are good and do nice work.

On dry sandy soils cover an inch deep; on heavier soils cover  $\frac{3}{4}$  to 1 inch, but be sure the seeds are covered. If the ground is not wet, use the roller after sowing—it will firm the seed bed and hasten germination.

### Rules for Success With Alfalfa

**REMEMBER YOU ARE MAKING AN INVESTMENT** on which you expect profits for a number of years, and that the size of your profits will be in proportion to the care exercised in preparing your land before you sow the seeds.

**THE SOIL**—Sow only on deep, well drained, good loamy land that is not underlaid by a stiff

hard pan that the roots cannot penetrate. When the roots reach this hard pan they either stop growing, or else grow horizontally along the top of the hard pan, but the crop will not amount to much nor will it last very long. If possible sow on land from which a cultivated crop has just been taken; such land will be reasonably free of weeds. The land should contain an abundant supply of decomposed vegetable matter—a green crop turned under and lime liberally applied will give this condition.

**LIME ACID SOILS**—Alfalfa will not grow on acid soils. The bacteria that live on the roots of legume plants, like Alfalfa, drawing nitrogen from the air and making it available as plant food, cannot live in acid soil. Test your soil for acidity by taking a handful of soil from 2 or 3 inches below the surface, wet it with rain water, if not already moist, insert a piece of blue litmus paper (get it at any drug store). If, 15 minutes later, the litmus paper has changed to pink, your soil is acid. To correct acidity spread 1 to 2½ tons of finely ground lime to the acre after plowing and a few weeks before sowing; in the meantime keep the harrows busy to kill out the weeds.

**DRAINAGE**—Alfalfa will not live with its feet in water, so be sure the land is well drained. Good crops can be grown on lowlands if properly drained, either with tile or open ditches, to a depth of at least four feet.

**INOCULATE YOUR SEEDS**—Do not attempt to grow Alfalfa without inoculating except on fields where it has previously been grown.



### Facts About Alfalfa

Once established, it lasts for years.

Yields 3 to 5 cuttings nutritious and palatable hay each season.

Feeding value high—contains as much protein as wheat bran.

Does not exhaust the soil! It enriches it.

Claimed to add twice as much nitrogen to the land as Red Clover.

Requires but little care and attention.

One of the farm's most profitable crops.

“Deep in the ground beyond the depths of the roots of ordinary crops, alfalfa seeks out and makes available untold wealth of soil fertility. As a host to bacterial life, it is the means of extracting from the atmosphere an inexhaustible supply of nitrogen to enrich the soil for its successors in crop rotation. From its bountiful harvests it has made possible the development of the great live stock industries of the country. In fact, the actual results from this truly wonderful plant are nothing less than a fairy tale come true.”



## CLOVERS

In the United States the mark of the good farmer is his ability to grow Clover successfully and profitably—profitably not only in respect to what he actually gets from his clover seed and hay crops themselves, but for what the careful and judicious growing of Clover means to his farm and to himself in crop rotation, feeding, soil fertilization, etc. It is an indispensable part of a self-sustaining crop rotation, is probably the most important of all our hay plants, except Alfalfa in the west, forms an indispensable ingredient of balanced rations and after crops have been taken off can at little expense be turned under with immense manurial benefit to the land as it is one of the chief nitrogen gathering crops. This is the cheapest and surest way of enriching the ground. Clover pasture is well adapted to hog-raising and cattle thrive on it, if sufficiently restricted to avoid bloating. It should be sown in conjunction with some other grass such as Timothy or Awnless Brome Grass. Clover is unexcelled as a soiling crop and is much used for silage. The seed crop yields a profitable return, the seed reproducing about 30 fold on the average, and can usually be taken from the second growth after the first has been cut for hay.



**MEDIUM RED CLOVER**—This is regarded as the most valuable of the Clover family. It is sometimes called June Clover and is a dependable all-round variety for farmers and stockmen. It makes two crops each year. The first is usually cut when it is in blossom for hay; the last crop may be harvested for seed, cut for hay, or plowed under to add fertility to the soil. Will grow in most any soil, makes excellent hay. Sow from 12 to 15 pounds per acre. Per lb., 45c; 100 lbs., \$40.00.

**MAMMOTH SAPLING OR PEA VINE CLOVER**—Being a rank grower makes it most valuable for fertilizing purposes. Foliage, flower and stem much darker than common Red Clover, ripens later than the latter, about the time Timothy and Red Top and other grasses ripen, making thereby a much better quality of hay, when mixed with them. Sow 12 to 15 pounds to the acre. Per lb., 50c; 100 lbs., \$42.00.

**ALSIKE CLOVER**—Alsike Clover is especially valuable for growing on wet or swampy land. If you have a piece of land that is too damp for alfalfa or other clovers or grass, sow a mixture of about four pounds of Alsike Clover and ten pounds of Red Top Grass Seed. This will make an excellent crop of hay. Alsike Clover is very hardy, is perpetual, will withstand drought and will not winter kill. About six to ten pounds will sow an acre and as the seed is very fine it should be covered only slightly. For bottom lands needing drainage but not subject to overflow an excellent mixture is as follows: Four pounds of Red Clover, two pounds of Alsike Clover and ten pounds of Timothy. This quantity is for one acre. Per lb., 40c; 100 lbs., \$38.00.

**WHITE CLOVER**—It makes an excellent pasture for cattle and sheep and is valuable for lawns. It will grow on almost any soil, but is best adapted for low, moist lands. Should be included for all mixtures for lawns or permanent pasture. It is also valuable to prevent soil from washing. Per lb., 50c; 100 lbs., \$35.00.

### Sweet Clover

#### MAKES HAY AND PASTURE WHILE ENRICHING THE SOIL

Sweet Clover has been growing wild in the Middle West for a great many years. Up until a few years ago it was considered a weed, but now its good qualities are known and it occupies a very important place in agriculture.

The features or qualities which make Sweet Clover so valuable are: First, the ability to thrive, produce good hay and good pasture on very poor soils; and second, the ability to improve the soil on which it is growing. Nearly every farm has some land which is too poor to grow alfalfa, corn, wheat or other crops. Sweet Clover is just the thing for such patches. It will make these patches productive and will improve the soils so that after a few years they can grow other crops.

Sweet Clover will stand a great deal of drought and will also thrive in moist soils. Stock do not always take to it at first, but will eat it up readily after they once acquire a taste for it. Although Sweet Clover is very hardy and will thrive in the most unfavorable places it is sometimes difficult to get a good stand.

This difficulty can be overcome by sowing the seed on a thoroughly compacted seed bed with just enough loose dirt to cover the seed and by sowing scarified seed.

Scarifying is done on a machine which blows the seed against a strip of coarse sand paper. This scratches each seed just enough to allow the moisture to enter and cause the seed to germinate.

Sweet Clover has a very hard shell and when the seed is not scarified much of it will lay in the ground before it grows.

Our Sweet Clover is all scarified at no expense to you. Sweet Clover is sown either in the spring or in the fall at the rate of from 15 to 20 pounds of hulled seed to the acre.

Sweet Clover is a biennial, which means that it lives two years. It makes a rapid growth the first season and can be cut for hay or pastured during the latter part of the summer. The second season it makes hay and pasture and will also bloom and make seed. It dies at the end of the second season, but if it is allowed to do so it reseeds itself and comes up again the following spring.

Sweet Clover is grown very extensively throughout the Middle West. We are right in the heart of the Sweet Clover country and therefore can at all times supply the very best seed at the lowest market prices. We handle one variety of Sweet Clover, the Biennial White Blossom.

**WHITE BLOSSOM SWEET CLOVER (Melilotus alba)**—This is the popular and standard variety. It is a biennial, grows to a height of from 4 to 6 feet, is a very vigorous grower, is extremely hardy and produces abundant pasturage and lots of hay. This is the standard Sweet Clover of the country. Per lb., 20c; 100 lbs., \$15.00.



### Clovers Add Nitrogen to the Soil

But only when nodules containing bacteria are on the roots. These bacteria take the free nitrogen of the air and put it into such form as to make it available for plant use.

If these bacteria are not present, clovers can do but little toward enriching the soil. To make sure that your clover has plenty of bacteria inoculate the seed with Nitragin when sowing. (See page 40.)

## GRASS SEEDS

The Quality in Grass Seed is especially important because you seed a pasture, meadow or lawn for a period of many years. If vicious weed seeds are in the seed you sow they will be in your fields for a long time. Get the best seed even if it costs a little more.

We take special pride in our best seed and we know you would be pleased with it. If you are in any doubt as to the quality of our seed let us send you a sample. Then compare them with others.

**KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS**, the Great American Grass—Old standard grass for pasture and lawns. Every farmer knows its value. Succeeds in nearly all soils, but best in limestone districts. Well known everywhere. Sow about 25 to 30 pounds to the acre for meadow, and from 65 to 80 pounds per acre for lawns. Put on plenty and avoid disappointment in your lawn. A top dressing of fine manure after sowing and in the fall and spring will be of great benefit. **Per lb., 40c; 100 lbs., \$25.00.**

**ENGLISH BLUE GRASS** (Meadow Fescue)—A valuable pasture grass. Its long and tender leaves are much relished by all kinds of stock. Cured like Timothy, yields a very superior quality of hay. It is one of the earliest in the spring and latest in the fall. Height, 18 to 24 inches. **Per lb., 35c; 100 lbs., \$25.00.**

**ITALIAN RYE GRASS**—Similar to the English Rye Grass. Very nutritious and valuable for pasture, especially for early sheep feeding; also excellent for lawn. Height, 18 to 30 inches. **Per lb., 25c; 100 lbs., \$12.00.**

**ENGLISH PERENNIAL RYE GRASS**—It is invaluable for permanent pastures, for hay, if cut when in blossom, and for lawn mixtures. Height, 15 to 24 inches. **Per lb., 25c; 100 lbs., \$12.00.**

**TIMOTHY**—As a crop of hay Timothy is probably unsurpassed by any other kind of grass. It is greatly relished by all kinds of stock, especially horses; yields more nutritious matter than any other forage plant or grass. Being an early grass it is well adapted to spring and summer grazing, too. Sow 10 to 12 pounds to the acre. It is commonly sown with Red Clover at the rate of ten pounds of Timothy and eight pounds of Clover to the acre. **Lb., 15c; 100 lbs., \$7.50.**

**RED TOP**—Valuable for moist soils. Good permanent grass. Stands our climate well and adapted to our pastures, in which it should be fed close, for if allowed to go to seed cattle refuse it. Grows best on moist rich soil. On gravelly soil grows lower. Has succeeded on Alkali soils when other grasses failed. Fancy clean or hulled seed, sow 15 to 18 pounds to the acre. **Per lb., 40c; 100 lbs., \$30.00.**

**BERMUDA GRASS**—Peculiarly adapted to the Southern States. A delicate grass, valuable alike for pasture and hay crop. Grows on any soil. Oklahoma Experiment Station recommends it highly. It does well in south part of Kansas and Southern States generally. **Per lb., 60c.**

**ORCHARD GRASS**—This is one of the most valuable and widely known of all pasture grasses, coming in the spring and remaining later in the autumn than any other; it grows about 2½ feet high and produces an immense quantity of leaves and foliage. It is well adapted for sowing under trees or orchards and very valuable either for grazing or for hay. Sow about 28 lbs. per acre.

**Per lb., 25c; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

### Grass Seed Mixtures for Pastures

As we are often asked for information as to making up mixtures for pasture, we give below some mixtures as suggested by competent authorities. No doubt one of these will be suited to your climate and soil conditions.

Eastern Oklahoma	Western Oklahoma	Missouri	Rocky Lands of Southern Missouri
5 lbs..Ky. Blue Grass 2 lbs..Bermuda Grass 4 lbs..... Timothy 6 lbs..Eng. Blue Grass 4 lbs.....Red Clover 2 lbs....Alsike Clover	4 lbs..Bermuda Grass 5 lbs....Brome Grass 2 lbs..... Timothy 2 lbs....Orchard Grass 5 lbs..Eng. Blue Grass 4 lbs.....Red Clover 2 lbs....Alsike Clover	10 lbs..Ky. Blue Grass 6 lbs..... Timothy 4 lbs.....Red Clover 2 lbs....Alsike Clover 2 lbs....White Clover	10 lbs...Orchard Grass 8 lbs..... Timothy 4 lbs.....Red Clover 1 lb....Alsike Clover
Eastern Kansas	Western Kansas	Irrigated Pasture	For High Altitude
10 lbs..Ky. Blue Grass 4 lbs.....Red Top 4 lbs..... Timothy 6 lbs..Eng. Blue Grass 4 lbs.....Red Clover 2 lbs....Alsike Clover	10 lbs..Ky. Blue Grass 5 lbs....Brome Grass 2 lbs..... Timothy 2 lbs....Orchard Grass 5 lbs..Eng. Blue Grass 4 lbs.....Red Clover 2 lbs....Alsike Clover	5 lbs....Brome Grass 6 lbs..Ky. Blue Grass 7 lbs..Per'n'l Rye Grass 6 lbs..Hulled Red Top 3 lbs....Orchard Grass 2 lbs.....Red Clover 2 lbs..... Alfalfa 3 lbs....White Clover	10 lbs....Brome Grass 5 lbs..Meadow Fescue 5 lbs..Red Top Hulled 5 lbs....Alsike Clover 5 lbs..... Timothy  <b>Dry Light Sandy Soil</b> 8 lbs..Ky. Blue Grass 16 lbs..Meadow Fescue 10 lbs....Brome Grass 2 lbs....White Clover

THE ABOVE QUANTITIES ARE FOR ONE ACRE

### DWARF ESSEX RAPE

Dwarf Essex Rape has long been the main standby of the English farmer in raising choice mutton and it should be more generally planted in this country.

In the northern states it can be used as an all season crop, but in the middle and southern states it is best for late summer and fall planting.

It makes excellent pasture for hogs, sheep and cattle. It is especially valuable for feeding young lambs at weaning time. Hogs do not bloat on it but care should be taken in turning sheep and cattle on to it. It is a good plan to give them a full feed of grain before letting them into the rape.

Rape will endure severe cold weather and will last a long time after the ordinary pasture

grasses succumb to frost. It is a rank grower and will stand heavy manuring and high cultivation. Poultry men will do well to sow a small patch for their chickens. Sow it on wheat stubble for fall pasture.

Dwarf Essex Rape may be sown either broadcast or in rows. Drilling in rows has many advantages as cultivation increases the yield, conserves the moisture and keeps down the weeds. There is also less waste in pasturing as the animals are inclined to follow the rows and not tramp on the plants.

In sowing small pastures the ordinary garden drill is very satisfactory and for large fields a grain drill with some of the feed hoppers closed up may be used. If sown in drills it takes from three to five pounds and if broadcast from five to ten pounds to the acre. Try some dwarf Essex Rape in the fall. You will find it very profitable. **Per lb., 15c; 100 lbs., \$8.50.**



## FIELD PEAS

60 lbs. to Bushel. Prices on application except where noted.

Field Peas are largely grown, both as a hay crop and as a fertilizer, in which respect, they are of great value. The peas may be sown in corn at the time of last cultivation, or after a crop of early potatoes. They may be sown broadcast at the rate of one and one-half bushels per acre, or they can be planted in rows about three feet apart with a corn planter. This will require only one-half bushel of seed per acre. The cow peas, by their rapid, rank growth, keep down weeds and put soil in good, friable condition for the next year's crop, increasing the fertility of the soil to a remarkable extent. The vines furnish an excellent green food for milch cows until frost, or they may be cut and cured for hay; or a very profitable way to dispose of the crop is to turn hogs into the field at the time the first peas are ripening. Or the entire crop may be plowed under as a green manure.

**WHIPPOORWILL**—A favorite early bunch-growing variety. This variety is a prime favorite on account of its early maturity and habits.

**NEW ERA**—This Pea is fully two weeks earlier than the popular Whippoorwill variety; a very great advantage to the farmer. In size it is one-third smaller than the Whippoorwill—another great advantage. It is a so-called Bunch Pea, similar to the Whippoorwill in growth. In sections of Missouri and Illinois the New Era Pea is planted after the wheat crop has been cut, and matures early enough in the fall to harvest in time to sow winter wheat on the same field. This cannot be said of any other variety of Cow Peas.

**SOY BEANS** as a feed takes the place of oil or gluten meal. Feeding them to milch cows, fattening cows or hogs, they have given astonishing results. Sow broadcast, use  $1\frac{1}{2}$  bushels to the acre. We have two varieties—the Early Yellow and the Late Mammoth—the latter should only be planted in Southern states, as they are very late in maturing.

**CANADIAN FIELD PEAS.**

**EARLY YELLOW SOY BEANS.**

**LATE MAMMOTH SOY BEANS.**



## MILLET

50 Pounds Per Bushel

Especially valuable in season when the hay crop is short. Makes the best hay if cut when in blossom and carefully cured.

**GERMAN**—It is usually given preference over the common variety and Hungarian. It is a strong grower and will yield enormous crops of the finest hay, and should be cut before the seeds harden. Can be sown late after some early crop, and if sown early will mature in time for the ground to be plowed for wheat, and it leaves the ground in fine shape. For grain, sow in drills not later than June 20. \$4.00 per 100 lbs.

**SUDAN GRASS**—It is especially valuable to the Western sections, where other tame grasses cannot be grown and hay is scarce.

It yields from four to six tons of excellent hay per acre. Horses and cattle are very fond of it and will leave almost any kind of roughage for Sudan Grass, cleaning up heads, blades and stalks. Sudan Grass is generally planted in rows about thirty-six to forty-two inches apart, using from two to four pounds of seed per acre. If sown broadcast 15 lbs. of seed is necessary to plant an acre. It should not be planted until the soil has become warm in the spring. Planting in cold soil only delays germination and dwarfs the early growth. It can be sown any time during the summer as a catch crop, so long as seventy to eighty days intervene before the date of the first expected frost.

Some of the most desirable characteristics of Sudan Grass are its drouth-resisting qualities, its ability to produce on thin land, and its quick maturity under ordinary conditions.

Per lb., 15c; 100 lbs., \$6.00.

## SAND VETCH

Prices on Application

**VICIA VILLOSA**—Sometimes called Hairy Vetch or Winter Vetch. This is one of the most valuable plants for forage and fertilizing purposes. It will succeed and make a good crop on poor, sandy soils and also a better crop on good land. It is perfectly hardy throughout the United States and remains green all winter. Vetch belongs to the same family as Alfalfa and Sweet Clover, and has the same ability to gather nitrogen from the air and store it in the root system. The roots are very extensive and add a great deal of valuable material to the soil.

It is an excellent catch crop, makes good hay, silage, and pasture. Vetch can be sown from July until November, and should be sown broadcast at the rate of about 30 lbs. per acre together with one bushel of either oats or rye. Vetch grows quite tall and needs the oats or rye for support. For a hay crop the Vetch should be cut just after the oats or rye has headed out. The yield of green fodder is immense.

**SAND VETCHES OR TARES**—Similar in growth to Hairy Vetch, but for spring planting only. Per lb., 30c; 100 lbs., \$20.00.



## CANE

50 Pounds Per Bushel

Price Subject to Market Change

**EARLY AMBER**—Farmers and stockmen say that Early Amber Cane is the most valuable fodder plant in existence. Not only is it adapted for feeding purposes, but its great qualities as a Sorghum producer is one of a paying investment. It is profitably grown anywhere from Manitoba to Mexico, on any good corn ground and is but little affected by drouth.

\$3.50 per 100 lbs.

**EARLY ORANGE**—A variety well adapted for the South. It is from eight to ten days later than the Early Amber and produces a syrup of excellent quality. \$3.50 per 100 lbs.

## YELLOW MILO MAIZE

50 Pounds Per Bushel

Growth is tall, 9 to 12 feet, stooling from the ground like White Milo Maize. Seed heads grow to great size, often weighing  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a pound, sometimes a full pound after ripening. On account of its branching habits this grain should be planted in rows 4 to 5 feet apart, and 2 to 3 feet in the drill, or two plants in a hill, 3 to 5 feet apart. \$3.50 per 100 lbs.

**WHITE KAFFIR CORN**—Grows low, stock perfectly erect; the foliage is wide, alternating closely on either side of the stalk. It does not stool from the root, but branches from the top joints, producing from two to four heads of grain from each stalk. On very thin and worn lands it yields paying crops of grain and forage even in dry seasons. If cut down to the ground two or more shoots spring from the root and growth is thus maintained until checked by frost. \$3.00 per 100 lbs.

## FETERITA

The two best features about Feterita are its wonderful ability to resist drouth and its earliness. It proved its ability to stand dry weather. It made good yields and in some cases without any rain whatever. Some growers report that Feterita is fully thirty-five to fifty days earlier than Kaffir and this also is a big advantage. \$3.50 per 100 lbs.

## BROOM CORN

Three pounds of seed are required for an acre when drilled in rows 3 feet apart.

**IMPROVED EVERGREEN**—A favorite in Kansas, Nebraska and Missouri. Grows to a good length, and if cut at the proper time retains a good color. 15c lb.; \$6.50 per 100 lbs.

**DWARF BROOM CORN**—This variety grows only 3 or 4 feet high, and is much easier handled than the tall growing sorts. The brush is straight, smooth and of good quality. 15c lb.; \$6.50 per 100 lbs.



## NORTHERN SEED CORN

Tested, Selected and Graded

Quality Seed Corn for Critical Planters Who Believe in More Corn Per Acre and Not More Acres for Corn.

### A New Corn "Early Smoky Dent"

This new variety of dent corn, we believe to be the heaviest yielder of any extreme early variety of corn yet introduced.

It is a very hardy grower, and prolific yielder for so early a corn. This corn has nice leafy stalks, averaging 8 feet in height, which very often yields two nice ears, measuring 8 to 10 inches in length, well filled with a good sound kernel, of a dark red shade, tipped with pure white, making it a very handsome corn in appearance.

It has matured in 75 days from date of planting and yields on an average of 100 bushels good sound corn per acre. This corn can be grown with success anywhere that Early Canada Flint Corn matures, as it is some ten days earlier than Early Canada.

It has been grown for the past four years, and we cannot recommend it too strongly as it has surpassed any early dent variety known to us, as to early maturity, size, quality and yield. We strongly endorse it for use in the northern climate where a good early growing variety of corn is wanted.

It is the earliest dent corn in cultivation, is a good yielder and entirely free from disease. It is the most beautiful colored up corn in cultivation and has been named Early Smoky Dent because of its color. It grows strong, quick and has splendid seven to eight foot fodder. It will mature in Canada, New York State, Vermont, Maine, Massachusetts.

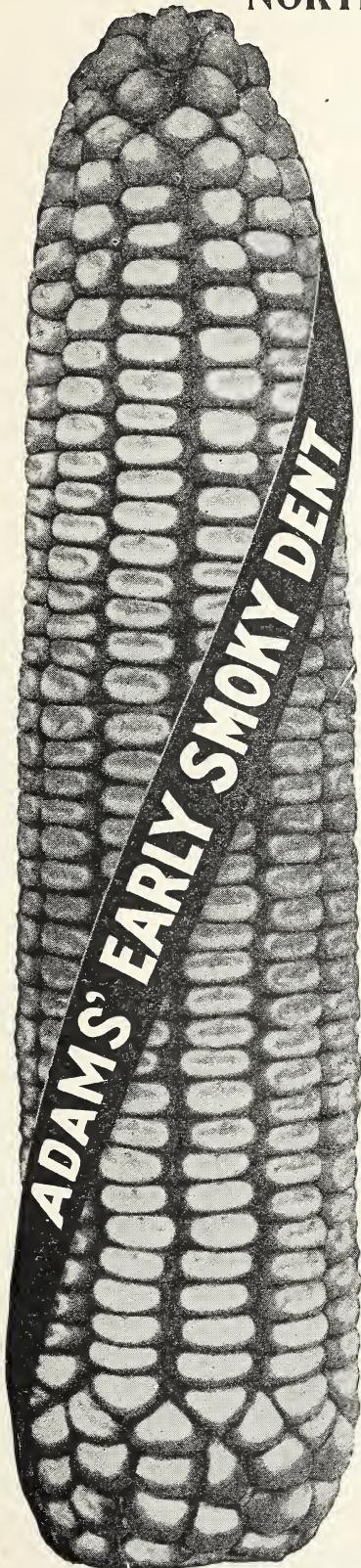
### What the Growers Say:

Mr. F. A. Dickson, 317 Produce Exchange Bldg., Kansas City, Missouri, says: "I planted your Smoky Dent corn May 1st on my farm near Quenemo, Kansas. On July 15th I began feeding to my hogs the corn which was then way past the roasting ear stage. It is a good yielder and the earliest field corn I know anything about. It was a profitable crop for me as it gave me feeding corn when old corn was very high."

S. W. Sipe, of Fulton County, Ohio, a very large grower of corn, says, under date of August 30th, 1921: "I have been growing corn for the past thirty-five years, and the Early Smoky Dent corn has every variety of corn surpassed that I have ever grown, for early maturity, size of ears and quality—the ears measuring eight to ten inches long and have twelve to sixteen rows of kernels on the cob. This corn has a nice leafy stalk, which very often carries two nice ears. Stalks will average on good ground eight feet or more in height. This corn matured for me last season in seventy-five days, and this season in seventy-eight days from date of planting. Our last season's yield was 100 bushels per acre."

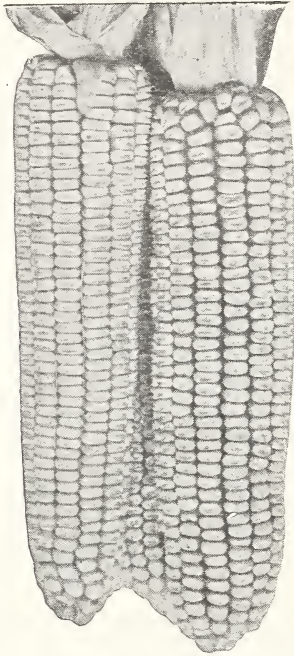
Mr. Sipe is vice-president of the Fulton County Fair, and we claim him to be the largest grower of corn in Fulton County, and his word and honesty our customers can bank on.

We are confident that this new dent corn will fill many corn cribs where it has been almost impossible to mature a dent corn except in an unusual season. 1 lb., 30c; 14 lbs., \$1.75, postpaid; 1 bu., \$5.00, not prepaid.





## SEED CORN—Continued



REID'S YELLOW DENT

### *Reid's Yellow Dent*

**REID'S YELLOW DENT**—This is a splendid yellow dent variety with eighteen to twenty-four rows of kernels on an ear. The cob is small and grains are very close together so that there is scarcely any room between the rows. Reid's Yellow Dent has been awarded more prizes at Corn Shows than any other variety. The ears average from eight to eleven inches in length. The stalks are very heavy, and are not easily blown down. This corn will mature under favorable conditions in about 90 days. Our stock is grown for us by one of the largest and most reliable growers.

### *Champion White Pearl*

**CHAMPION WHITE PEARL**—An extra early, pure white variety of the Dent family; very productive and exceedingly early, maturing in 85 to 90 days from the time of planting. The grain is extra deep and wide, two of which will more than span the cob, which is very small.

### *New Mortgage Lifter*

**NEW MORTGAGE LIFTER**—This variety is without any question of a doubt the best 90-day corn under cultivation. It will resist the drouth and the scorching heat better than any other variety, and will go out and make a crop for a farmer where other varieties will fail. It grows from 14-20 rows on the cob, of a beautiful orange color. Stalks are strong and heavy, the ears are splendid shape and it is the longest grained 90-day corn under cultivation, making it a variety to be desired for general use. We cannot recommend this variety too strongly.

### *King of the Earliest Yellow Dent*

**KING OF THE EARLIEST YELLOW DENT**—This 80-85 day, long grained, small cob, good-sized ear of early dent corn is guaranteed to be the earliest yellow dent corn in cultivation. It is largely used for replanting where late varieties will not get ripe. It grows from 7 to 10 feet tall, good strong fodder, ears from 7 to 9 inches long, and contains from 14 to 16 rows on the cob.

### *Cuban Giant Ensilage*

This corn is particularly adapted for filling silos on account of its heavy foliage. The stock grows to a height of 10 to 12 ft.

### *Truckers Favorite White Dent*

**TRUCKERS FAVORITE WHITE DENT**—This new 90-100 day Early White Dent Field or Garden Corn is used very largely all over the South as a substitute for Sweet Corn. It grows from 7 to 10 feet high, contains more sugar and sweet corn qualities than any other White Dent under cultivation. Many market gardeners use it in place of Adams' Early. More bushels of it have been sold since its introduction than any other White Dent Corn. It is the best fixed, pure white corn ever introduced to the seed trade. It is a strong grower and a heavy yielder. We have never known of a crop to blight or disappoint a grower. We want all of our customers to give it a thorough trial. The ears grow from 7 to 11 inches long. \$4.00 per Bushel, not prepaid.

### *Hickory King*

**HICKORY KING**—Has the largest grains, with smallest cob, of any white corn introduced. We have what is known as the Broad Grain Hickory King, a single grain nearly covering a cross-section of the entire cob. It is a strong grower; the stalks take a firm hold on the ground and stand upright, resisting heavy wind storms without blowing down. In fairly good soil each stalk bears 2 and sometimes 3 medium sized ears. It yields good crops on light soils and is one of the most productive and profitable white varieties for planting in the South. Ears fill out well and will make more shelled corn to bulk of ears than any other variety. It is good for roasting ears to follow Early White Dent; makes a splendid quality of corn meal, and is just the right sort for stock feeding, being almost all corn and very little cob.

### *Iowa Silver Mine*

**IOWA SILVER MINE**—White—Stalks grow to a height of about 7 or 8 feet and set the ears about 3½ or 4 feet from the ground. Ears 10 to 12 inches in length, weighing one and one-half pounds; uniform in size and shape, with pure white kernels set on a small white cob, and are well filled out over the tip. It is early, maturing in 95 days. Seventy pounds of corn in the ear will make 60 pounds shelled. It is hardy, a great drouth resister and summing it all up, the acme of perfection.

**BOONE COUNTY WHITE**—100 Days—Medium late, and in our opinion the best white corn for bottom lands and good soil. The ears are of large size, well proportioned, well rounded at butt and tip. The up-to-date type has a deep, narrow grain, giving the largest possible amount of corn to the cob. This variety yielded well even last season and we cannot recommend it too highly.

### *Iowa Gold Mine*

**IOWA GOLD MINE**—90 Days—Is very early; ripening only a few days later than Pride of the North; golden yellow; grain very deep; cob small. Will make excellent early crop, or will mature if planted after wheat is cut or early potatoes dug.

All of above varieties, except where noted, \$3.50 per bushel, not prepaid. Burlap Bags extra at 15c each; Seamless Bags extra at 50c each.

### Seed Popcorn on Ear

**WHITE RICE**—A very handsome variety; kernels long, pointed and resembling rice; color white; very prolific.

Pound, 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.25; 50 lbs., \$7.00.

**QUEEN'S GOLDEN**—The stalks grow 6 feet high, and the large ears are produced in abundance. It pops perfectly white, and a single kernel will expand to a diameter of one inch.

Pound, 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.25; 50 lbs., \$7.00.

### Sweet Potatoes

Prices Subject to Change

50 Pounds at 100 Pound Rates

**YELLOW NANSEMOND**—Standard variety for main crop. 100 lbs., \$6.00.

**RED NANSEMOND**—Like above, except skin is red. 100 lbs., \$7.00.

**JERSEY YELLOW**—Shorter and thicker than Nansemond. 100 lbs., \$6.00.

**NANCY HALL**—The best of the yellow varieties. 100 lbs., \$7.00.

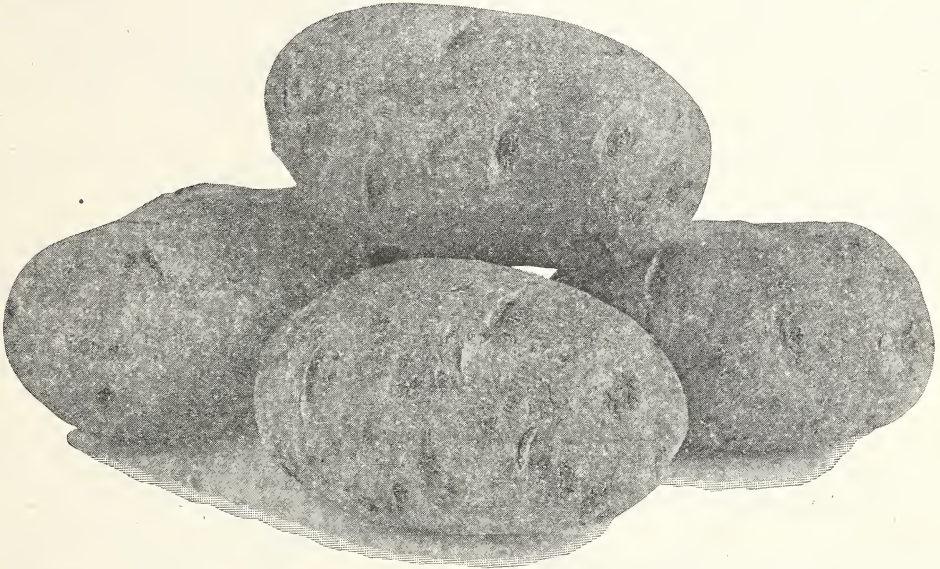
**SOUTHERN QUEEN**—A large early potato. 100 lbs., \$8.00.

**RED BERMUDA**—A large early potato.

100 lbs., \$8.00.

Sweet Potato Plants in Season—Ask for Prices.

## SEED POTATOES



**RED RIVER OHIO**  
**POTATOES 60 LBS. PER BUSHEL.**

#### Prices on Application

**RED RIVER OHIO**—This potato is grown in the Red River Valley, and well pays for the difference in price of it and the native Ohio, and after once having planted them, you will plant no other.

**TRUE EARLY ROSE**—The Early Rose is a standard early potato and is so well known as to need no description. We are prepared to sell fine Northern grown selected stock.

**IRISH COBBLER**—One of the most popular of the early varieties. Its excellent quality, together with its cream-white color, makes it fine for the best trade. It is a vigorous grower, a good keeper, and ripens uniformly.

**BURBANK**—White skinned, few eyes, fine grained flesh, dry and floury when cooked; very productive, ripening between the early and late varieties.

**TRIUMPH**—Red River Stock—This potato is much sought after on account of its productiveness, fine quality and beautiful appearance, which makes it one of the best early market varieties, especially for the South, from which they are shipped to Northern markets, bringing the highest prices.

**RURAL NEW YORKER**—One of the largest yielding varieties in existence. Large and unusually smooth, with few shallow eyes; skin white as is also flesh, which is of superior quality. Medium late and the best drouth resister. There is no other Potato of more handsome appearance than the Rural New Yorker. Although it is a large yielder it grows but few and small vines. It is very hardy and will stand the heaviest manuring without getting scabby or spotted. For this reason it is one of the most desirable varieties for farmers and potato growers near large cities to grow for main crop for market.

If you are raising Sweet Potatoes for market, note description of our Transplanter, Page 63. You cannot afford to be without one. Ask for list of satisfied users.



## HAND SEED SOWERS (Broadcast)

Will Sow Alfalfa, Clover, Timothy and all Kinds of Grass Seeds

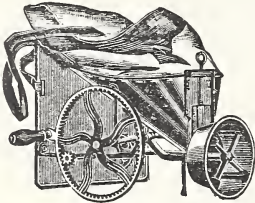


### The Cyclone Seeder

A good seed sower will pay for itself in the sowing of a few acres. Three-fourths of a bushel of seed distributed evenly will give better results than a bushel of seed poorly distributed. The Cyclone Seeder will distribute the seed perfectly even and will not throw it in an upward direction or against the operator, but direct and evenly to the ground.

The machine is supplied with a patented interlock, double flange, non-solder tin distributing wheel and an automatic feed adjustment so that the seed can be let on or shut off instantly.

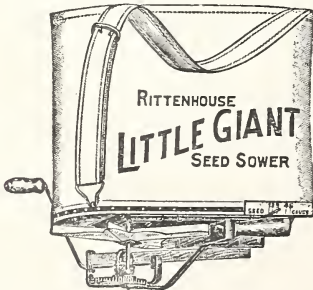
Three special features of the Cyclone are—Slant Feed Board, Sheet Steel Oscillating Feed Plate, Non-Solder Tin Distributing Wheel.  
**Price each, \$2.50.**



CAHOON SOWER

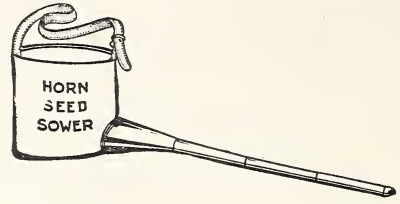
### Cahoon's Hand Seed Sower

For sowing alfalfa, wheat, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, grass seeds, etc. The best machine of the kind in the market. The grain is held in tight sheet iron hopper, surrounded by a bag that will hold a bushel of seed. This is suspended by a strap from the operator's neck and held in position by a strap around the waist. The seed is thrown from eight to twenty feet on each side of the operator, the heaviest seed being, of course, thrown the greatest distance. **Price, \$6.00.**



### Little Giant No. 3 Seed Sower

This is a machine that will do perfect work and will sow all kinds of seed that is sown broadcast. Is strong and light and works easy. It is a labor saver and will be sure to please the user. **Price each, \$2.50.**



### The Horn Seed Sower

This Sower consists of a sack and a sectional tin tube. The sack is made from heavy duck and the sower is operated by a swinging motion of the tube. It will sow the different varieties of farm seed and will do good work. You can get money back if not pleased with it. Full directions for adjusting and operating on each machine.  
**Price, \$1.25.**



### The Wenatchee Fruit and Gathering Bag

Shipping weight two pounds each.

The load is carried from the shoulders by heavy adjustable web straps, securely fastened to the metal frame, and in this position gives ease and comfort to the picker. A strap around the waist keeps it in position. The mouth of the bag is always open, being constructed with a novel shaped metal frame so that the hands of the picker can go with the fruit to the bottom of the bag. Bottom of the bag is opened instantly by the snap and fruit is emptied out without bruise or injury.

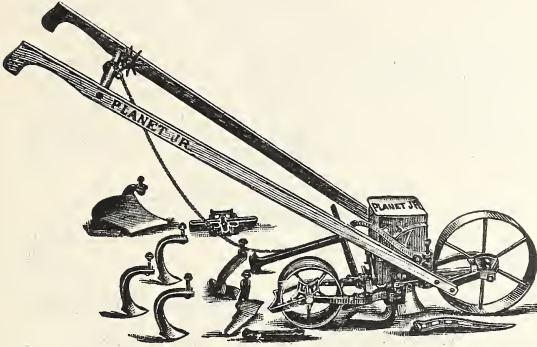
When snapped at top, loop of bag will hold one-half bushel; when snapped at bottom loop as shown in cut the bag will hold about a bushel.

Body of bag is made of 10-ounce duck stitched with waxed harness thread and reinforced with leather at wearing parts.

**\$2.50 each, \$27.00 per doz.**

## PLANET JR. FARM AND GARDEN TOOLS

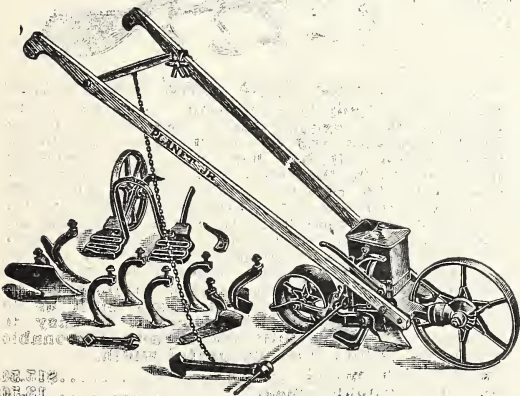
Known throughout the world as the best line of specialized farm and garden tools by thousands of thoroughly satisfied users, who are after all, our best advertisers. Made of the best materials by workmen who through many years of experience are specialists in their work. Will save you time, labor and money.



**No. 4 Planet Jr. Hill and Drill Seeder and Single Wheel Hoe. Price \$18.00**

More in use than any other tool of this kind. An old reliable that will sow any vegetable seeds in drills, at proper thickness, proper depth, and economically, or will drop in hills 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart. After crop is up it can be used as a Single Wheel Hoe. The assortment of cultivating attachments is such as to permit one to do the necessary plowing in the garden, hilling up plants, running furrows for fertilizer and seed, such as potatoes; in fact, it will do practically all garden work.

**No. 4-D Seeder Only. Price \$14.25**

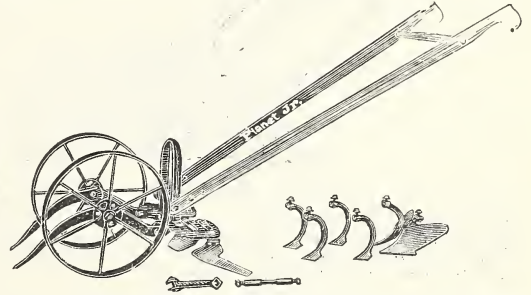


**No. 25 Planet Jr. Hill and Drill Seeder, Double and Single Wheel Hoe. Price \$21.50**

Named by many users as the "Complete Gardener." Will sow all vegetable seeds in drills, at proper depth, thickness, and economically; will drop in hills 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart. Like No. 4, the index is absolutely accurate, and once set cannot be moved by accident. As a Double Wheel Hoe this tool straddles the row until plants are 20 inches high, using side hoes, cultivator teeth, rakes or other attachments. Then as a Single Wheel Hoe, it is used between the rows to do the cultivating work. Equipment also includes one pair of garden plows, with which ordinary plowing can be done. Rakes, disc hoes, etc., can be added whenever desired.

**No. 12 Planet Jr. Double and Single Wheel Hoe. Price \$10.75**

Equipment: Pair 6 in. Hoes, pair Garden Plows, 4 Cultivator Teeth, 2 Leaf Lifters, 15 in. Steel Wheel.



The most useful combined Double and Single Wheel Hoe on the market, with an assortment of cultivating attachments that permits one to do all garden work, including plowing, running furrows for seed, fertilizer, etc., hilling up plants and general cultivation. As a Double Wheel Hoe it can be used to straddle the row, cultivating both sides, until the plants are 20 inches high. As a Single Wheel Hoe it may be used between the rows to do the necessary cultivating.

**No. 13 Double and Single Wheel Hoe. Price \$8.00**

The same as the No. 12, except that the equipment consists of only one pair of 6-inch side hoes—the most useful and all that some onion growers and others want. Any of the other attachments can be added when desired.



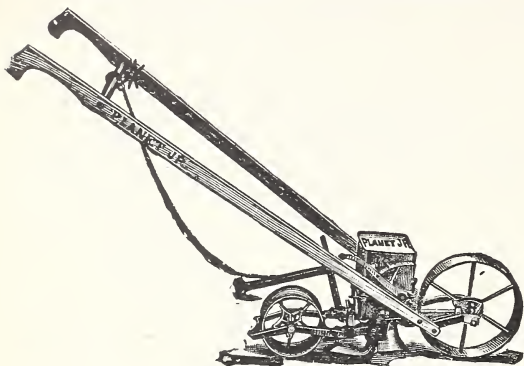
**No. 19 Planet Jr. Garden Plow and Cultivator. Price \$6.00**

Just the thing for farmers' home gardens. Or in fact, for anyone who has a large or small acreage of vegetables. The assortment of cultivating attachments includes 5-prong cultivator tooth, a 2-inch and a 4-inch cultivating tooth, a 10-inch sweep and a garden plow. With the plow the ordinary garden plowing can be done very well. With the 2-inch cultivator tooth furrows can be run for seed and this tooth can also be used for cultivating where plants are close. The 5-prong cultivating attachment does very fine work, and the sweep gives you shallow or deep cultivation, cutting off the weeds directly beneath the surface.



# PLANET JR. FARM AND GARDEN TOOLS—Cont.

## No. 5 Hill and Drill Seeder

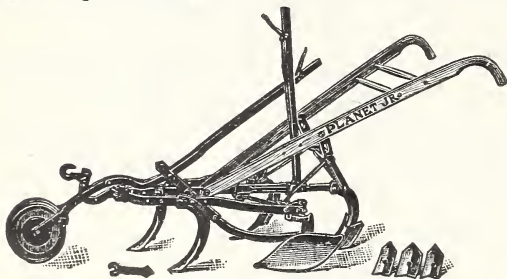


PRICE \$20.00

Same as the No. 3 machine, except that the hopper holds five quarts of seed and the machine is a little larger proportionately all over, including a 16½-inch steel driving wheel.

## No. 8 Planet Jr. Horse Hoe and Cultivator

Equipment: 4—3x8 inch Cultivator Steels, one 4-inch x 8-inch Cultivator Steel, 2-6-inch Hillers, one 7-inch Shovel, Lever Wheel, Lever Expander and Depth Regulator.



PRICE \$17.50

The most widely known and desirable horse hoe and cultivator on the market today. Recognized in this country and other countries as the farmer's best friend. The steel wheel has no spokes and will not clog. The tool is especially strong, being braced so as to make a stiff, unyielding implement intended for long continued service. Handle adjustment up or down for height, and there is an important side adjustment. Side standards take either cultivator steels or hillers. The cultivating attachments are very complete, the tool is strong and easily handled, and at the same time simple in construction.

## Adams' Clipper Cultivator



This Garden Cultivator has made a pronounced hit with the trade. The Clipper is light, strong and durable and the 24-inch high wheel makes it exceedingly easy to handle. Equipped with rake and three styles of shovels, which will serve any purpose desired. Weight, 23 pounds. Price \$5.00.

## No. 3 Planet Jr. Hill and Drill Seeder

PRICE \$17.50

A favorite seeder with market gardeners. Has capacity of three quarts of seed and sows in a drill, at proper depth, proper thickness, and economically. Sows in hills 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart. The index is accurate and once set stays set until seeding is finished. This tool opens the furrow, drops the seed, covers the seed, packs the soil and marks out the next row—all in one operation. Made of best quality materials by workmen who through many years of experience have become specialists in their work of making Planet Jr. farm and garden tools.

## Planet Jr. Extras HAND MACHINES

Side Hoes, 6-inch, pair.....\$1.50  
Cultivator Teeth, set of 4.....1.60  
Disc Hoes, pair.....3.75

## Planet Jr. Twelve-Tooth Harrow, Cultivator and Pulverizer

Complete (with Steel Lever Wheel and Pulverizer).....\$18.00

Packed weight, 74 lbs. See cut below.

Less Pulverizer.....\$14.75

Weight, 66 lbs.

Less Pulverizer and Wheel.....\$11.75

Weight, 52 lbs.



## No. 9 Horse Hoe and Cultivator

No. 9 horse tool is a valuable tool and is the same as No. 8, except that it does not have the depth regulator and has plain wheel instead of lever wheel. It has become popular because of its strength, lightness, easy change of width, and perfection of work, and while not so handy as a tool with a depth regulator, it is a favorite. All steels are especially hardened and efficient. The handles are adjustable in height and also sidewise, and with equipment as shown in the illustration, offers a tool which will always be useful. This tool has been used throughout the civilized world. It is so strongly built as to withstand incredible strain, yet it is easy to handle. One can cultivate to any reasonable depth and adjust for any useful width.

No. 9—With wheel.....\$15.50

No. 9D—Without wheel.....13.50



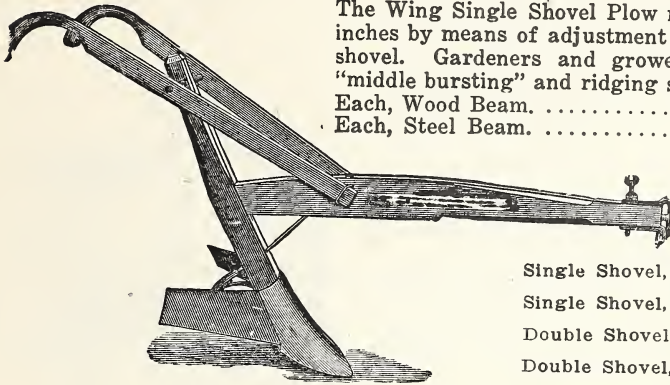
## Planet Jr.

## Sweeps

Just the thing for light cultivation during dry weather. It is especially valuable to potato growers and gardeners.

10 in. and bolt, each.....\$0.95  
12 in. and bolt, each.....1.05  
15 in. and bolt, each.....1.20  
18 in. and bolt, each.....1.55  
24 in. and bolt, each.....3.00

## WING, SINGLE AND DOUBLE SHOVEL PLOWS



The Wing Single Shovel Plow may be widened to a width of 24 inches by means of adjustment key and cross bars back of main shovel. Gardeners and growers find this very practical for "middle bursting" and ridging sweet potatoes.

Each, Wood Beam. ....\$6.25  
Each, Steel Beam. .... 6.25

Single Shovel, Wood Beam, each.....\$5.00

Single Shovel, Iron Beam, each..... 5.00

Double Shovel, Iron Beam, each..... 5.50

Double Shovel, Wood Beam, each..... 6.00

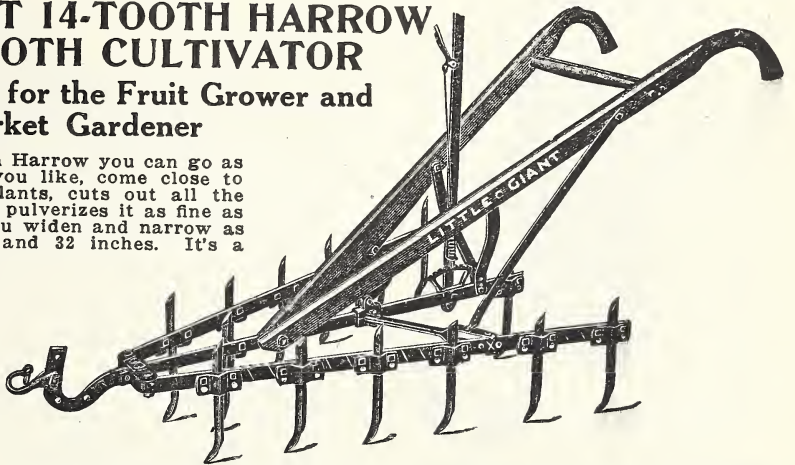
## LITTLE GIANT 14-TOOTH HARROW AND 5-TOOTH CULTIVATOR

Are Necessities for the Fruit Grower and Market Gardener

With the Fourteen-Tooth Harrow you can go as deep or as shallow as you like, come close to row without injuring plants, cuts out all the weeds, stirs the soil and pulverizes it as fine as with a garden rake. You widen and narrow as you please between 22 and 32 inches. It's a special favorite with strawberry growers, market gardeners and truckers.

14-Tooth Harrow, with lever, each..\$7.50

14-Tooth Harrow, with lever and wheel, each.....\$8.50



**5-TOOTH CULTIVATOR**—It is so strongly built as to withstand incredible strain, yet it is light and easy to handle. It opens and closes furrows, hoes right up to the plants without danger of injuring, throws dirt to or from the row and throws back from center again. You can cultivate to any depth desired, and adjust for any width.

5-Tooth Cultivator, with lever, each.....\$7.50

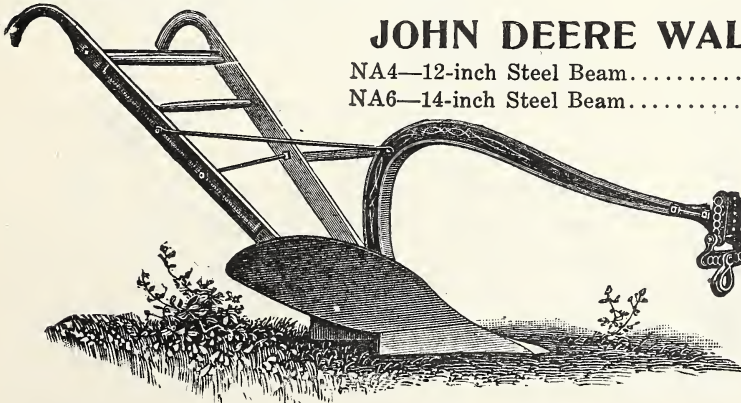
5-Tooth Cultivator, with lever and wheel, each..... 8.50

Horse Hoe Attachment, per set 3 Shovels..... 2.25

## JOHN DEERE WALKING PLOWS

NA4—12-inch Steel Beam.....\$22.50

NA6—14-inch Steel Beam..... 25.00



7-inch Pony Plow, Wood Beam, each....\$ 7.00

8-inch Wood Beam, each..... 7.50

9-inch Wood Beam, each..... 8.50

10-inch Wood Beam, each..... 10.50

7-inch Steel Beam, each..... 8.50

8-inch Steel Beam, each..... 9.00

9-inch Steel Beam, each..... 10.00

10-inch Steel Beam, each.....\$11.50

11-inch Steel Beam, each..... 12.50

12-inch Steel Beam, each..... 22.50

14-inch Steel Beam, each..... 23.50

50-Tooth Harrow, Steel Frame and Lever, U-bar, each..... 18.00

60-Tooth Harrow, Steel Frame and Lever, U-bar, each..... 21.50



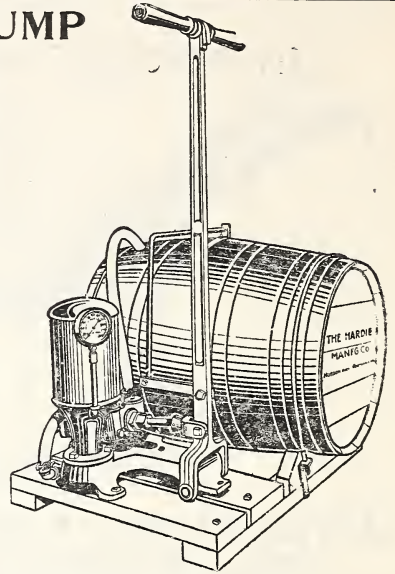
## THE "HARDIE" HAND SPRAY PUMP

This is the best of all outside Barrel Pumps. It has brass lined cylinder, brass ball valves, brass valve caps and caps, solid brass plunger and plunger rod and is made just as carefully as if it was intended for a Power Sprayer, yet the simplicity of its construction and our large output enables us to sell it at a price that defies competition. Remember this is a double acting pump, so that the labor of pumping is divided half on each stroke of the handle. This makes easy work of what otherwise is a hard, tiresome job.

### PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE

It is fitted with suction hose, suction strainer, and tested to 200 pounds.

- |  |         |
|--|---------|
| <b>Outfit No. 35</b> —Pump mounted on platform with 50-gallon barrel with mechanical agitation, without pressure gauge. . . . .  | \$40.00 |
| <b>Outfit No. 34</b> —Same as No. 35 with the addition of 15 ft. $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch hose, 10 ft. bamboo extension rod, leakless stop-cock and angle Vapo nozzle, without pressure gauge. . . . .                      | 50.00   |
| <b>Outfit No. 36</b> —Same as No. 35 with the addition of two 15 ft. lines $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch hose, two 10 ft. bamboo extension rods, two leakless stopcocks, two angle Vapo nozzles, without pressure gauge. . . . . | 60.00   |
| <b>Extra for Pressure Gauge on any of the above outfits.</b> . . . .   | 4.00    |
| <b>Agitator only for 50-gallon barrel.</b> . . . .   | 3.00    |

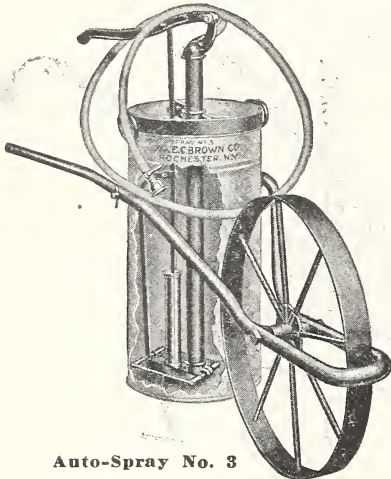


## AUTO-SPRAY No. 3

For Handling Whitewash, Cold Water Paint, Insecticides, Fungicides and All Solutions

We recommend the Auto-Spray No. 3 for whitewashing buildings containing between 3,000 and 30,000 square feet of floor space, and is constructed in accordance with the requirements of DAIRY FARMERS throughout the world. **THE AGITATION IS PERFECT.** The Auto-Spray No. 3 is made with 12-gallon reservoir with truck. The truck is not very expensive and it saves considerable labor. This pump is on the principle of a force pump and all of the parts that touch the solution are brass. The plunger is packed with graphite packing that will not dry out. The agitator on this pump is well adapted for mixing whitewash. This is a very important feature of the Auto-Spray No. 3. It is a very easy working machine and is capable of maintaining a very high pressure. (Instructions for mixing whitewash with each machine.)

**SPECIFICATIONS**—The machine is equipped with brass ball valves, heavy seamless brass cylinders, brass casting on the bottom of the pump, complete with brass screen, powerful agitator, heavy galvanized steel reservoir. Each machine is equipped with 8-ft.  $\frac{3}{4}$ -in. high pressure hose, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$  feet of iron extension with latest screen nozzle. Each, \$22.00.



Auto-Spray No. 3

## MIDGET DUSTER

One of the best dusters we have ever sold. Easy and clean to use. The dust cloud starts the instant you push the handle forward and it may be regulated from a mere "haze" to a cloud of large size and force by the stroke you give it. This gun is ideal for applying all powder insecticides and fungicides on gardens, flowers, fruits, etc. Just the thing for the small gardener to use in applying Nico Dust. Also for applying all kinds of powdered fly, rat and roach exterminators.

Each \$1.25, not postpaid.

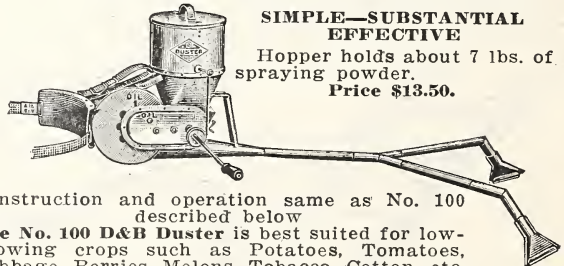


THE BEST DUSTER MADE.

## NO. 200 D&B DUSTER

SIMPLE—SUBSTANTIAL  
EFFECTIVE

Hopper holds about 7 lbs. of spraying powder.  
Price \$13.50.



Construction and operation same as No. 100 described below

**The No. 100 D&B Duster** is best suited for low-growing crops such as Potatoes, Tomatoes, Cabbage, Berries, Melons, Tobacco, Cotton, etc. It can also be used effectively on shrubs and small trees. Hopper holds about 4 lbs. of spraying powder.

**Simple and Easy to Operate**—Without doubt this is the most simple and easy operating duster of its kind on the market. Light in weight, well balanced and supported over shoulder by heavy web strap. Made of very few parts and there is nothing to get out of order. Dial indicator with graduating figures makes possible quick and accurate adjustment for regulating the flow of powder from hopper. It is possible for operator to set the indicator for any definite amount of dust desired. This eliminates guess work in controlling density of the dust cloud. Distributes the dust uniformly. The powerful air blast produced by the fan breaks up the powder into a fine dust cloud, instantly covering all parts of the plant. The agitator and feeding mechanism are made strong enough to break up all hard lumps of powder without injury to any parts of the Duster. Comes complete with attachments for dusting one or two rows. Elbows, pipes and wide spreading nozzles can be adjusted to direct dust cloud in many directions. **Price, \$10.50.**



## AUTO SPRAY NO. 9

It is useful and practical for every variety of spraying, such as for trees, shrubbery, vines, disinfectants and small white-washing jobs. Tank is made of heavy brass or galvanized iron. Tank is made of the strongest construction possible and the troublesome safety valve not necessary. Capacity three gallons. The pump is two inches in diameter and of heavy, seamless brass. Can be easily removed. Absolutely air-tight. Two or three pumpings will empty the tank under high pressure.

The pump plunger can be removed and reinserted by simply drawing the leather cup into a sleeve. There is no wrinkling or disarranging the cup while inserting into the cylinder.

Each machine fitted with 2 feet of  $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch hose, also 2 ft. brass extension rod, fine spray nozzle, solid stream cap and either stop-cock or automatic shut-off as ordered.

**Auto Spray No. 9B**—Brass Tank with Auto Pop. Price \$9.00.  
**Auto Spray No. 9D**—Galvanized Tank with Auto Pop. Price \$6.50.

**Brass Elbow, 35c each.** 2-ft. Brass Extension Rod, **60c each.** Standard for 20 years. 500,000 in use. The favorite with florists. Diameter, 7 in.; height, 2 feet; capacity, 3 gallons; weight, empty, 9 lbs.; weight, loaded, 36 lbs.; weight, shipping, 11 lbs.



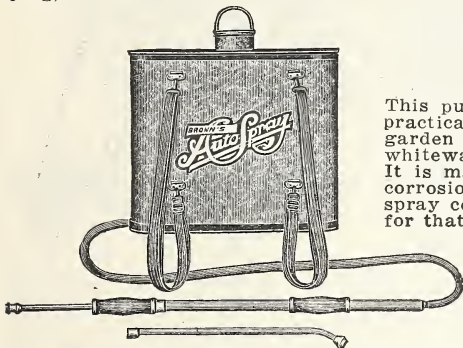
## AUTO SPRAY NO. 5

This pump is the ideal all-purpose hand sprayer. Its field is practically unlimited as it may be used for spraying trees, vines, garden truck, potatoes and any field crops, and for handling whitewash and disinfectants.

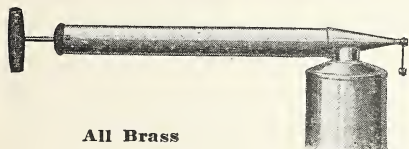
It is made entirely of brass, doing away with all danger of corrosion. The pump is double acting. This feature makes the spray continuous. The pump cylinder is small in diameter and for that reason the operator can generate a high pressure with little labor. In an actual test this pump generated a pressure of 180 pounds per square inch, with ordinary effort. To take the pump completely apart it is only necessary to unscrew the packing gland. The plunger complete can then be pulled out of the pump cylinder. The nozzles were designed especially for use with this pump. With these nozzles the operator is able to get any variety of spray; or for a long distance for trees; and a fine spray for all work near at hand, such as garden truck, bushes and potatoes. This nozzle will also handle whitewash.

The Auto-Spray No. 5 excels all other pumps in durability and simplicity. Because it is double acting it will do the same spraying that other pumps will do, with half the labor.

**Pump, \$5.00. Complete with Knapsack, \$8.00.**



## AUTO SPRAY NO. 26



All Brass

A continuous atomizer of unusual merits. The container can be detached for refilling and cleaned by simply unscrewing from the pump cylinder. The syphon tube is easily removed and quickly cleaned by removing the nozzle.

**Uses**—For spraying garden crops, for use in greenhouses, for handling disinfectants and fly oils. It can be used with all spraying solutions. **Price, \$1.35.**

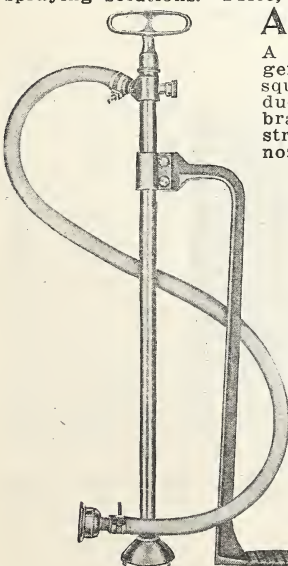
## AUTO SPRAY NO. 6

A powerful bucket pump which easily generates a pressure of 200 pounds per square inch. It is double acting, producing a continuous spray. Made of brass, equipped with a brass suction strainer as well as a strainer in the nozzle. The pump is equipped with a

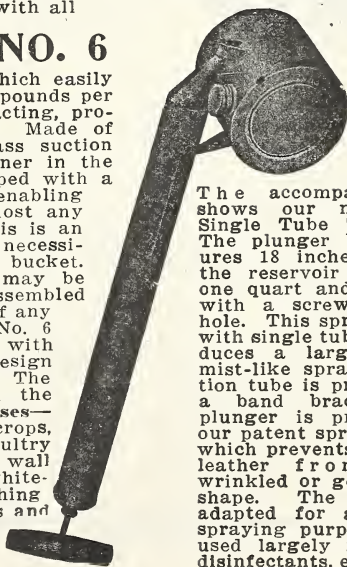
foot rest 16 inches high, enabling the operator to use almost any bucket or container. This is an advantage, as it does not necessitate the use of a special bucket. So constructed that it may be taken apart and reassembled without the use of tools of any kind. The Auto Spray No. 6 is regularly equipped with four nozzles of special design for variety spraying. The same is furnished with the Auto Spray No. 5. **Uses**—

For spraying field crops, shrubs, vines, poultry houses, for removing wall paper, disinfecting, white-washing, creosoting shingles, applying floor oils and for general purposes.

**Auto Spray No. 6, complete, \$4.50.**



## THE NEW NO. 22 LIGHTNING SINGLE TUBE SPRAYER



The accompanying cut shows our new No. 22 Single Tube Tin Sprayer. The plunger barrel measures 18 inches in length, the reservoir holds about one quart and is provided with a screw cap filling hole. This sprayer is made with single tube which produces a large and even mist-like spray. The suction tube is protected with a band brace and the plunger is provided with our patent spring expander which prevents the plunger leather from becoming wrinkled or getting out of shape. The sprayer is adapted for all kinds of spraying purposes and is used largely for spraying disinfectants, etc. **Price, 60c.**



# NICO-DUST

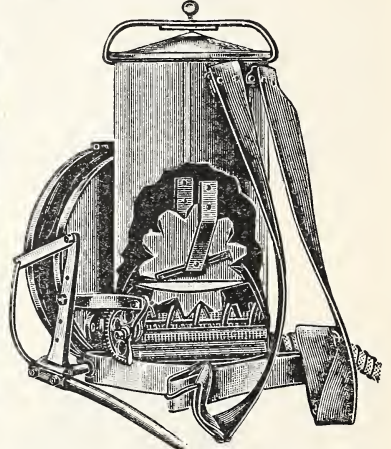
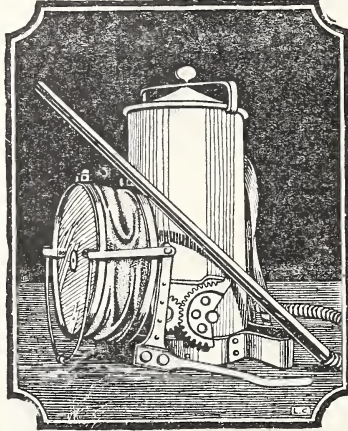
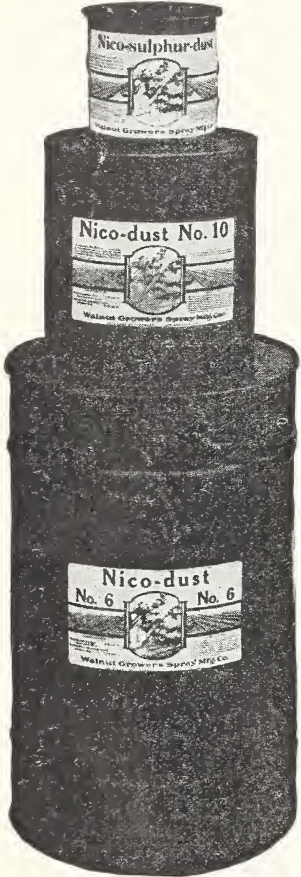
A Preparation for the Control of Those Pests Which Commonly Infest Cultivated Plants  
GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

NICO DUST is a contact insecticide and therefore should be applied carefully and thoroughly, in order for the material to come in actual contact with the bodies of the insects. The dust is most active when the temperature is high, and most effective when the air is still. Hence, applications should be made when it is as warm and as quiet as possible. A light, thorough, evenly distributed application is the most desirable.

The insects concerned have the power to multiply rapidly under favorable conditions. Therefore it is often necessary to make a second or a third application to keep infestation completely in check. These should follow in about one or two weeks from the previous application.

Early application is very important, when the insects first appear, and before they get numerous. The infestation should be checked before any damage is done.

## American Beauty Dust Sprayer



The arrangement of the knapsack, or shoulder carry, contributes to greater ease, greater freedom of movement, and leaves both hands free for use at any time. The 600-cubic inch bellows' capacity gives the most powerful drive extant. It will easily reach high trees or cover wide areas of field crop. The bellows system gives absolute and instant control of the blast. The slightest change of pressure on the operating lever serves to throw the dust high or low, far or near, at the operator's will and without loss of time or material. The bellows gives a strong, intermittent blast—there when you want it, and where you want it—inactive when not wanted. The feed, or discharge, is simple and effective—can be regulated for a wide range of action, from a very thin, vapory dust to a dense cloud. The measurement of discharge is accurate and constant. The sifting device crushes lumps and force-feeds the dust through a very fine screen, so that the discharged dust floats in the air. No lumps are passed. No waste material will be found falling on the ground between the machine and the plant or tree. The dust is sifted only into moving air. It never falls to the bottom of the air-way, therefore no clogging. The construction of the airway is such that a miniature whirlwind is set up, resulting in the thorough breaking up and mixing of dust particles as they are ground through the fine sifting screen. Result: A perfect cloud of very fine dust. \$20.00 each.

## Nico Garden Dust

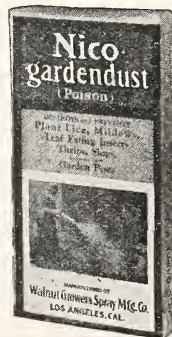
**NICO-DUST 6%**  
For aphids on lettuce, cabbage, cauliflower, flowers, shrubs and general florists' use.  
5-lb. package. . . . . \$ 1.75  
25-lb. steel drum. . . . . 7.50  
100-lb. steel drum. . . . . 22.50

**NICO-DUST 10%**  
For canteloupe, watermelon, cucumber and squash. Experiments show a killing effect of nearly 100% almost instantly.  
5-lb. package. . . . . \$ 2.75  
25-lb. steel drum. . . . . 9.00  
100-lb. steel drum. . . . . 30.00

**No. 21—NICO-DUST 10% WITH ARSENATE OF LEAD**  
For cantaloupe, watermelon, cucumber and squash. For striped beetles and aphids, also for worms on cabbage and cauliflower.  
5-lb. package. . . . . \$ 3.00  
25-lb. steel drum. . . . . 10.00  
100-lb. steel drum. . . . . 32.50

Prices F. O. B. Kansas City, Mo. Subject to Change Without Notice Nico-Dust Can Be Sent By Parcel Post.

WRITE FOR FREE NICO-DUST CHART



This is made for the home garden where small fruit, roses and other decorative flowers and plants are grown. It will eradicate in one application both the insect and mildew, leaf-cutting insects, red spider, slugs, snails and in fact the majority of the commonest pest found in the family garden. Put up in ½-lb. self-blowing cartons, or 2-lb. containers, ½-lb. self-blowing carton, 40c; 2-lb. container, \$1.25.

2-lb. ½-lb.  
Package Self-Blowing Carton



## INSECTICIDES AND FUMIGATING MATERIALS

Insecticides and Fungicides marked (\*) can be sent by Parcel Post at Purchasers' expense. Consult your local Post Office for rate from Kansas City. Sorts not marked can not be sent by mail.

### NICOTINE PRODUCTS

#### Nico-Fume Tobacco Powder

Can be Mailed



Tobacco Powder impregnated with a high strength nicotine solution. Effective for fumigating in greenhouses to destroy Aphids, Thrips, etc. The following suggestions and illustrations are set forth on the labels: "Fill an ordinary 2½ inch flower pot heaping full of Nico-Fume Powder. Use one pile to each 5,000 to 7,000 cubic feet of air space, or three piles in a greenhouse 100 feet long by 20 feet wide. Place piles at equal distances apart to secure uniform distribution of fumes. Do not press down Nico-Fume Powder in the pot nor in the pile, because the fumes in a loose pile will be driven off more readily than in a tight pile; hence the nicotine is less liable to be decomposed by the heat of the fire."

10 pound cans, \$8.50; 5 pound cans, \$4.75.

\*NICO-FUME PAPER—Sheets of paper treated with high-strength refined nicotine solution. Especially suitable for fumigation of flowers, to destroy aphids and thrips. Very convenient. Eight to ten sheets fumigate 16,000 cubic feet of space.

NICO-FUME LIQUID—A highly refined solution of free nicotine—exceptionally pure. Guaranteed 40% nicotine. Used by florists for spraying; also for fumigating on hot steam pipes, pans, etc. Destroys aphids and thrips, etc.

#### PRICES

Nico-Fume—Liquid	Nico-Fume—Paper
¼-lb. Tin.....\$0.75	24 Sheets.....\$1.25
1-lb. Tin.....2.25	144 Sheets.....5.50
4-lb. Tin.....8.00	288 Sheets.....10.00
8-lb. Tin.....15.00	

### Lemon Oil

#### KILL BUGS WITH LEMON OIL INSECTICIDE

—Soluble in water, no odor, no poison. It is just what you need, because it is death to plant pests, it will not injure the plant, it is not a poison, it is harmless to the user, it is safe and sure, it is economical. Once tried always used. It is not an experiment. Effective in destroying Lice, Scale, Mealy Bug, Spider, Thrip, Black and Green Fly, Mites, Ants, Aphids, Rust, Mildew, etc. Especially adapted for use in the greenhouse on Roses, Carnations, and Chrysanthemums, and for the washing of Ferns, Palms, and Rubber Plants. Quart, \$1.10; gallon, \$3.25, not prepaid.

### Cyanogas Calcium Cyanide

G. Grade for Greenhouse Fumigation.

"CYANOGEN" CALCIUM CYANIDE—A new and valuable insecticide for the destruction of Aphids, White Fly, Soft Scale, Thrips, etc., in the greenhouse. Calcium Cyanide when exposed to the air gives off hydrocyanic acid gas for a long period of time, which makes it a safe and effective material for overnight fumigation. Leaves no disagreeable odor, discoloration or residue on plants. Easy to use and economical. 100 lb.

drums, per lb., 25c. 25 lb. tins, per lb., 34c; 5 lb. tins, per lb., 50c; 1 lb. tins, per lb., 60c. (Can not be sent by parcel post.)

BLACK LEAF 40—There are many types of insects that cannot be controlled with a poison such as Paris green or arsenate of lead, but must be killed by what is known as "contact" insecticides. The most common insect of this type is the plant louse or aphid. There are many forms of lice attacking different fruits and vegetables and flowers. Black Leaf 40 is about 40 per cent Nicotine and will be found very effective in controlling all types of plant lice. It is very powerful and one gallon will make from eight hundred to one thousand gallons of spray. Recommended for outdoor uses and for house plants indoors.

#### PRICES—BLACK LEAF 40

1 oz. Makes 6 gallons spray.....	\$0.35
½ lb. Makes 40 to 120 gallons spray.....	1.25
2 lb. Makes 160 to 500 gallons spray.....	3.50
10 lb. Makes 800 to 2500 gallons spray.....	13.50

HAMMOND'S THRIP JUICE—A contact insecticide for destroying sucking insects, such as Aphids or Plant Lice, Red Spider, Black Fly, Thrips, White Fly, Soft Scale and Mealy Bugs. Can be used in either greenhouses, hotbeds and is very valuable for outside work. To be diluted with water to the extent of one portion of Thrip Juice to 40 parts of water.

Price, pt., 85c; qt., \$1.25; gal., \$3.75.

### \*Fish Oil Soap

Useful in the Greenhouse for washing Palms, Rubber Plants, etc., infested with scale. A very dependable wash for trees, where the bark is infested with insects.

Price, 1 lb., 40c; 2½ lbs., 90c; 5 lbs., \$1.65; 10 lbs., \$3.25, not prepaid.

### \*Grafting Wax

It is important that the wax should not soften and run after having been applied to the graft. Ours is made with this particular feature in view. It will not soften in the sun so as to run. It is, however, easily worked with the hand when being applied. If used in very cool weather, it may be more quickly softened by holding it over the stove for a few moments. Besides its use for grafting, it is excellent if applied to young trees and shrubs if barked, and will remain on and prevent rot until the wound is covered with new bark.

Price, ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c.

### Pyrox (Bowker)

Kills insects and prevents Fungus. Use it on fruit trees, berry plants, vegetable plants, potato plants, also shrubs and roses. Pyrox is a fungicide ready prepared which eliminates guess work and saves time; is what the farmer and vegetable grower wants to protect his crops against fungus and insects. The fact that Pyrox sticks so tenaciously after being applied adds greatly to its value and economy. It sticks like paint. It stays on for weeks. Respraying is necessary only to cover new growth. It protects during rainy weather when insects and disease do their deadliest work.

When used on tomato plants the result is a more vigorous plant and prevents the leaves from getting yellow when set in the field, and makes the crop a week or more earlier.

Pyrox kills insects that chew the leaves; it also prevents disease and has a great stimulating effect on the leaves, which are the lungs of all fruit trees and vegetable plants.

Try Pyrox and you will not be disappointed. 1 lb. can, 50c; 5 lb. can, \$1.75; 25 lb. drum, \$7.00; 50 lb. drum, \$12.00; 100 lb. drum, \$20.00. Prices not prepaid.



## INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES

### Insure Your Garden and Orchard Against Bugs

All prices on this page are subject to change.

(See Spraying Calendar, page 62.)

Items marked (\*) can be mailed. We have found the preparations listed on this page the very best. Directions for use are on each package. To protect your trees, flowers, shrubbery and vegetables from insects and blight, it is necessary to spray them. Ask for prices on larger quantities not quoted.

### Arsenate of Lead

**ARSENATE OF LEAD (Dry Powder Form)**—Being the more popular form of this destroyer, owing to its economical ways of being applied. Can be used either as dusting powder or diluted in water. Dusting directions, 1 to 2 lbs. per acre. Diluted in water, 1 lb. to 50 gals. Price, ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.00; 10 lbs., \$3.50; 25 lbs., \$7.00.

**PARIS GREEN**—A poisonous insecticide in powder form, for insects which chew. When applied as a powder use one part Paris Green to 100 parts plaster or flour. As a liquid one pound of Paris Green in 150 to 300 gallons water; if used on fruit trees add one pound quick-lime. Changes with market.

For the convenience of the consumer, we put Paris Green in—

¼ lb. Carton.....	\$0.25
½ lb. Carton.....	.40
1 lb. Carton.....	.60
5 lb. Cans.....	2.50

### \*"Sure Noxem"

#### DRY POWDERED FORM

#### Insecticide—To Most Leaf-Eating Insects

One of the best vegetable insecticides in use. Specially recommended for destroying worms and insects.

#### What To Use It On

Cabbage, Cauliflower, Tomato Plants, Cucumber Vines, Melon Vines, Currant Bushes, Gooseberry Bushes, Vegetables and Flowers of all kinds attacked by Leaf-eating Insects.

1 lb. Sifter Top Cartons.....	\$0.25
5 lb. Packages.....	.55
10 lb. Boxes.....	1.00

### Bordeaux Mixture

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

**To Control Scale and Blight**—For all Fungous diseases. The best Fungicide for curing or preventing Black Rot, Mildew, Blight, Leaf Curl, Scab, or other Fungous diseases on fruit and plants, if used dry.

For Potatoes, dust without reduction, 4 to 5 pounds per acre (according to size of vine).

For Fruit Trees, dust after reducing one pound of Dry Bordeaux with 20 lbs. of lime dust.

For Spray—To make the equivalent of 4-4-50 mixture, use eight pounds of Dry Bordeaux Mixture to 50 gallons of water. For 5-5-50 mixture, use 10 pounds to fifty gallons of water.

1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75.

### Kerosene Emulsion

**For Sucking Insects**—A safe and sure remedy for squash-bugs, plant and bark-lice, San Jose scale, caterpillars, rose-bugs, green-fly, melon and pea louse, and all sucking insects. It is in concentrated form—add 25 to 50 gallons of water to one gallon of emulsion and it is ready for use. Spray before the blossom buds open and again after the blossoms fall. The second spraying should have Paris Green mixed with it, to kill leaf-life aphides and insects.

Qt., 75c; gallon, \$2.25; 5 gallons, \$8.00.

### Lime Sulphur Solution

For all scale insects on trees and shrubs, also of benefit for such fungus bark diseases as can be treated in winter. Must be diluted and applied with a spray pump while the trees are dormant, after the leaves have fallen in fall and before the buds swell in spring. It can be used quite strong during mid-winter. One gallon to 10 of water.

Price, quart can, 40c; ½ gallon, 60c; 1 gallon, \$1.00; 5 gallon, \$3.00; 50 gallon bbl., \$12.00.

**\*LIME SULPHUR (Dry Powdered)**—The most efficient form of this highly celebrated spraying compound. Dissolves instantly in cold or hot water. Directions: Dissolve at rate of 10 lbs. to 50 gals. water.

1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.25; 25 lbs., \$4.00; 100 lbs., \$12.00.

### Sulpho Compound

Odorless—Non-poisonous

The Body Builder and health giver to poultry, live stock, rabbits and all kinds of pet stock. Makes healthier poultry that lay healthier eggs and builds the embryo of the egg to make stronger and healthier chicks. It builds the follicles that make beautiful feathers, hair and fur. It is a preventive of disease as well as a cure. An insecticide that destroys odors. 100 lb. bags, \$2.00; 1,000 lbs., \$15.00; Ton, \$25.00. Write us for special booklet.

### \*Hellebore

For the destruction of slugs, worms, caterpillars, etc. Loses its strength when exposed to the air a few days, making it safe to use when the vegetables or fruit are about ripe.

½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 60c, not prepaid.  
\*TOBACCO DUST—1 lb., 15c; 100 lbs., \$5.00.

### Volck

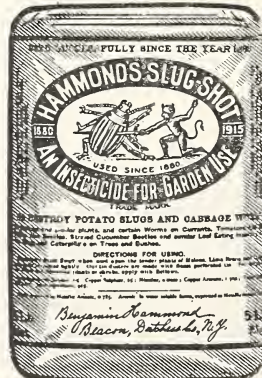
A spray for garden and nursery pests. Kill the bugs—not the plants

VOLCK is one of the most powerful insecticides known. To the grower of plants, however, the fact that it is also one of the safest, is of equal importance. Strength and safety make VOLCK the perfect insecticide for the grower of plants.

Among the many pests growers have to contend with are red spiders, mites, aphids (green fly) thrips, mealy bugs, scales, white flies, caterpillars, leaf rollers. Most every grower has experienced difficulty in the control of one or more of these pests. All of them are safely and effectively controlled with VOLCK. Not only does VOLCK kill the insects but it also acts as a repellent, keeping the plants free from re-infestation of the pests for a considerable time after spraying.

Prices: ½ pt., 55c; 1 pt., 80c; 1 qt., \$1.10; 1 gal., \$3.25; 5 gal., \$12.50. Write for free booklet.

### \*Hammond's Slug Shot



It kills potato bugs in all stages of growth, except in the eggs. It kills the black fleas on cabbages, turnips, beets, radishes, and egg plants. Apply by dusting over the plants. It kills the cabbage worm and also the currant and gooseberry worm, the aphid or green fly on roses and other flowers. Has prevented the ravages of the curculio and canker worm on fruit trees, has likewise been used around beans, melons, squashes,

etc., with great success. Keeps the striped bug from all vine crops.

**FOR SLUGS ON ROSES**—Slug Shot is a sure killer. Apply with dust sprayer after a dew or rain, on both under and upper side of leaf.

Price per 5 lbs., 60c; 25 lbs., \$3.00; 50 lbs., \$5.50; 100 lbs., \$10.00.

Cartons with perforated tops, 1 lb., Slug Shot in each, 25c; postage extra.

**\*SULPHUR**—For making Lime-Sulphur Spray, for mildew and plant mites. By mail postpaid, 5 lbs., 60c; 10 lbs., \$1.00. By express, not prepaid, 5 lbs., 50c; 10 lbs., 75c; 50 lbs., \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$5.00.

## DU PONT'S SEMESAN

### The Premier Seed Disinfectants

SEMESAN JR. SEMESAN BEL

In all package sizes

**Controls Diseases, Hastens Germination, Produces Sturdier Plants, Increases Crop Yields, Improves Quality**

**SEMESAN**—This modern disinfectant can be applied in either the liquid or convenient dust form to prevent or control effectively a most diversified variety of parasitic diseases and fungoid growths borne by seeds, seed pieces, plants, grafts and soils. Semesan is harmless to seed and plant life but extremely poisonous to disease and fungous organisms. It generally also hastens germination, produces sturdier plants, promotes earlier maturity and increases both the quantity and quality of crop yields.

**SEMESAN JR.**—A less expensive but equally effective form of Semesan for the dry dust disinfection of both field and sweet corn seeds against the ear, root and stalk rots. Under Government-conducted field tests, with *Diplodia* and *Gibberella* infected seeds, Semesan Jr. successfully prevented or controlled these diseases and at the same time increased the yields from 10 to over 40%.

**SEMESAN BEL**—Applied to whole or cut seed potatoes, either as a dry powder or a white-wash-like water mixture, Semesan Bel will prevent or control the common seed-borne potato diseases. In widely separated potato-growing sections it has caused quicker sprouting, earlier maturity and greater yields.

#### Opinions of Experienced Users

Semesan is recognized by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and the Green Section of the U. S. Golf Association as the best fungicide for preventing and curing both large and small "Brown Patch" of grasses.

In Southern Idaho, Semesan-treated beans, with their 20 to 40% increased yields, so convinced prominent growers that they unite in saying they: "will always use Semesan for treating bean seeds, as well as their other crops."

Florists write us such tributes as: "We used Semesan on poinsettia cuttings last summer with excellent results"; and "My Semesan-treated aster seeds gave an almost perfect stand as nearly every seed germinated."

The U. S. Department of Agriculture's Circular No. 376 recommends treatments with Semesan as the most successful means known for preventing and controlling the "Crown Gall" disease of apple grafts.

The U. S. Department of Agriculture, in collaboration with the Illinois and Iowa State Experiment Stations, demonstrated that Semesan Jr. was a most effective dust disinfectant for controlling the diseases and increasing the yields obtained from infected field and sweet corn seeds.

The Idaho Agricultural Experiment Station reported that Semesan Bel: "when applied to the uncut presprinkled tubers (potatoes) at the rate of three ounces to the bushel gave better control under field conditions than any other treatment tested."

#### Prices for Du Pont Semesan

2 ozs. . . . .	\$ 0.50	25 lbs. . . . .	\$ 62.50
8 ozs. . . . .	1.60	50 lbs. . . . .	122.50
1 lb. . . . .	2.75	100 lbs. . . . .	240.00
5 lbs. . . . .	13.00	350 lbs. . . . .	822.50

#### Semesan Jr. and Semesan Bel

1 lb. . . . .	\$ 1.75
5 lbs. . . . .	8.00
25 lbs. . . . .	37.50
100 lbs. . . . .	140.00

Semesan Disinfectants make good seeds grow better—send for free booklets.

## FERTILIZERS

For Lawn, Garden, Field and House Plants. A Necessity to All Growing Plants



### Sheep Manure

Analysis: Ammonia, 2.50 per cent; Phosphoric Acid, 1.50 per cent; Potash, 1.50 per cent.

This is a splendid, complete fertilizer. It is excellent for general use either alone or in combination with other special purpose fertilizers. Having been kiln dried, there is little danger from weed seeds. It can be used freely as it is not likely to burn anything. Part of it is very soluble so its effects are usually apparent soon after the application and for a long time afterwards. It is carefully selected, dried, pulverized and screened.

**FOR LAWNS**—It should be applied by sprinkling lightly over the grass, in the Spring and up to July 15th. It requires no raking in. The color is not conspicuous and there is no objectionable odor. This will nourish the grass, act as a mulch, and tend to prevent the lawn from burning in hot weather. Use 50 lbs. per 1000 square feet or 25 lbs. with 25 lbs. of bone meal. See note on bone meal.

**FOR THE GARDEN**—After the crop has been harvested in the Fall, the garden should be given a good coating of Sheep Manure. In the Spring put on another light coat and turn it under, or sow lightly in the rows.

**FOR TRUCK GARDENS**—Sheep Manure is a good fertilizer for the truck garden, producing better and earlier crops of onions, celery and other vegetables.

Price, 5 lbs., 35c; 10 lbs., 60c; 25 lbs., 90c; 50 lbs., \$1.50; 100 lbs., \$2.25; 1000 lbs., \$20.00; 2000 lbs., \$35.00.

**NITRATE OF SODA** is not a substitute for Manures, but we recommend it as the cheapest and best form in which to apply Nitrogen to plants. Gardeners who are using farm manure should continue to use it, but use Nitrate of Soda in addition to their fertilizers. If your object is to grow maximum crops you must furnish the plant with Nitrogen.

#### HOW TO USE NITRATE OF SODA

Remove the lumps before using and break them up, which can be done by pounding. Use as a top-dressing at the rate of 100 lbs. per acre on the following vegetables, when plants are well established: Beets, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cucumbers, Celery, Egg Plant, Lettuce, Spinach, Onions.

For Asparagus, a top-dressing of 250 lbs. per acre just as soon as the first shoots make their appearance. For Strawberries, a top-dressing of about 100 lbs. per acre after the plants have blossomed.

For the Home Garden apply as a solution one ounce to two gallons of water.

Price (subject to market changes), 5 lbs., 60c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; 25 lbs., \$1.90; 50 lbs., \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$5.50; 500 lbs., \$25.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.

**SULPHATE OF AMMONIA**—Used for its Nitrogen. A very desirable fertilizer for all plants in which a large leaf development or rapid growth is desired. Use 1 pound to 50 square feet of ground or bench, or a tablespoonful to a bushel of soil, or 3 gallons of water.

Price, 25 lbs., \$2.15; 50 lbs., \$3.80; 100 lbs., \$6.00.



## FERTILIZERS—Continued

### *Highgrade Acid Phosphate*

**GUARANTEED ANALYSIS**—Available Phosphoric acid 16.00 per cent.

Valuable for Winter Wheat, Rye, Barley, Clover, Alfalfa, Field Beans, Field Peas and all crops needing available phosphoric acid. Should be sown broadcast at a rate not to exceed 500 lbs. to the acre. Acid phosphate added to stall manure is the most effective fertilizer known. While greater crops may be grown with large amounts of commercial fertilizers, the greatest economical returns and even yields come from phosphated manure. This new fertilizer is made by simply adding about 40 pounds of acid phosphate to a load of manure. Bag, 100 lbs., \$2.00; ton, \$32.00.

### *Phosphated Manure*

#### ANALYSIS

Nitrogen. . . . .	.82%	Phosphoric Acid Available. . . . .	9.00%
Equals Ammonia. . . . .	1.00%	Potash. . . . .	1.00%

**WIZARD BRAND PHOSPHATED MANURE** is a combination of high quality Acid Phosphate and specially prepared Stock Yards Manures dried and sterilized by a direct heat process, screened and uniformly ground or pulverized. There is not a pound of filler or make weight stuff in Wizard Brand. It drills nicely and makes a big crop because it's a common-sense, honest fertilizer that gives the soil what it needs to make things grow.

200 to 300 lbs. per acre for corn, wheat and oats, broadcasted and harrowed in before planting. 400 lbs. per acre on vegetables and melons give the maximum results. The fertilizer should not come in direct contact with the seed and should be well mixed with soil by the use of the harrow or cultivator before planting.

100 lb. bags. . . . .	\$ 2.25	1000 lbs for. . . . .	\$18.00
500 lbs. for. . . . .	10.00	2000 lbs. for. . . . .	34.00

**LIME HYDRATED (For Lawns)**—Used to neutralize the soil if sour or acid, especially where the top soil is a heavy clay. On the majority of lawns a 100 lb. sack will cover approximately 800 square feet. On lawns with a very heavy clay top soil 100 lbs. to every 600 square feet can be applied. The same conditions rule in treating the vegetable garden. Land thus limed retains its sweetness for a period of two to three years.

**Price, put up in 50 lb. bags, \$1.25; 100 lbs. for \$2.15; 500 lbs. for \$10.00.**

**BLOOD (Dried)**—Excellent for indoor culture of flowering plants, such as carnations, roses, etc. Its chief element is nitrogen. 100 lbs., \$6.00.

**LAND PLASTER**—Land Plaster has the property of combining with the potash in the soil and making it available as plant food. It should be mixed with all stable and barnyard manures, as it combines with the ammonia that might otherwise be lost, and "fixes" it in the form of sulphate of ammonia, in which form it is taken up by the plant as needed.

**Bag of 100 lbs., \$1.75; 500 lb. lots at \$1.40 per 100.**

### *Steamed Bone Meal*

**ANALYSIS:** Ammonia, 5%; Phosphoric Acid (from bone), 22%.

This is finely ground and of first quality; it starts to decompose quickly and continues for a long period its improvement in the soil fertility; it is less likely than other fertilizers to leach or waste. With bone there is no danger of burning the plants. Use 3 to 5 pounds of bone meal for each tree and vine when setting it out, working it around the roots.

**LAWNS**—For new lawns, use 500 lbs. of bone meal with a ton of sheep manure per acre. This should be plowed under or spaded in, several weeks before sowing the seed. Old lawns, top dress very early in Spring with sheep manure and bone meal mixture, at 2200 lbs. per acre or 50 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft.

**ROSES AND FLOWERING PLANTS**—One of the most useful forms from which to furnish both Nitrogen and Phosphoric Acid in slowly available forms. A good mixture for both the field and prepared soils is four parts of ground bone and one of muriate of potash, applied at the rate of four pounds per square rod, and preferably worked into the soil previous to setting the plants; a second application may be made in the Fall at the same rate. For pot plants use one part bone meal to 50 of soil.

**Prices:** 125 lb. sacks, \$3.75; 500 lbs., \$12.50; 1000 lbs., \$26.00; per ton, \$46.00

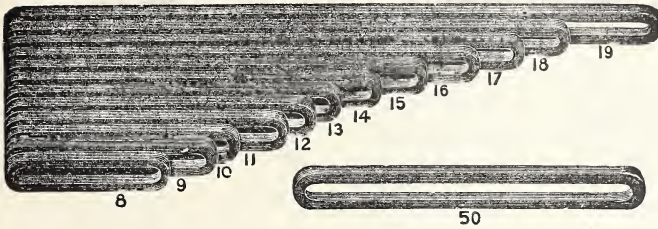
### *Odorless—Lawn Life—Non-poisonous*

Makes a better stand of better colored Blue Grass, with more and stronger roots. Gives Flowers and Shrubbery better color, and better colored blooms that last longer. Can be used at any time of year. Reduces water requirements and is a freer of weeds. 100 lb. bags, \$4.50. Write us for special booklet.

### *Odorless—Soil Life—Non-poisonous*

Aids germination, reduces disease and increases yield. Gives results in any soil to anything that grows and will not burn the plant or soil. Releases the food elements in the soil and feeds the roots. Produces better yields with better flavors that mature earlier. It a fungicide and corrects toxic conditions in the soil. Is an insecticide, dry sulphur calcium spray 99½% pure. Makes manure and turn-under crops far more valuable as a fertilizer. Sulphur inoculate your potato seed after cutting with Soil Life. 100 lb. bags, \$2.00; 1,000 lbs., \$15.00; Ton, \$25.00. Write us for special booklet.

# FLORISTS' AND MISCELLANEOUS SUPPLIES



## Rubber Bands

Cheaper and far more handy than twine for Asparagus. No. 8 about 7,000 in lb. Right size for Asparagus—1 lb., \$1.35. **COTTON TWINE**—4-ply, in balls, packed 5 lbs. in a package. For tying vegetables. Per 5-lb. pkg., each \$2.25. **JUTE TWINE**—For sewing sacks; also used for tying grape vines. Per skein, 25c each. **BLUE GRASS STRIPPERS**—Hand strippers that do the blue grass to warrant the ex-

work successfully and are just the thing where there is not enough pence of using a power machine. Each, \$2.00.



**GARDEN TROWEL**—Forged Steel—Made of one piece of steel; they are strong and stout. For market gardeners' use they are the very best trowels. Price, 5-inch, 60c; 7-inch, 70c.

## Dibbers or Dibbles



All iron, hollow, light, of the proper size, shape and "hang" for transplanting celery, cabbage, tobacco, etc.; polished blade, japanned handle; length, 9 1/4 inches; each, 60c.

## Asparagus Knives

These are forged from 7/16 round steel, well hardened and tempered to stand rough usage. Finished with blue enamel, front part of blade nicely polished. Used also as a weeder and dandelion digger. Each, 60c.

## Watering Cans

(Wotherspoon)

They are made of heavy galvanized iron, and are equipped with extra long spouts, and with each pot, one coarse and one fine rose, made of high grade copper.

These pots are all hand made by expert workmen, and are the only ones on the market suitable for florists' or greenhouse use.

**American Style**—6 qt., \$4.50; 8 qt., \$5.00.

**French Style**—Oval, otherwise same make as above. 6 qt., \$5.00; 8 qt., \$5.50.

## Japanese Plant Stakes

PAINTED GREEN

Size 1 1/2 feet, per thousand.....\$ 4.50  
Size 2 feet, per thousand..... 6.00  
Size 3 feet, per thousand..... 8.00  
Size 4 feet, per thousand..... 11.00  
Cane Stakes—6 to 8 feet, per thousand.... 12.50

**MATCH STICKS**—Pointed, heavy, hardwood sticks dyed green. 12 inch, 1,000, \$2.50; 18 inch, 1,000, \$3.50.

**REDDICK MOLE TRAP**—If you are bothered with moles you should purchase one of these traps. It is undoubtedly the best trap made and no mole can pass under it and live. Each, by express, \$1.25. Wt., 2 lbs.

## NEPONSET WATERPROOF PAPER FLOWER POT



These pots are nested and packed in cases of 1,000 each except 4, 5, and 6 inch sizes, which are put up in cases of 500 each. Six at dozen rate, 50 at 100 rate.

	Doz	100	1000	Packed for Shipment in Cases, Weight
2 1/4 inch...	\$0.10	\$0.65	\$ 5.00	1,000 Pots, 12 lbs.
2 1/2 inch...	.10	.75	5.75	1,000 Pots, 16 lbs.
3 inch...	.15	1.00	8.00	1,000 Pots, 24 lbs.
3 1/2 inch...	.20	1.25	11.00	1,000 Pots, 34 lbs.
4 inch...	.35	2.25	20.00	500 Pots, 23 lbs.
5 inch...	.45	3.00	25.00	500 Pots, 37 lbs.
6 inch...				500 Pots, 51 lbs.

## Garden Spading Forks



**SPADING FORK—THREE TINE**

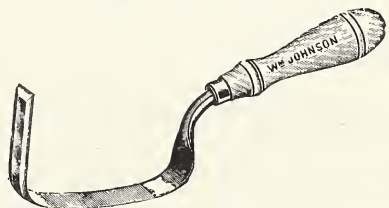
These forks are well made, the tines are polished about half-way and adjoining part enameled blue. Polished hardwood handle with brass ferrule. Each, 50c.

## Three-Cornered Onion Weeder



A popular tool for weeding among onions, and other rowed crops. Each, 50c.

## Hand Weeder



In general use. Blade solid steel, tempered, 3/4 inch wide and 1/4 inch thick, sharpened on all edges. Each, 50c.



## FLORISTS' AND MISCELLANEOUS SUPPLIES —Continued

### Bull Dog Paper Clip

**THE FLORISTS' RELIABLE CLIP**—Grips from both sides—never becomes unfastened. Adds tone and security to package; does away with use of twine or pins. Saves its cost in time and labor many times over.

Packed in boxes of 1,000, 90c, Postpaid.

### Labels—Pot and Tree

#### FIVE PER CENT DISCOUNT ON 10,000 LOTS

POT LABELS	Plain	Painted
Wooden, 5/8-inch wide	Per 1000	Per 1000
4-inch. . . . .	\$1.30	\$ 1.50
5-inch. . . . .	1.75	2.10
6-inch. . . . .	2.10	2.50
10-inch. . . . .	6.50	7.50
12-inch. . . . .	8.75	10.00

Garden Stakes—Wooden, 7/8-inch wide	100	1,000
8-inch. . . . .	\$1.00	\$ 9.00
10-inch. . . . .	1.50	12.00
12-inch. . . . .	2.00	15.00

**Tree Labels**—Wooden, 3 1/2 inches, notched and copper-wired, per 1,000, \$2.25.



5140



5430



5981

### Hot-House Thermometers

If wanted by mail, add 10c for postage.

**No. 5140**—8 in. highly polished, wood back thermometer, with rounded edges, white filled graduations, nickel trimmings. Magnifying red mercury tubes graduated approximately minus 30 to 120° F.

Each. . . . . \$0.75

**No. 5430**—8 in. Coppered Case Thermometer, red mercury, graduated from minus 30 to plus 120° F., black oxidized scale, white figures and graduations, each in a box, standard quality.

Each. . . . . \$1.00

**No. 5981**—16 in. Soil Thermometer, hard wood frame, oxidized brass scale, mercurial filled tubes, graduated approximately 20 to 180° F., with improved mercury filled, strong metal turned point, making good contact with soil and thermometer bulb, standard quality.

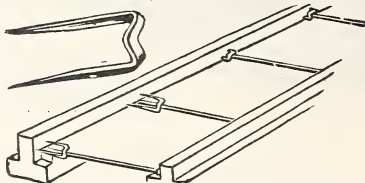
Each. . . . . \$2.25

### Basket Making Material

**RAFFIA**—The inner skin of a palm found in Madagascar. Raffia is very strong and tough, but soft and flexible, which fact makes it the only practical article for weaving into fancy baskets, boxes and mats. In its natural color it is a light straw. The natural Raffia is also used for tying up plants in field or greenhouse. 1 lb., 30c.

### Peerless Glazing Points Galvanized

ONCE USED, ALWAYS USED!



The Peerless Glazing Point is the only perfect Point known. The latest improvement is that both points are beveled on top and will hug close to glass when driven. Two sizes; No. 2, for medium double thick glass; No. 2 1/2, for large double thick and skylight glass.

Price per 1,000, 80c; postpaid, 85c; 5,000, \$3.50, postpaid.



**GLAZING POINTS, Zinc City**—These Points can be driven right or left on any size or thickness of glass. The offset head makes them easy to drive or extract, and absolutely prevents glass from slipping. Made from pure zinc. Put up in one-pound packages, 3/4-inch, 1,300 to lb., 7/8-inch, 1,200 to lb. Lb., 50c; 10 lbs., \$4.75, postpaid.

### Rubber Putty Bulb

The best for applying liquid putty and white lead when glazing and repairing sash and greenhouses. Price, \$1.35. (Mail weight, 1 lb.)

### Scolly's Famous Florists' Sprinkler

None better for floral work. Beware of cheap imitations. Made of best quality of rubber and will outwear any other Sprinkler in the markets. Large size, plain top. No. 1, 6 inches high. Each, \$1.35.

### Rubber Hose Electric Non-Kinkable Guaranteed Hose

A brand of hose manufactured especially for greenhouse use. The inner tube is made of best quality rubber, very strong; the jacket of canvas or duck is mixed in such a way with the outer cover that it is extremely pliable and will not kink or crack. Order exact number of feet you require. We can cut in any length.

**Guarantee**—We guarantee Electric Hose against all defects in quality or workmanship for the period of one year. This guarantee does not cover improper handling or abuse. We are headquarters and can meet competition.

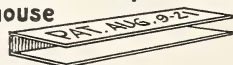
Price 3/4 inch; couplings free; sample mailed free if desired.

1 to 24 feet. . . . .	per ft. 25c
25 to 49 feet. . . . .	per ft. 24c
50 to 99 feet. . . . .	per ft. 23c
100 to 400 feet. . . . .	per ft. 22c

In bales of 500 ft., 21c ft.

**HOSE MENDERS (Perfect Clincher)**—Has brass tube with galvanized steel clamps. Comes in three sizes, 1/2-inch, 3/4-inch and 1-inch at \$1.50 per doz.

### Peerless Glass Repair Clamp For Greenhouse Roof



Simple device for repairing broken greenhouse glass. Easily adjusted from inside of house—saves labor, coal and glass. If applied as soon as crack is noticed, the pane is as strong as before and will not sag or drop out.

Price, per box of 100 Clamps, \$1.35; postpaid, \$1.45.

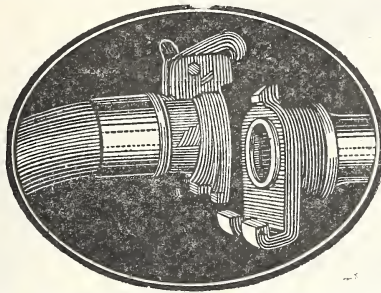
# FLORISTS' AND MISCELLANEOUS SUPPLIES

## -Continued

# THE AMERICAN QUICK COUPLING

**ON, or OFF—Quick**

A Non-Screw Hose  
Coupling Device  
For Faucet, Nozzle  
and Inter-Hose Con-  
nection.



**ON, or OFF—Quick**

There is No Twisting  
of the Hose When  
You Use the  
Quick Coupling.

**HOW IT WORKS!**—Screw the male or trigger part of the coupling into the swivel on your hose, and the female or faucet part onto the faucet. Leave both parts permanently in this position. SEE ILLUSTRATION!

**TO COUPLE**—To couple hose to faucet drop the base of trigger part into the curved base rest of faucet part, raising the hose upward at the same time. The coupling automatically snaps into place. The connection is made instantly by a single movement.

**TO UNCOUPLE**—Raise the hose upward and unsnap trigger with the thumb. It will uncouple instantly with a single movement.

STANDARD SIZE } Hydrant Connection. . . . .	60c Each	\$ 6.75 Dozen
3/4-INCH } Hose Connection. . . . .	90c Each	\$10.00 Dozen

## SPRAY CALENDAR

### INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES

Insure Your Garden and Orchard Against Bugs

#### FOR DORMANT SPRAY

(For control of San Jose Scale.)

Use LIME SULPHUR—One gallon to ten gallons of water.

#### FOR FIRST SUMMER SPRAY

(Just before blossoms open.)

Use one gallon of Lime Sulphur to 40 gallons of water. Add 3 pounds of Arsenate of Lead paste for each 50 gallons of this solution. If powdered Arsenate of Lead is used, use one and one-half pounds to 50 gallons of solution.

#### FOR SECOND SUMMER SPRAY

(Just as soon as petals fall.)

Same as first summer spray. It is also advisable to add 1/2 pint of "Black Leaf 40" to each 50 gallons of above solution for apple scab, codling moth, aphids, etc.

#### FOR FOURTH SPRAY

(About July 1st.)

Use 1 gallon Bordeaux mixture and 3 pounds Arsenate of Lead to 50 gallons of solution.

For all kinds of plant lice, use "Black Leaf 40."

### Arsenate of Lead, Dry Powdered Form

The Perfect Insecticide. An effective insecticide for leaf-eating insects and particularly suitable for very tender foliage. Due to the light, fluffy character of this material and its adhesive qualities, it insures quick and effective control. Under favorable conditions will not injure the foliage. Can be used on Apple, Pear, Peach and Plum trees, Potatoes, Corn and Vegetables of all kinds that may be attacked by leaf-eating insects.

#### Bordeaux Mixture

Dry Powdered Form

#### FUNGICIDE

#### ANALYSIS

Combined in Copper. . . . .	14.0%
Equivalent to Metallic Copper or Copper Oxide. . . . .	89.0%
Inert Ingredients. . . . .	11.0%

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

**To Control Scale and Blight**—For all Fungous diseases. The best Fungicide for curing or preventing Black Rot, Mildew, Blight, Leaf Curl, Scab or other Fungous diseases on fruit and plants, is used dry.

For Potatoes, dust without reduction, 4 to 5 pounds per acre (according to size of vines).

For Fruit Trees, dust after reducing one pound of DRY BORDEAUX with 20 lbs. of lime dust.

**For Spray:** To make the equivalent of 4-4-50 mixture, use eight pounds of DRY BORDEAUX MIXTURE to 50 gallons of water. For 5-5-50 mixture, use 10 pounds to fifty gallons of water.

### Lime and Sulphur Powdered

Mixes with water—becomes a liquid testing the same as standard solutions. It is claimed that the brand we carry is the only powdered form that is exactly the same as standard liquid solutions and can with safety to the tree be used in combination with an arsenate as a summer spray without the disadvantage of bulk weight, leakage, etc. Dissolve 10 lbs. to 50 gallons of water.

**LIME SULPHUR SOLUTION**—A perfect scale and fungus destroyer; special for plum and peach trees, which need fall and spring treatment; cures peach leaf curl. Use during dormant period. Protect the hands with gloves when applying. Dilute with ten parts of water.

### Pure Paris Green

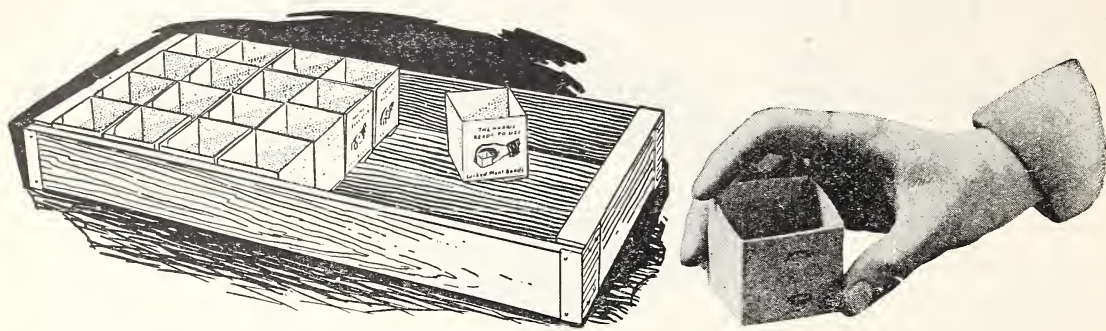
#### ANALYSIS

Arsenious Oxide, combined with Copper, not less than. . . . .	50.0%
Water Soluble Arsenic, not more than. . . . .	3.5%

The Old Reliable and strong, effective poison for Potato Bugs, Tobacco and other leaf-eating insects. Can be applied either dry or in a solution of water. DEVOE—the strongest and brightest Paris Green on the market.



## THE HARRIS READY-TO-USE LOCKED PLANT BANDS



### PAPER PLANT BANDS

A square band has twice the root room of the old style round pot, giving a better chance for the plants to develop, still occupying less room in your frames. The ready-to-use feature of "Harris Plant Bands" has made them a decided success. The simplest way to handle plants for transplanting is to put them in plant bands or pots when very small. You get a fine strong plant that will mature ahead of those not so treated by several days or even weeks. Have the earliest vegetables by using these bands. The bands have no bottom. Set bands in a flat or shallow box, fill with good soil. Set one plant in each and you will be more than pleased.

No.	Size	Depth	Number in Case	One Case	Less Than Case Lots per 1000	Pkg. 250 Prepaid in U. S. A.
1½ B.....	1½ x 1½	2½	6000	\$14.00	\$2.75	\$1.10
2B.....	2x2	2½	5000	12.00	2.90	1.40
3B.....	3x3	3	2500	9.00	4.25	1.65
4B.....	4x4	3	2000	8.50	5.00	2.25

All bands packed 250 to a carton. Less than case lots at the 1,000 rate. 500 or less at the prepaid package rate. We do not sell less than 250 of any size.

## VITAPLASTIC GLAZING COMPOUND

This material is composed of asphalt gums and oils, especially treated, and into these gums and oils, after they have been treated, so as to last for years when exposed to the weather, we weave long staple asbestos fibre so as to give the material a "backbone." Just as concrete is reinforced with steel bars, so is Vitaplastic reinforced with this long staple asbestos fibre.

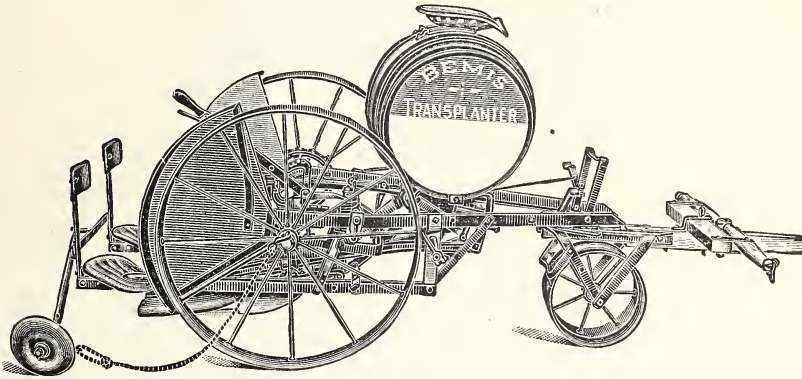
After careful investigation we find that Vitaplastic Greenhouse Cement is an article of sincere merit. We have made inquiry from the greenhouse growers who advise us that VITA-PLASTIC is a pliable putty and remains in an elastic condition so that when expansion comes in the greenhouse, as it always does, this compound expands and contracts with every movement of your house. We guarantee that it will remain in a pliable condition and will not crack or peel off. It does not get hard and yet it absolutely makes a job that is water tight and weather proof. It is easily removed from the sash bars which prevents a breakage of glass compared to most putties that adhere so closely. We guarantee that Vitaplastic will remain soft and pliable for years. It is easily applied as it is strained three separate and distinct times by means of a special straining machinery. For this reason all of the lumps are taken from the material and the result is a smooth, easy glazing job that cannot be secured by use of any other glazing material that we know of. We are pleased to quote the following prices:

1 gal. cans, at \$2.00 per gallon.....	} Black Only
5 gal. cans at \$1.75 per gallon.....	
10 gal. cans at \$1.70 per gallon.....	
20 gal. cans at \$1.65 per gallon.....	

These prices f. o. b. Kansas City, Mo., excepting on 20 gallons or more, from which you may deduct freight charges from your invoice.

## BEMIS TRANSPLANTER (Regular)

Especially adapted to the planting of tobacco plants, but can be used with equally good results in planting vegetables or other plants on level ground.



THE FIRST SUCCESSFUL TRANSPLANTER ON THE MARKET  
THIRTY YEARS OF CONTINUED SUCCESS  
SATISFIED CUSTOMERS WHEREVER USED  
YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO EXPERIMENT

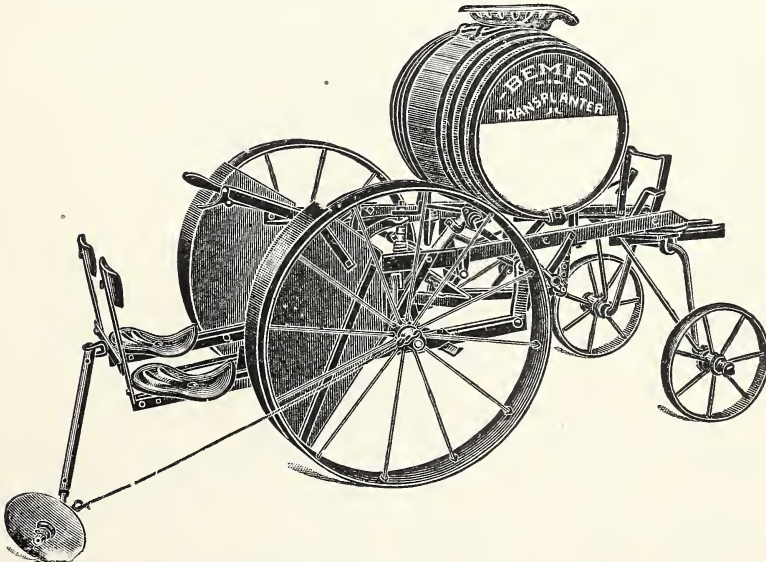
IT SETS PLANTS WHEN THEY ARE READY, NO MATTER HOW DRY THE GROUND IS

Sets tobacco, cabbages, sweet potatoes, tomatoes, strawberries, celery, nursery slips, etc., better than can be done by hand.

When the plants are set out by the Bemis the roots are not doubled up as is apt to be the case when set by hand. Consequently the plants start growing quicker, thrive better and a better yield is secured. The Bemis is simple in construction; no intricate parts to wear out; will last a lifetime.

Furnished With Either Pressure Plates or Pressure Rollers  
Price \$90.00, Either Style Planter, F. O. B. Kansas City, Mo.  
Extra Pressure Plates, per pair.....\$6.50  
Extra Rollers, per pair..... 7.50

## BEMIS TRANSPLANTER (Special)



This style machine is used extensively by sweet potato growers and market gardeners, doing excellent work on either level ground or on ridges by making a slight adjustment which will not take to exceed five minutes' time.



# INDEX

Article	Page	Article	Page
Alfalfa. . . . .	41	Nico Dust. . . . .	54
Asparagus. . . . .	6	Nicotine Products. . . . .	55
Asparagus Roots. . . . .	6	Nitratin. . . . .	40
Beans. . . . .	6-7-8	Oats. . . . .	40
Beets. . . . .	8-9	Okra. . . . .	20
Bird Seed. . . . .	9	Onion Seed. . . . .	21
Brussels Sprout. . . . .	9	Onion Sets. . . . .	21
Broccoli. . . . .	9	Our Policy. . . . .	Inside Front Cover
Broom Corn. . . . .	44	Parcel Post. . . . .	Inside Front Cover
Buckwheat. . . . .	40	Parsley. . . . .	22
Bulbs. . . . .	37-38	Parsnips. . . . .	22
Cabbage. . . . .	10	Peanuts. . . . .	40
Cahoon's Hand Seed Sowers. . . . .	48	Peas. . . . .	23
Cane. . . . .	44	Peas, Field. . . . .	44
Cantaloupe. . . . .	18	Pepper. . . . .	22
Carrots. . . . .	11	Planet Jr. Tools. . . . .	49-50
Cauliflower. . . . .	11	Plant Bands. . . . .	62
Celery. . . . .	12	Plows. . . . .	51
Chicory. . . . .	12	Pop Corn. . . . .	14-47
Chives. . . . .	12	Potatoes. . . . .	47
Clovers. . . . .	42	Pumpkin. . . . .	24
Collards. . . . .	12	Picking Bags. . . . .	48
Corn, Sweet. . . . .	14	Pyrox. . . . .	55
Corn, Field. . . . .	45-46	Raffia. . . . .	60
Corn Salad. . . . .	12	Radish. . . . .	24-25
Cress or Pepper Grass. . . . .	12	Rape, Dwarf Essex. . . . .	43
Cucumbers. . . . .	13	Reference Table. . . . .	Inside Back Cover
Cyanogas. . . . .	55	Rhubarb. . . . .	26
Egg Plant. . . . .	15	Rhubarb Roots. . . . .	26
Endive. . . . .	15	Rutabagas. . . . .	29
Fertilizers. . . . .	57-58	Rye. . . . .	40
Feterita. . . . .	44	Rubber Bands. . . . .	59
Field Seed. . . . .	41-44	Sage. . . . .	29
Fish Oil Soap. . . . .	55	Salsify or Oyster Plant. . . . .	25
Flower Seeds. . . . .	30-38	Seeders, Hand. . . . .	48-49-50
Fruit Packages. . . . .	39	Semesan. . . . .	57
Florist Supplies. . . . .	59-60-61-62	Sorghum or Cane Seed. . . . .	44
Garden Tools. . . . .	49-50	Sorrel. . . . .	29
Garlic. . . . .	16	Specialty Pages. . . . .	2-3-4-5
Grafting Wax. . . . .	55	Spinach. . . . .	26
Grape Vines. . . . .	39	Sprayers. . . . .	52-53-54
Grass Seeds. . . . .	1 and 43	Sprayers, Dust. . . . .	52-54
Glazing Putty. . . . .	62	Spraying Material. . . . .	54-55-56
Harrows. . . . .	51	Spray Calendar. . . . .	61
Herbs, Sweet and Medicinal. . . . .	29	Squash or Cymbaling. . . . .	26
Horse Radish Roots. . . . .	16	Strawberries. . . . .	39
Implements. . . . .	49-50-51	Sudan Grass. . . . .	44
Insect Destroyers. . . . .	55-56	Sulpho Compound. . . . .	56
Kaffir Corn. . . . .	44	Sunflower. . . . .	40
Kale or Borecole. . . . .	16	Sweet Peas. . . . .	34
Kentucky Blue Grass. . . . .	1 and 43	Sweet Potatoes and Plants. . . . .	47
Kohl Rabi. . . . .	15	Terms. . . . .	Inside Front Cover
Lawn Grass. . . . .	1	Thermometers. . . . .	60
Leek. . . . .	16	Timothy. . . . .	43
Lettuce. . . . .	16-17	Tobacco. . . . .	28
Little Giant Seeders. . . . .	48	Tomato. . . . .	27-28
Millet. . . . .	44	Transplanters. . . . .	63
Milo Maize. . . . .	44	Tree Wrappers. . . . .	39
Miscellaneous Supplies. . . . .	59-60-61	Turnips. . . . .	29
Mole Trap. . . . .	59	Twine. . . . .	59
Mushroom Spawn. . . . .	20	Vetch, Sand. . . . .	44
Muskmelon. . . . .	18	Vines, Clematis. . . . .	38
Mustard. . . . .	20	Volck. . . . .	56
		Watermelons. . . . .	19

# The Planter's Guide

## TIME REQUIRED FOR MATURITY OF DIFFERENT GARDEN CROPS RECKONED FROM DAY OF PLANTING

Days		Days		Days	
Beans—String.	45 to 65	Corn.	70 to 120	Radish.	30 to 40
Beans—Shell.	65 to 75	Egg Plant.	150 to 160	Squash—Summer.	60 to 65
Beet—Table.	65	Lettuce—Heading.	65	Squash—Winter.	125
Beets—Stock.	100 to 120	Melon—Water.	120 to 140	Tomato.	150
Cabbage—Early.	105	Melon—Musk.	120 to 140	Turnip.	60 to 70
Cabbage—Late.	120	Onion.	135 to 150	Spinach, average.	45 to 65
Cauliflower.	110	Pepper.	140 to 150		

## AVERAGE AMOUNT OF GARDEN SEED AND NUMBER OF PLANTS FOR ONE ACRE

Asparagus plants, 4x1½ ft.	7790	Cucumbers in drills.	5 lbs.	Peas in drills, short varieties.	2 bu.
Beans, Bush, in drills, 2½ ft.	1½ bu.	Egg Plant, plants, 3x2 ft.	5 oz.	Peas in drills, tall varieties.	1 to 1½ bu.
Beans, Pole, Lima, 4x4 ft.	15 qts.	Endive in drills, 2½ ft.	4 lbs.	Potatoes.	10 bu.
Beets and Mangels, in drills, 2½ ft.	6 lbs.	Kale, German Greens.	5 lbs.	Radish, in drills, 2 ft.	6 lbs.
Cabbage sown in outdoor beds for transplanting.	8 oz.	Lettuce in rows, 2½ ft.	3 lbs.	Salsify, in drills, 2½ ft.	15 lbs.
Cabbage sown in frames	4 oz.	Leek in rows, 2½ ft.	4 lbs.	Spinach, broadcast.	30 lbs.
Carrot in drills, 2½ ft.	4 lbs.	Melon, Musk, in hills, 4x4 ft.	3 lbs.	Squash, Bush, in hills, 4x4 ft.	4 lbs.
Celery seed.	8 oz.	Melon, Water, in hills, 8x8 ft.	4 lbs.	Squash, Running, in hills, 8x8 ft.	3 lbs.
Celery plants, 4x½ ft.	20,000	Okra in drills, 2½x¼ ft.	8 lbs.	Turnip, in drills, 2 ft.	2 lbs.
Corn, Sugar.	8 qts.	Onions in rows for sets.	60 lbs.	Turnip, broadcast.	3 lbs.
Corn Salad in drills, 10 in., large seed.	25 lbs.	Onion in rows to make large bulbs.	4 lbs.	Tomato, in frame.	2 oz.
Cucumbers in hills, 3x4 ft.	2 lbs.	Parsnips in drills, 2½ ft.	10 lbs.	Tomato, seed in hills, 4x4 ft.	3 oz.
		Pepper Plants, 2½x1 ft.	17,500	Tomatoes, plants.	3,800
		Pumpkin in hills, 8x8 ft.	3 lbs.		
		Parsley in drills, 2 ft.	5 lbs.		

## QUANTITY OF SEED TO SOW A SINGLE ROW OF 100 YARDS

Asparagus.	8 oz.	Cress.	4 oz.	Onion (for sets).	8 oz.
Beans, Bush.	3 qts.	Cucumber.	4 oz.	Parsley.	2 oz.
Beans, Lima.	3 pts.	Dandelion.	3 oz.	Parsnip.	3 oz.
Beans, Pole.	3 pts.	Egg Plant.	1 oz.	Peas.	2 qts.
Beet.	5 oz.	Endive.	2 oz.	Pumpkin.	1 oz.
Broccoli.	1 oz.	Kohl Rabi.	2 oz.	Radish.	6 oz.
Brussels Sprouts.	1 oz.	Leek.	2 oz.	Rhubarb.	4 oz.
Cabbage.	2 oz.	Lettuce.	2 oz.	Salsify.	4 oz.
Carrot.	3 oz.	Melon, Musk.	2 oz.	Spinach.	6 oz.
Cauliflower.	2 oz.	Melon, Water.	3 oz.	Squash.	3 oz.
Celery.	3 oz.	Mustard.	4 oz.	Tomato.	1 oz.
Collards.	2 oz.	Okra.	2 oz.	Turnip.	3 oz.
Corn.	1 pt.	Onion (for large bulbs).	2 oz.		

## QUANTITY OF SEED REQUIRED FOR A GIVEN NUMBER OF PLANTS

Plants		Plants		Plants	
Asparagus.	1 oz. 800	Endive.	1 oz. 3,000	Thyme.	1 oz. 4,000
Cabbage.	1 oz. 4,000	Egg Plant.	1 oz. 2,000	Sage.	1 oz. 1,000
Cauliflower.	1 oz. 4,000	Lettuce.	1 oz. 3,000	Savory.	1 oz. 2,000
Celery.	1 oz. 15,000	Pepper.	1 oz. 1,000	Marjoram.	1 oz. 1,500
Leek.	1 oz. 1,500	Tomato.	1 oz. 3,000	Rhubarb.	1 oz. 500

## AMOUNT OF FIELD GRASS SEED NECESSARY FOR AN ACRE, AND NUMBER OF POUNDS TO BUSHEL

No. lbs. to bu.		No. lbs. to acre.		No. lbs. to bu.		No. lbs. to acre.	
Red Clover.	60	12 to 15		Hemp.	44	30 to 60	
White Dutch Clover.	60	5 to 8		Flax.	56	28 to 42	
Alfalfa.	60	20 to 30		Buckwheat.	52	25 to 50	
Alsike Clover.	60	5 to 8		English Blue Grass.	24	22 to 28	
Timothy.	45	10 to 15		Oats.	32	32 to 96	
Hungarian.	48	24 to 36		Barley.	48	65 to 96	
Millet.	50	25 to 50		Corn.	56	8 to 10	
Red Top.	14	10 to 15		Rye.	56	56 to 72	
Orchard Grass.	14	28 to 42		Wheat.	60	60 to 90	
Kentucky Blue Grass.	14	14 to 42		Sugar Cane.	50	6 to 8	
Johnson Grass.	25	25 to 30		Sugar Cane, broadcast.	50	50 to 75	
Mixed Lawn Grass.	14	40 to 70		Peas, Field.	60	90 to 120	

## NUMBER OF PLANTS TO THE ACRE AT GIVEN DISTANCES

Dis. apart		No. plants		Dis. apart		No. plants		Dis. apart		No. plants	
12x 1 in.	522,720	24x24 in.	10,890	36x36 in.	4,840	60x60 in.	1,743				
12x 3 in.	174,240	30x 1 in.	209,088	42x12 in.	12,446	8x 1 ft.	5,445				
12x12 in.	43,560	30x 6 in.	34,848	42x24 in.	6,223	8x 3 ft.	1,815				
16x 1 in.	392,040	30x12 in.	17,424	42x36 in.	4,148	8x 8 ft.	680				
18x 1 in.	348,480	30x16 in.	13,068	48x12 in.	10,890	10x 1 ft.	4,356				
18x 3 in.	116,160	30x20 in.	10,454	48x18 in.	7,790	10x 6 ft.	726				
18x12 in.	29,040	30x24 in.	8,712	48x24 in.	5,445	10x10 ft.	435				
18x18 in.	19,360	30x30 in.	6,970	48x30 in.	4,356	12x 1 ft.	3,630				
20x 1 in.	313,635	36x 3 in.	58,080	48x36 in.	3,630	12x 6 ft.	736				
20x20 in.	15,681	36x12 in.	14,520	48x48 in.	2,723	12x12 ft.	302				
24x 1 in.	261,360	36x18 in.	9,680	60x36 in.	2,901	16x 1 ft.	2,722				
24x18 in.	15,520	36x24 in.	7,260	60x48 in.	2,178	16x16 ft.	170				

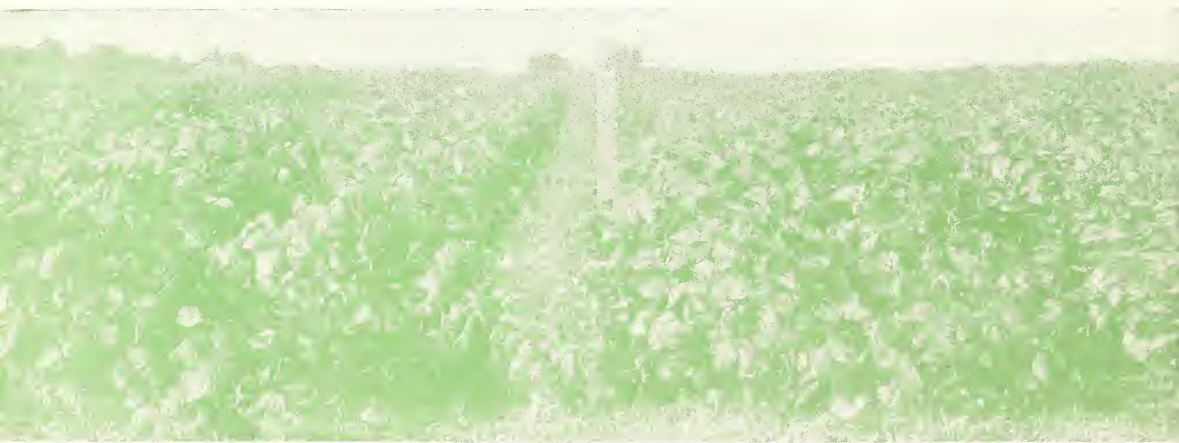




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SUDAN GRASS—THE WONDER OF THE AGE.



SOY BEANS—EVERYBODY'S CLOVER.

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BARLEY  
BROOM CORN  
SEED CORN  
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CANE  
BLUE GRASS  
FIELD PEAS  
FETERITA

KAFFIR CORN  
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OATS  
ORCHARD GRASS  
PEANUTS

RAPE  
RED TOP  
RYE  
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